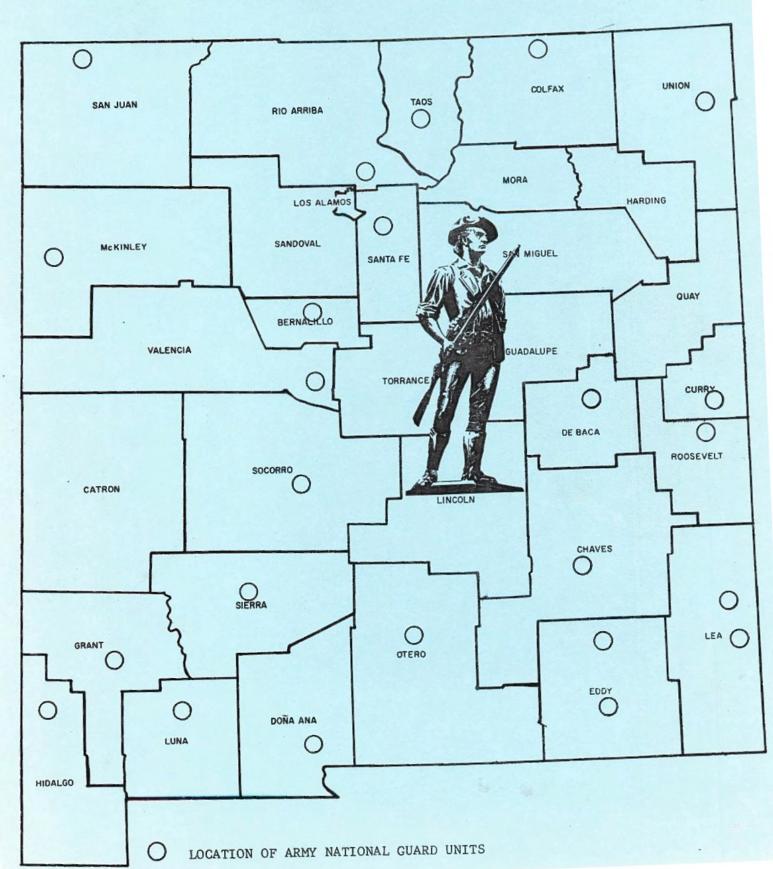
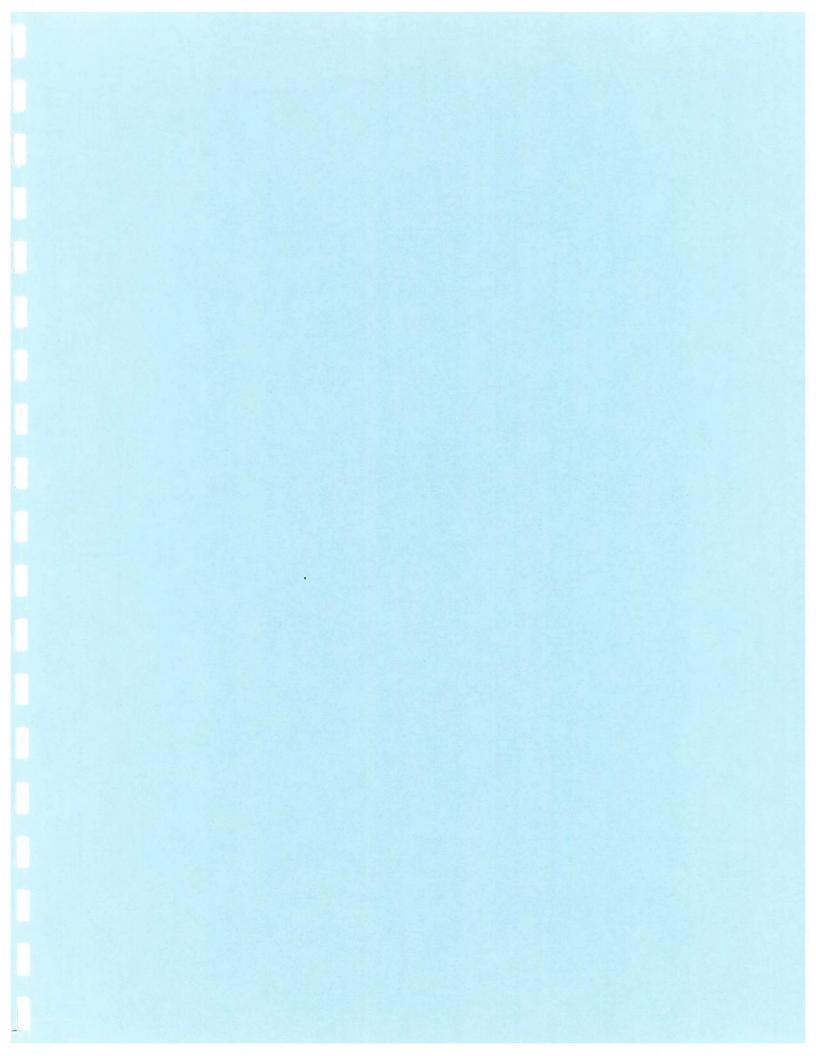
# **NEW MEXICO**

# Office of Military Affairs

Biennial Report 1979-1980







# STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF MILITARY AFFAIRS MILITARY DIVISION SANTA FE 87501

FRANKLIN E. MILES MAJOR GENERAL THE ADJUTANT GENERAL

NMAG

5 January 1981

Honorable Bruce King Governor of New Mexico and Commander-In-Chief New Mexico National Guard Santa Fe, New Mexico 87503

Sir:

The Biennial Report of the Office of Military Affairs for Fiscal Year 1979 and 1980 is respectfully submitted.

The report contains a summary of major activities of the New Mexico National Guard, Office of Civil Emergency Preparedness and the Veterans Approval Agency for the past two fiscal years.

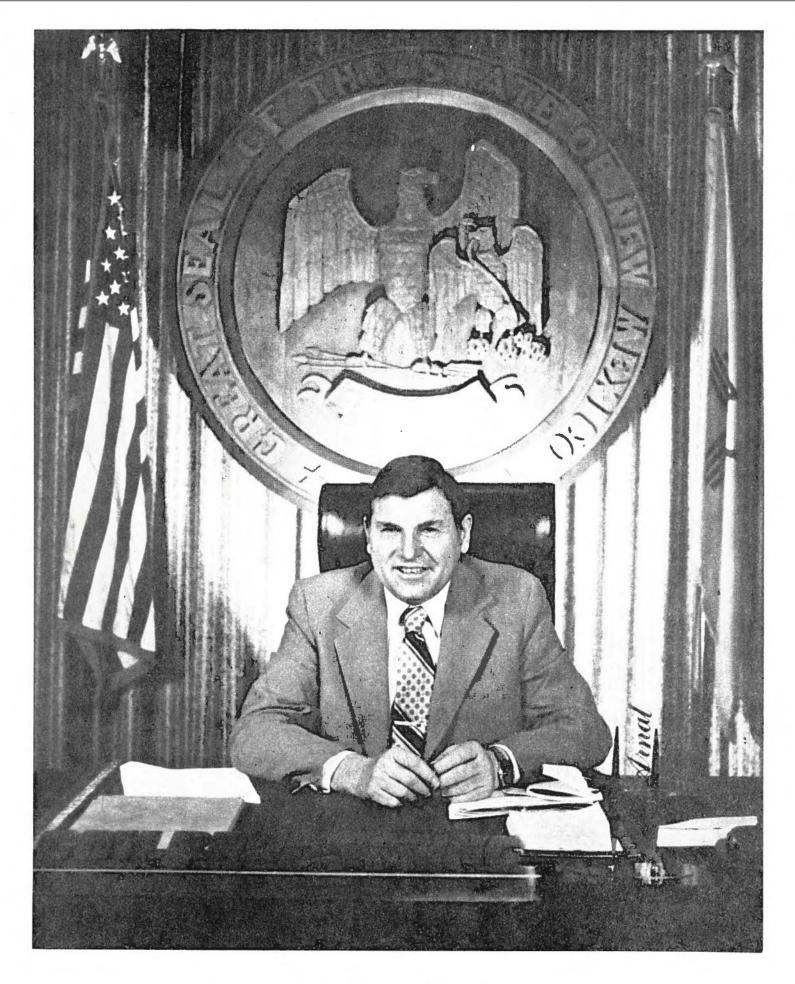
As the report reflects, we continue to accomplish our State and Federal missions in an excellent manner. Our significant achievements in the areas of personnel, recruiting, training, logistics and maintenance serve to stimulate us to set even higher standards of performance for the coming years.

We wish to express our thanks and appreciation to you and your administration for the support you have provided this office.

Respectfully yours.

FRANKLIN E. MILES Major General, NMARNG The Adjutant General

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HONORABLE BRUCE KING
Governor of New Mexico
and
Commander-In-Chief, New Mexico National Guard

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# ADJUTANTS GENERAL OF THE TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO

1861-1865	Charles P. Clever	1881-1883	Max Frost
1865-1867	John Gwyn	1883-1889	Edward L. Bartlett
1867-1868	Charles P. Clever	1889-1890	F. W. Wyncoop
1868	John T. Russell	1890-1893	Winfield S. Fletcher
1868	George W. Cook	1893-1897	G. W. Knaebel
1868-1870	James M. Wilson	1897-1898	H. B. Hersey
1870-1871	William L. Rynerson	1898-1905	William H. Whiteman
1871	Anastacio Sandoval	1905-1909	A. P. Tarkington
1871-1873	W. M. Giddings	1909-1910	Reuben A. Ford
1873-1880	Thomas S. Tucker	1910-1912	A. S. Brookes
1880-1881	J. Howe Watts		

# ADJUTANTS GENERAL OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO

	Name	State Rank I	Federally Recognized Rank
1913-1917 1917-1920 1921-1922 1923-1925 1925-1926 1927 1927-1931 1932-1934 1935-1944 1944-1946 1946-1957	Harry T. Herring James B. Baca Henry Rolf Brown John W. Skipwith Vincent Jaeger James Baca W. G. Haltusen Osborne C. Wood Russell C. Charlton Ray Andrews Charles G. Sage	Brigadier General Brigadier General Brigadier General Brigadier General Brigadier General Brigadier General Colonel Brigadier General Brigadier General Brigadier General Brigadier General	Colonel Colonel Colonel Colonel Colonel Colonel Colonel Colonel Colonel Mone Major General
1957-1958 1959-1974 1974	Emmanuel Schifani John P. Jolly Franklin E. Miles	Major General Major General Major General	Major General Major General Major General

UNIT DESIGNATION	LOCATION	COMMANDER
HHD, NMARNG	Santa Fe	MG Franklin E. Miles
Det Commander		CPT Theron Bond
USARNG CAC HQ	Santa Fe	COL William E. Fields
HHB, 111th ADA Bde	Albuquerque	BG Herbert T. Taylor
Btry Commander		CPT George M. Flattely
HHB, 1st Bn (AW)(SP)	Roswell	LTC Randle S. Easley
Btry Commander		CPT Daniel Gibson
Btry A, 1st Bn	Roswell	lLT Rodney L. Sanders
Btry B, 1st Bn	Carlsbad	CPT David B. Brown
Btry C, 1st Bn	Lovington	CPT Larry J. Cihacek
Det 1, Btry C, 1st Bn	Artesia	1LT Terry Hill
Btry D, 1st Bn	Hobbs	LT Peter M. Turner
HHB, 2nd Bn (AW)(SP)	Las Cruces	LTC Miguel Frietze, Jr
Btry Commander	ail ail	CPT Jimmy R. Gomez
Btry A, 2nd Bn	Silver City	CPT Karl C. Thompson
Det 1, Btry A, 2nd Bn	Lordsburg	lLT Victor M. Maestas
Btry B, 2nd Bn	Deming	CPT Joseph Torrez
Det 1, Btry B, 2nd Bn	T or C	2LT Stanley A. Bush CPT Ronald J. Sinclair
Btry C, 2nd Bn	Socorro	CPT Dana E. Carden
Btry D, 2nd Bn	Alamogordo	LTC Bert G. Barns
HHB, 3rd Bn (AW)(SP)	Albuquerque	lLT Mark Dow
Btry Commander	Albuquerque	CPT Michael A. Martin
Btry A, 3rd Bn	Belen	CPT Bernardo G. Iorio
Btry B, 3rd Bn Btry C, 3rd Bn	Gallup	CPT Thomas W. McGrane
Det 1, Btry C, 3rd Bn	Farmington	lLT Richard N. Arnold
Btry D, 3rd Bn	Albuquerque	CPT Jimmie M. McDonald
HHB, 4th Bn (AW)(SP)	Tucumcari	LTC Albert A. Bach
Btry Commander	racamearr	1LT Carlos A. Archibeque
Btry A, 4th Bn	Raton	CPT Marvin R. Fleming
Det 1, Btry A, 4th Bn	Clayton	2LT John M. Rudolph
Btry B, 4th Bn	Springer	CPT David Gallegos
Det 1, Btry B, 4th Bn	Taos	2LT Jose G. Cordova
Btry C, 4th Bn	Portales	CPT Mark T. Coleman
Btry D, 4th Bn	Clovis	CPT Bill L. Burkett
HHD, 515th Maint Bn	Santa Fe	LTC Bobby V. Carman
Det Commander		CPT Alfred M. Garcia, Jr
642nd Maint Co	Las Cruces	CPT Raymer W. Shaw
3631st Maint Co	Santa Fe	CPT Thomas J. Stetina
Det 1, 3631st Maint Co	Espanola	2LT Bonifacio I. Vasquez
720th Trans Co	Las Vegas	CPT Jose E. Aragon
110th Maint Det	Santa Fe	CW4 John H. Lloyd
390th Maint Det	Santa Fe	CW4 John G. Boydstun
136th PA Det	Santa Fe	MAJ Henry B. Boxberger
200th ADA Det	Las Cruces	2LT Douglas K. Fish
209th ADA Det	Fort Sumner	2LT Victoria M. Chavez
744th Med Det(Gen Disp)	Albuquerque	MAJ James F. Buckman
717th Med Det(Hel Amb)	Santa Fe	CPT George Faulhaber

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#### MISSION

#### NEW MEXICO NATIONAL GUARD

#### Federal

In time of national emergency, the federally-recognized units of the State military forces can be mobilized for active duty by the President of the United States. Their prime federal mission is to provide a reserve force that is trained, organized and equipped according to Department of Defense guidelines. The force must be capable of participating effectively in combined military operations with regular military forces of the United States.

#### State

In the event of natural disaster, civil disturbance or other emergency, the State military units are available to provide assistance to local authorities on order of the Governor. The State mission is to provide units organized, equipped and trained to function effectively in the protection of life and property and the preservation of peace, order and public safety under competent orders of Federal or State authorities.

### PERSONNEL/ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT DIVISION

- I. MISSION
- II. ORGANIZATION
- III. ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES SECTION

Enlisted Branch
Reports Branch
Publications Branch
Reproduction & Mail Services Branch

- IV. OFFICER PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT SECTION
- V. RECRUITING AND RETENTION SECTION
- VI. STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF PERSONNEL/ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT

#### I. MISSION

The mission of the Personnel/Administrative Support Division is to advise, assist, and support the Adjutant General in the areas of Military Personnel Management, Personnel Procurement, Records Management, Forms and Publications Management, Reports Control and Standardization, and Personnel and Administrative Training.

#### II. ORGANIZATION

The Personnel/Administrative Support Division is under the direct supervision of the Military Personnel Officer (GS-13), who is the principal advisor to the Adjutant General in the areas of Personnel and Administration. The Division is organized into three major sections, each possessing clearly dilineated areas of responsibility, and each under the control of a supervisory technician who reports directly to the Military Personnel Officer. The three major sections are the Administrative Services Section, the Officer Personnel Management Section and the Recruiting and Retention Section. A secretary is assigned to the division to provide clerical assistance to the Military Personnel Officer.

#### III. ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES SECTION

The Administrative Service Section is headed by the Chief of Administrative Services in the grade of GS-9. The section is further broken down into the Enlisted Branch, the Reports Branch, Publications Branch, and the Reproduction/Mail Service Branch.

The Enlisted Branch consists of the Military Personnel Technician (GS-7), who is the branch chief and two Personnel Clerks who assist him in the area of Enlisted Personnel Management.

The Reports Branch consists of the Reports Clerk (AS), who is the Branch Chief and of an Orders Clerk who assists in the area of recordkeeping and reporting.

The Publications Branch is staffed by a full-time Publications Officer (GS-7) who is the principle advisor to the Military Personnel Officer in the area of publications.

The Reproduction/Mail Services Branch is headed by the Printer/Supervisor and is staffed by two Offset Press Operators. The Printer/Supervisor is the principle advisor to the Military Personnel Officer in the area of reproduction and mail services.

#### Mission

The mission of the Administrative Services Section is to assist the Military Personnel Officer in the areas of Enlisted Personnel Management, Personnel Recordkeeping, Reports Control and Standardization, Files Management, SIDPERS, authentication, preparation, publication, and distribution of all orders as required by the Adjutant General; provide publications support to all units of the New Mexico Army National Guard and technical advise and assistance in this area to the Military Personnel Officer; provide reproduction services and the dissemination of these items to all units and activities. It also provides correspondence management, including quantity and quality control as well as postal services for the Office of Military Affairs.

#### Enlisted Branch

The Enlisted Branch is responsible for assignment and reassignment, promotions and reductions, evaluations, separations, decorations and awards, and the maintenance of enlisted personnel records. In addition, the branch is tasked with the custody and maintenance of all administrative files and records of the Office of Military Affairs, dating back to the Territorial Militia of 1860.

#### Reports Branch

The Reports Branch is responsible for Reports Control and Standardization services, SIDPERS, Files Management to include initiation, storage, and disposition. In addition, the branch prepares, authenticates, publishes and distributes all Orders pertaining to members of the New Mexico Army National Guard.

The Administrative Services Section has established and maintains an Automated Data Personnel System for both Officers and Enlisted personnel. Four punch cards are maintained for each officer and three for each enlisted person in the New Mexico Army National Guard. Each card contains basic data for each individual.

This system provides readily accessible information on personnel statistics, personnel accountability and strength, and other information required by higher headquarters on a timely basis. It also serves to provide unit commanders with accurate and immediately available personnel information necessary for effective and efficient personnel utilization and management programs at subordinate command levels.

The positive effects of this automated administrative system have also been felt in the areas of budget preparation, fiscal administration and pay, personnel programming, training facility utilization and other miscellaneous functions required by the Legislature, the Congress, National Guard Bureau, Department of the Army and the Department of Defense.

The implementation of this system has increased the efficiency and effectiveness of the Personnel and Administrative Support Division and has significantly improved the degree of support provided by this office to the personnel of the New Mexico Army National Guard.

#### Publications Branch

The Publications Branch provides publications management services to include the procurement, storage, and distribution of all publications, blank forms, and miscellaneous administrative materials available from Federal, State and commercial sources. In the last year the section has received approximately 20 tons of materials from these sources and has stocked and distributed these materials as necessary.

The publications officer also functions in the area of stock control, by maintaining an accurate recording system of publications available, by stocking an adequate supply of publications for future requirements necessary to support all NMARNG organizations.

This branch is also responsible for the monitoring of the pinpoint distribution system, and has expanded its role in this respect considerably in the last two years. Through the conversion of the manual type of requisitioning system into the implementation of a new type of automated data processing system known as AUTODIN, the section has brought to minimum the publications procurement paperwork necessary at the battalion and unit level.

Under the AUTODIN system, the workload in requisitioning has been taken off the shoulders of administrative/supply technicians at the unit level and has been centralized at the State level under the supervision and control of the publications officer. Under this system the old typewritten requisitioning system at the unit level has been reduced to a simple penciled in request which is forwarded through channels to the State publications officer. After reviewing, he requests the proper data card for each item and submits these cards to the AUTODIN for processing. Requests are reviewed and processed at depot level and feedback is received by the publications branch via AUTODIN, who then relays the appropriate information to the Under this system the publications required are then submitted to the requesting unit, thus insuring maximum efficiency and administrative/logistical support.

The publications branch has continued to provide effective and efficient publications support to all units of the New Mexico Army National Guard and continues to keep up with all technical requirements and procedures designed to maintain a high level of professionalism.

#### Reproduction/Mail Services Branch

The Reproduction/Mail Services Branch provides printing services for the Department, to include the printing of orders, handbooks, circulars, regulations and documents necessary for the dissemination of command and administrative information to the units. In order to accomplish this mission, the branch utilizes a number of up-to-date printing and copying machines, which have replaced the old stencil-type reproduction systems, thus reducing the workload for the units and allowing the section to increase their efficiency.

The section is also tasked with providing distribution and postal services for the department. In this regard all correspondence and items to be sent out are picked up, packaged, addressed and mailed by the section on a regular and timely basis.

The section has expanded its services by providing assistance in projects such as view-graph construction, pamphlet design, and graphics. This additional services serve to enhance and supplement projects undertaken by other sections and divisions in the area of advertising and training aids.

The reproduction/mail services branch continues to remain a key element in the distribution, administration and information support functions of the personnel/administrative division and continues to provide the best and most modern services available in this area.

#### IV. OFFICER PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT SECTION

#### Organization

The Officer Personnel Management Section is headed by the Officer Personnel Readiness Manager (GS-11), who is the principle advisor to the Military Personnel Management Officer in the areas of Officer and Warrant Officer Personnel Management. He is assisted by a State Personnel Officer, a Military Personnel Technician (GS-7) and a State Secretary.

#### Mission

The mission of the Officer Personnel Management Section is to assist the Military Personnel Management Officer in the area

of Officer Personnel Management, Career Development, implementation of the Department of the Army Officer Personnel Management System, custody and maintenance of officer records and other Officer Personnel Actions to include: assignment and reassignment, promotions and reductions, evaluations, decorations and awards, and separations.

In the past two fiscal years the Officer Personnel Management Section has made significant strides in setting up and implementing a very effective and efficient system of Officer Personnel Management which has had favorable short and long term effects.

All New Mexico Army National Guard officers have been counseled in career planning and management, and the OPM Section has been actively involved in researching data on all officers and has constructed an up-to-date OPMS File on each officer which contains information on his military record, civilian career, education and military career aspirations. The result of these counseling and information handling procedures has been to maximize the efficiency of Officer Personnel Management Services throughout the NMARNG and to provide better career planning and assistance services to all officers.

The OPM section has also been actively involved in the area of officer procurement. In the last two years with OCS production declining, the Guard has had to look at other officer procurement sources to fill the gap. The source that has proven most effective is ROTC, which under a new provision, allows college ROTC students who have completed the program to be commissioned in the Army National Guard while still in college. Through the efforts of the Military Personnel Management Officer and the Officer Personnel Readiness Manager, a number of ROTC cadets have been appointed officers in the New Mexico Army National Guard, thus increasing our officer strength and offsetting ROPA losses.

The OPM section has actively worked with the colleges throughout New Mexico on a new program called the Simultaneous Membership Program. This new program allows individuals to be members of both the Army National Guard and the Reserve Officer Training Corps at the same time. The intent of SMP is to help bolster advanced ROTC enrolment and provide more officers for appointment in the ARNG. A pleasant side effect of the SMP is these individuals count towards enlisted strength for mobilization during their officer training.

The increased use of automated data processing in the area of OPMS has also served to facilitate a more timely and accurate filing and reporting officer personnel system, which compliments the Officer Personnel Management system.

The advances made by the Officer Personnel Management Section in the last two years have been significant and will continue to have positive effects on officer retention, quality, specialization and professionalism.

#### V. RECRUITING AND RETENTION SECTION

#### Organization

The Recruiting and Retention Section was organized in August 1971 due to the declining strength of the Army National Guard throughout the nation, as a result of the elimination of the draft.

The section was reorganized to provide the establishment of a federally funded Full Time Recruiting Force to more effectively meet the increased attrition and needs brought about by the Volunteer Army.

The Recruiting and Retention Section is headed by the Recruiting and Retention Manager (GS-11) who is the principle advisor to the Adjutant General and the Military Personnel Officer in the areas of Recruiting and Retention. He is assisted by an active duty administrative staff, consisting of a Recruiting and Induction Officer (W-4), Operations Sergeant Major (SGM), and an Administrative Specialist (SP5). Actual recruiting is accomplished by eleven enlisted active duty production recruiters located in five recruiting areas throughout the State. Counseling and liaison assistance is provided by a National Guard Career Counselor at the Armed Forces Examining and Entrance Station in Albuquerque, New Mexico.

#### Mission

The Recruiting and Retention Section is charged with the responsibility of formulating, planning and implementing all NMARNG Recruiting and Retention Programs, so as to attain and maintain the priority aggregate strength assigned to the State of New Mexico by the National Guard Bureau. The Adjutant General has given this mission the number one priority for the New Mexico National Guard, with the realization that the Guard is a people as well as a mission oriented organization.

#### Training

Recruiter training seminars were conducted in FY 1978 and FY 1979 for the purpose of training unit part-time recruiters from throughout the state, and to orient our Full Time Recruiting Force in the new programs and aspects of Recruiting and Retention. These seminars have resulted in a valuable exchange of information, ideas, and techniques, thus helping the recruiter and the program to adapt to new and everchanging problems and policies.

## Recruiting and Retention Production

New Mexico continues to be one of the national leaders in recruiting and retention. This has been accomplished through a vigorous on-going recruiting effort at all levels of command.

While the responsibility for individual unit recruiting is still in the hands of the unit commander, the Full Time Recruiting Force has supplemented unit recruiting in a way as to increase and maximize the use of resources in the areas of recruiting and retention.

According to the latest figures available from the National Guard Bureau, New Mexico currently leads the nation in Full Time Recruiter Production rates. Each recruiter is averaging 9.8 new accessions per month.

At the time of this reporting, New Mexico was at 100.7% of its assigned priority aggregate strength, which ranks it sixth in the nation. This is particularly significant, in that our state is the only western state which has over 100% of its assigned strength.

Priority has been placed in the area of recruiting non-prior service personnel, with emphasis on targeting high school juniors, seniors, graduates and college students. Since they are under a six-year obligation upon enlistment, these are the accessions that will most benefit our long-range strength posture.

In order to assist us in reaching the non-prior service individuals, a number of new programs have been implemented with the consent and the support of the National Guard Bureau. Notable among these is the accelerated 16F program, sponsored by Fort Bliss, which allows high school students and seasonal workers to complete basic and advanced individual training in the summer between school years. The Split Option Training Program will also assist us in procuring non-prior service personnel, in that it will allow students and seasonal workers

to complete basic training one summer and advanced individual training the next summer. The civilian acquired skills program and the female recruiting program have also aided us in achieving non-prior service personnel. The flexibility which these programs provide us to pay certain enlistees up to 180 days prior to basic training will help us immensely in non-prior service procurement.

The simultaneous membership program is another new option which allows an individual guardsman to become a member of college ROTC while at the same time continue his guard membership. In this program he receives benefits from both organizations which include ROTC educational scholarship and National Guard pay and training for guard participation.

The recruiting of prior-service personnel has been affected with the recent restrictions imposed by National Guard Bureau with regard to assignment, promotion, and retention of prior-service personnel. These restrictions have meant that a prior-service enlistee must be placed in a position compatible in rank and specialty within a year of enlistment. Since many of our prior-service accessions were in the grades of E-5 or higher and our authorization for carrying these personnel in an excess status has now been limited, we cannot hope to retain many of these individuals from a long-range standpoint. In the future we will be unable to depend as heavily as we have in the past on prior-service accessions. Our recruiting efforts will focus on procurement of non-prior service personnel as the only hope of maintaining our long-range strength posture.

In order to support our overall recruiting efforts the Recruiting and Retention Section has established recruiting programs in area high schools and universities, as well as establishing a recruiting advertising campaign through speaking engagements, public service announcements, presentations and involvement in community activities.

The utilization of the Armed Forces Examining Entrance Stations for testing, physicals, and qualifying individuals has allowed us to more effeciently and effectively process individuals on a timely basis. The positive effect of AFEES utilization has shown to be beneficial from a quantity, quality and fiscal standpoint. This insures our getting more and better qualified enlistees, as well as saving on processing costs through the maximum utilization of government facilities.

In addition to recruiting, retention is very important to the maintenance of strength throughout the state. The best recruiting programs cannot be effective unless individuals, once enlisted, are kept in the Guard.

For this reason, a concerted effort has been undertaken to maintain and improve our retention rates. A retention program has been developed and a retention specialist (unit career counselor) has been assigned at battalion level. The job of this individual is to counsel every Guardsman on a continuing basis in order to pinpoint possible retention problems, to encourage all unit members to remain in the New Mexico Army National Guard, and to educate personnel as to the programs, policies, benefits, and incentives available to the National Guard.

With the increased success of our Recruiting and Retention Programs, our goal is to keep New Mexico over 100% in priority strength during the upcoming fiscal year and to maintain this strength in the future. We feel that this is a realistic goal, and that New Mexico will continue to lead the nation in this effort.

In addition to recruiting and retention, this section is also charged with the responsibility of public affairs and community and public relations in support of the New Mexico Army National Guard. Various projects are coordinated through this section which not only contribute to the health and well-being of communities, but tend to build team work, high morals and espirit-de-corps among our units. Projects which the New Mexico Army National Guard has participated are as follows:

- 1. Annual Christmas dinners for Guard members and their families.
  - 2. Children's parties at National Guard Armories.
- 3. Honor Guard and Burial Details are furnished in communities throughout the State for events such as patriotic celebrations, high school homecoming parades, graduation exercises, conventions, and firing squads for military funerals on a voluntary basis.
- 4. Blood Donor Program. This has been an on-going, year-round program whereby Blood Services of Albuquerque arranged through this office to visit every National Guard unit in the State on a periodic schedule and asks for blood donors. The Adjutant General urges every Guard unit to support this program and response has been most gratifying.

- 5. March of Dimes Campaign. This is another program which has the full support of the Adjutant General. The response to this worthwhile project has also been most gratifying.
- 6. Physical Training. In an effort to promote physical conditioning in the New Mexico National Guard, several competitive sports have been instituted which help Guard personnel stay in condition in order to be able to pass the required annual physical proficiency test.
  - a. Annual All-Guard basketball tournament.
  - b. The National Guard Olympics.
  - c. Bowling teams.
  - d. Softball teams.
  - e. Annual track and field events.
  - f. Individual conditioning programs.

The highlight of the physical training program is having to run four miles in less than 60 minutes. Every Guard member must do this once annually as a condition for remaining in the Guard.

7. Muscular Dystrophy Association. This project is probably the most appreciated by Guardsmen due to tremendous personal dedication and participation. Guardsmen get involved with taking care of children from New Mexico communities who have been stricken with this disease. In addition, several fund raising events, such as the National Guard Olympics have raised several thousand dollars in support of Muscular Dystrophy. This effort concludes annually with Guardsmen assisting in the Annual Jerry Lewis Fund Raising Telethon. This program involves approximately 200 Guardsmen annually, in supporting it in one form or another. It is anticipated that Guard participation will increase more in years to come.

#### Incentives and Programs

As the New Mexico National Guard continues with its recruiting and retention program under the One Army policy, we find that we must compete with every other military service in trying to attract enlistments. In trying to sell the Guard enlistment program the question of incentives for Guard offers the Servicemen's Group Life Insurance for Reservists (low cost

life insurance) and retirement pay (minimum 20 years service) at age 60. The other services offer such incentives as enlistment-reenlistment bonus, GI educational benefits, free medical coverage, PX and Commissary privileges, plus retirement pay for 20 years service regardless of age.

With this in mind, incentives for Guard membership have become a prime concern. If the Guard is to attract a high caliber of qualified young men and women, New Mexico must push for legislative action which will offer some type of tangible state supported benefits.

At this point and time, it is suggested that an educational benefit might be looked at such as free tuition to attend any State supported college or university, for four years, providing an individual enlists for a six year period.

Incentive programs are of the utmost importance if New Mexico is to continue to maintain its mandated strength of highly qualified individuals, trained and ready to perform its State and Federal missions.

#### VI. STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF PERSONNEL/ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT

#### Priority Authorized Strength

Priority aggregate strength of the New Mexico Army National Guard are assigned by the National Guard Bureau.

A strength analysis by unit for the last two fiscal years is indicated below.

FY 1979

			WARR	ANT				
	OFFI	CERS	OFFI	CERS	ENLI	STED	AGGRI	EGATE
UNIT	AUTH	ASGD	AUTH	ASGD	AUTH	ASGD	AUTH	ASGD
HHD, NMARNG	45	49	10	18	44	97	99	164
Comd & Cont	20	19	1	1	47	37	68	57
HHB, 111th	29	29	9	8	63	62	101	98
HHB, 1st	11	10	3	2	94	101	108	113
A, 1st	6	6	0	0	132	144	138	150
B, 1st	6	6	0	0	132	114	138	119
C, 1st	6	4	0	0	132	69	138	73
D,_lst	6	5	0	0	132	68	138	73
HHB, 2nd	11	11	3	2	94	124	108	137
A, 2nd	3	3	0	0	69	61	72	64
A (Det) 2nd	3	3	0	0	63	71	66	74
B, 2nd	3	5	0	0	69	76	72	81
B (Det) 2nd	3	3	0	0	63	54	66	57
C, 2nd	6	6	0	0	132	60	138	66
D, 2nd	. 6	6	0	0	132	105	138	111

FY 1979, Cont'd

	OFFT	CERS	WARR OFFI		ENIT :	STED	A C C D	EGATE
UNIT	AUTH	ASGD	AUTH	ASGD				
ONII	AOIN	ASGD	AUIN	ASGD	AUTH	ASGD	AUTH	ASGD
HHB, 3rd	11	11	3	3	94	104	108	118
A, 3rd	6	7	0	0	132	108	138	115
B, 3rd	3	2	0	0	69	113	72	116
B (Det) 3rd	3	3	0	0	63	89	66	92
C, 3rd	3		0	0	69	63	72	66
D, 3rd	6	6	0	0	132	129	138	135
HHB, 4th	11	11	3	2	94	98	108	111
A, 4th	3	3	0	0	69	64	72	67
A (Det) 4th	3 3 3	1	0	0	63	55	66	56
B, 4th		3	0	0	69	62	72	65
B (Det) 4th	3	3	0	0	63	55	72	58
C, 4th	6	4	0	0	132	81	138	85
D, 4th	6	6	0	0	132	92	138	98
HHD, 515th	11	12	2	2	40	49	53	63
642nd	5	4	5 3 3	5	140	129	150	136
3631st	5	5	3	3	132	122	140	130
3631st (Det)	1	1		3	83	71	87	75
720th	4	4	1	0	54	62	59	66
110th	0	0	1 1 1	1	4	7	5	8
390th	0	0		1	4	4	5	5
136th PA Det		3	0	0	9	11	13	14
200th Det	1	1	0	0	18	13	19	14
209th Det	1	1	0	0	18	10	19	11
744th	5	2	0	0	13	16	18	18
717th	5	3	10	9	40	61	55	73
TOTALS	276	266	58	60	3,197	2,970	3,531	3,296

# FY 1980

	OFFT	CERS	WARR	ANT	ENT.T	STED	AGGRE	ZATE
UNIT	AUTH	ASGD	AUTH	ASGD	AUTH	ASGD	AUTH	ASGD
HHD, NMARNG	45	58	11	19	74	96	130	173
Comd & Cont	20	19	1	1	59	43	80	63
HHB, 111th	29	29	9	9	63	69	101	107
HHB, 1st	11	10	3	2	94	103	108	115
A, 1st	6	6	0	0	132	133	138	139
B. 1st	5	5	0	0	132	113	138	118
C, 1st	3	3	0	0	69	69	72	72
C (Det) 1st	3	3	0	0	63	60	66	63
D, 1st	6	5	0	0	132	91	138	96

FY 1980, Cont'd

	OFFI	CERS	WARR	ANT CERS	ENL	STED	AGGR	EGATE
UNIT	AUTH	ASGD	AUTH	ASGD	AUTH	ASGD	AUTH	ASGD
HHB, 2nd	11	12	3	2	94	100	108	114
A, 2nd	3	4	0	0	69	68	72	72
A (Det) 2nd	3	3	0	0	63	74	66	77
B, 2nd		5	0	0	69	83	72	88
B (Det) 2nd	3	3	0	0	63	60	66	63
Btry C, 2nd	6	7	0	0	132	92	138	99
D, 2nd	6	6	0	0	132	127	138	133
HHB, 3rd	11	11	3	3	94	94	108	108
A, 3rd	6	6	0	0	132	132	138	138
B, 3rd	6	6	0	0	132	141	138	147
C, 3rd	3	3	0	0	69	84	72	87
C (Det)	3		0	0	63	63	66	66
D, 3rd	6	7	0	0	132	138	138	145
HHB, 4th	11	12	3	2	94	106	108	120
A, 4th	3	3	0	0	69	65	72	68
A (Det) 4th	3	3	0	0	63	60	66	63
B, 4th	3	4	0	0	69	68	72	72
B (Det) 4th	3	3	0	0	63	70	66	73
C, 4th	6	7	0	0	132	95	138	102
D, 4th	6	7	0	0	132	107	138	114
HHD, 515th	11	10	1	1	44	41	56	52
642nd	5	5	5 3 3	5	140	146	148	156
3631st	5	5	3	2	130	124	138	131
3631st (Det)		1		3	83	73	87	77
720th	4	4	1	1	54	67	69	72
110th	0	0	1	1	4	5	5	6
390th	0	0	1	1	4	5	5	6
136th PA Det		4	0	0	9	9	13	13
200th Det	1	1	0	0	18	3	19	4
209th Det	1	1	0	0	18	25	19	26
744th Med	5	3	0	0	13	18	18	21
716th Med	5	4	10	11	35	47	50	62
TOTALS	276	291	58	63	3,236	3,167	3,570	3,521

# Enlistments

Analysis of prior/nonprior service accessions is indicated below by fiscal year.

	FY 1979	FY 1980	TOTAL
Prior Service	357	265	622
Non Prior Service	528	564	1092
TOTALS	885	829	1714

#### REP-63 Trainees

	FY 1979	FY 1980	TOTAL
Number of REP's	528	564	1092
No. Completed Training	505	551	1056
No. Discharged (TDP)	23	13	36
TDP Rate	.04%	.02%	.03&

#### Discharges Processed

The following personnel were discharged from the NMARNG during FY 1979 and FY 1980. Discharge 500 indicates individuals who were totally separated from Armed Services. Discharge 510 indicates individuals were discharged from NMARNG and transferred to another reserve component.

	FY 1979	FY 1980	TOTAL
500 Discharge 510 Discharge	608 200	361 141	969 341
TOTALS	808	502	1310

#### Officer Personnel Data

The following is an analysis of Officer Personnel Actions undertaken during FY 1979 and 1980:

		FY_1979			FY 1980	
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Appointments	31	3	40	44	6	50
Promotions	44	2	46	44	2	46
Separations	44	1	45	39	1	40
TOTALS			152			136

#### Officer Evaluations/Physicals Processed

The following is an analysis of physical and efficiency reports processed by the MPD for the past two fiscal years:

	FY 1979	FY 1980	Total
Officer Evaluation Reports	265	441	706
Officer Physicals	111	134	245

# Line of Duty Investigations Processed

The following is an analysis of Line of Duty Investigations processed by the MPD during FY 1979 and FY 1980, by type:

	FY 1979	FY 1980	TOTAL
Administrative	12	15	27
Informal	42	60	102
Formal	6	5	11
TOTALS	60	80	140

#### Statements of Service

The following is the total number of Statements of Service provided by the MPD during FY 1979 and FY 1980:

			FY 1979	FY 1980	TOTAL
Statements	of	Service	520	680	1200

#### Summary

The strides which the Personnel/Administrative Services Division has made in the area of Officer and Enlisted Personnel Management and Administration, Recruiting and Retention, Publications, Reproduction and Mail Services has been monumental and have resulted in an increase in the efficiency, accuracy, and effectiveness of Personnel and Administrative support provided to the officers and enlisted persons of the Guard.

The Personnel/Administrative Services Division continuously strives to provide the most responsive and effective services available through the efforts of dedicated and professional personnel, the use of the latest and most up-to-date equipment available, and through its people and mission-oriented operational philosophy. By so doing, we hope to maintain and transmit this same attitude of dedication and sense of duty to the men and women of the New Mexico National Guard who we work so hard to support.

#### TECHNICIAN PERSONNEL OFFICE ARMY/AIR

The National Guard Technician Program, as it exists today, was created through enactment of Public Law 90-486. This law, entitled the National Guard Technician Act of 1968, provided for the employment of Excepted Civil Service employees to maintain the equipment and administer and train the personnel fo the National Guard.

The mission of the Technician Personnel Office is to administer the Federal Employment Program of the New Mexico National Guard for the Adjutant General. This responsibility encompasses, but is not restricted to the following areas:

LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS

EMPLOYEE SERVICES, Including:

Performance Appraisals
Personnel Actions
Health Benefits
New Employee Counseling
Death Claims
Maintenance of Offical Personnel Folders
Maintenance of Service Records
Life Insurance Programs
Workmen's Compensation Program
Pay Adjustments
Personnel Reports
Technician Personnel Management Information System
(TPMIS) Reports
Retirement Processing and Counseling
Employee Assistance Programs

#### PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT SERVICES, Including:

Adverse Actions Processing
Marit Promotion Program
Reductions-In-Force
Performance Ratings Review
Recruitment and Placement
Incentive Awards
Grievances/Appeals
Classification Actions
Training
Position Validation

The Technician Personnel Office for both the Army and Air National Guard is located at Santa Fe in the Headquarters Building of the Cerrillos Road Complex. Personnel employed in this office are equally divided into the Army and Air National Guard, though they are each fully responsible to administer to both programs in their day-to-day work.

National Guard Technicians are Excepted Federal employees and hold their positions by virtue of their military membership in the unit by which they are employed. State authority has been maintained in the employment structure of the National Guard as jurisdiction and final authority over this program is retained in the Adjutant General, a State employee.

The Army and Air National Guard employees are responsible for maintaining operations on a day-to-day basis and they keep the aircraft, air base, equipment, armories and facilities functioning in a deployment-ready status so that they are instantly utilizable during periods of State and Federal emergency, as well as Annual Training and weekend Unit Training Assemblies.

The National Guard technician force for the period of this report was as follows:

		TECHNICIAN	STRENGTH	
	1 Jul	78	30 Jun 79	30 Jun 80
ANG	268		263 (4)*	249 (5)*
ARNG	302	-	278 (10)*	251 (38) *
Total	507		541 (14)*	500 (43)*

<sup>\*</sup>Number in parenthesis indicates full time military.

Decreases were due to manpower authorization reductions imposed by National Guard Bureau and not due to any changes in equipment or missions. These reductions, in part, were caused by a Presidential hiring freeze. Another factor is a Congressionally mandated full time military test program. This program converts new or vacant technician (Civil Service) positions to full time military positions. Individuals who fill those positions are placed on Active Duty under Title 32, United States Code, for two year tours of Active Duty. The test is to determine if the Guard can recruit and retain military personnel, with no readiness capability loss, at a cost less than required to maintain a civilian (technician)

force. The test began in Feb 79 and terminated 30 Jan 80. Evaluation of the test is presently being accomplished and results are to be announced in the first half of Calendar Year 81.

The turnover rate for the past two Fiscal Years (FY 79 and 80) has been 18.3 percent for the Army National Guard and 10.1 percent for the Air National Guard. The average turnover for our Technician Program is 14.2 percent. This is an increase of 8.7 percent over the previous reporting period. The turnover increase is in large part due to the full time military test programs and the hiring freezes imposed. Another factor was an increase in retirements.

All non-supervisor employees of both the Army and Air National Guard are exclusively represented by the National Federation of Federal Employees (NFFE), Local 1636. Management and Union officials recently renegotiated the Union/Management Agreement, which was approved by the National Guard Bureau and became effective 1 Sep 80. Management of the New Mexico National Guard is fully committed to the same goals as Labor and those are to achieve modern and efficient work practices to strive for high performance standards throughout the New Mexico National Guard program and to maintain harmony in Iabor/Management relations.

In 1978, Congress enacted Public Law 95-454, entitled the Civil Service Reform Act of 1978. Title VII of this law recognized in statute the right of Federal employees to organize, bargain collectively, and participate through labor organizations in decisions which affect them. Prior to this, labor relations had been governed by Presidential Executive Order 11491.

Participation in the Incentive Awards Program for this period was as follows:

#### AWARDS FOR SUGGESTIONS

FY 1979	Number of Suggestions		ount of Award
Air National Guard Army National Guard	1	\$	105.00
FY 1980			
Air National Guard Army National Guard	2		300.00
Army National Guard	U	\$1	,155.00

# AWARDS FOR SUSTAINED SUPERIOR PERFORMANCE

FY 1979	Number of Awards	Amount of Award
Air National Guard	17	\$ 5,083.00
Army National Guard	34	15,539.00
FY 1980		
Air National Guard	28	10,373.00
Army National Guard	34	10,107.00
TOTALS	113	\$41,102.50

# QUALITY\_SALARY INCREASE

#### Number of QSI's Approved

	FY 1979	FY 1980	TOTAL
Air National Guard Army National Guard	2 1	0 <u>7</u>	2 8
TOTAL QSI	3	7	10

Due to the technician force being stable for a period of years, a number of technicians are now reaching an age where retirements are increasing. Retirements for this period were:

#### RETIREMENTS

	oss Mil mbership	Civil Service Disability	OWCP* Disability	Volun- tary	TOTAL
FY 197	9				
ANG ARNG	1 2	0	0 _1	3 _1	4 8
	3	4	1	4	12
FY 198	0				
ANG ARNG	1 4	2 <u>4</u>	0	2 <u>5</u>	5 13
	5	6	0	7	18
TOTALS	8	10	1	11	30

<sup>\*</sup>Federal Office of Workmen's Compensation Program

Technicians are covered by Workmen's Compensation for onthe-job injuries. During the period, injuries were reported as follows:

	Rpt to State*	Rpt to OWCP	Man-Days Worked	Man-Days Lost
FY 1979				
ANG ARNG	10	4 18	66,750 70,793	86 149
TOTAL	50	22	137,543	235
FY 1980				
ANG ARNG	11 49	1 30	65,125 71,539	3 245
TOTAL	60	31	136,664	248
TOTALS	110	53	274,207	483

<sup>\*</sup>Injuries are reported to AGONM even though no medical care is required and no lost time occurs.

The Technician Personnel Office also determines technician training needs and arranges for Civil Service training courses in technician status. EEO courses are determined and arranged for by the State EEO Officer. Technicians have attended the following courses during this period:

FY 1979

COURSE	No. of Techs	Course Length	
Performance Evaluation	42	3 days	
Case Preparation & Presentation	3	3 days	
Upward Mobility	3	3 days	
Jumps Pay Course	2	5 days	
Compensation	2	3 days	
OS/NGB Labor Relations	1	2 days	
FY 1980			
DOD Travel Regulations	4	2 days	
Jumps Pay Course	1	5 days	
Federal Employee Health Benefits	2	1 day	

COURSE	No. of Techs	Course Length
Retirement Seminar	14	l day
Supervisory Phase I	16	5 days
Supervisory Phase II	19	5 days
ANG Security Conf	1	3 days
CSRA Merit Pay	1	l day
Defense Contracts	2	5 days
Procurement Course	1	3 days
Privacy Act	5	3 days
Case Preparation & Presentation	1	3 days

The National Guard Bureau operates its own training center at Camp J. T. Robinson near Little Rock, Arkansas. Courses peculiar to the National Guard are conducted at this site, the National Guard Professional Education Center (NGPEC). Technicians have attended courses at NGPEC as follows:

#### FY 1979

COURSE	No. of Techs	Course Length
Operations Training & Readiness Sp	3	8 days
Administrative Supply Technician	5	13 days
Technician Personnel Officer Seminar	2	3 days
Federal Women/Hispanic Employment &		
Info System	3	3 days
Internal Review	1	2 days
Aviation Resources Mgmt Seminar	1 1 1 1 2	7 days
Supervisory	1	3 days
Special Safety Tng	1	8 days
Position Classification	1	3 days
State Maintenance Officer Conf	2	4 days
FY 1980		
Command Admin Asst	3	8 days
Command Admin Sp	3 2 8 2 2 1 2 1 1 2 1	8 days
Operations Tng Sp	2	8 days
Administrative Supply Tech	8	13 days
Technician Personnel Officer Seminar	2	3 days
Porsonnel Staffing	2	3 days
Aviation Life Support Equip	1	9 days
LMR Negatiator	2	8 days
Special Safety Tng	1	3 days
Applied LMR Seminar	1	3 days
NG Position Classification	1	4 days
Ammunition Manager Seminar	2	2 days
J-S11DS (Intrusion Device Systems)	1	2 days
Instructor Pilot/Safety Officer	1	4 days
Officer Candidate School Conf	1	2 days
Mob & Tng Ste (MATES) Workshop	1	2 days

#### PLANS, OPERATIONS AND TRAINING

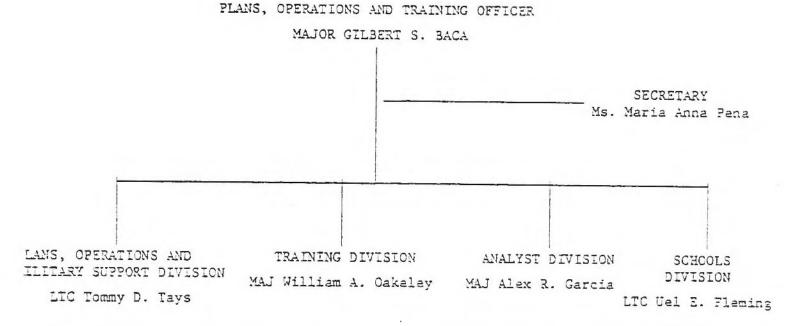
- I. GENERAL
- II. STATE ORGANIZATION
- III. PLANS, OPERATIONS AND MILITARY SUPPORT DIVISION
- IV. TRAINING IN THE NEW MEXICO NATIONAL GUARD
- V. NATIONAL GUARD MARKSMANSHIP PROGRAM
- VI. ANALYST
- VII. SCHOOLS

#### PART I. GENERAL

1. Mission. The Plans, Operations and Training Office serves as the principle office on all matters pertaining to plans; operations; training; mobilization; emergency planning and operations; military intelligence, including security matters; readiness status of units and emergency communications.

#### 2. Organization.

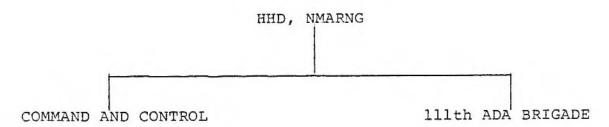
a. The Plans, Operations and Training Office is organized into four divisions, each with distinct responsibilities, and structured as shown below:



b. The mission of each of these sections will be discussed in their respective paragraphs.

#### PART II. STATE ORGANIZATION

1. In our State we are organized for training with two major commands under this Headquarters. Each major command has several units and has the responsibility for the supervision of training of those units assigned under them. This structure is flexible and permits this headquarters to task our organization to meet both State and Federal requirements. The organizational structure is as shown below:



2. There are seven different type units in New Mexico. These are: medical, transportation, maintenance, public affairs, band, command and control, and air defense (the majority of our units are air defense). Units lications and types are shown below: (Please note that we have some units that are split communities; i.e., Battery A, 2nd Battalion is split between Silver City and Lordsburg. This is done to meet strength, facilities and training requirements).

UNIT	LOCATION	TYPE
HHD, NMARNG HQS, CAC HHB, lllth ADA Brigade HHB, lst Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Btry A, lst Bn Btry B, lst Bn Btry C (-) lst Bn Det 1, Btry C, lst Bn Btry D, lst Bn	Roswell Roswell Carlsbad Artesia	Air Defense Air Defense Air Defense Air Defense Air Defense
HHB, 2nd Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Btry A (-) 2nd Bn Det 1, Btry A, 2nd Bn Btry B (-) 2nd Bn Det 1, Btry B, 2nd Bn Btry C, 2nd Bn Btry D, 2nd Bn	Las Cruces Silver City Lordsburg Deming T or C Socorro	Air Defense Air Defense Air Defense Air Defense Air Defense
HHB, 3rd Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Btry A, 3rd Bn Btry B, 3rd Bn Btry C (-) 3rd Bn Det 1, Btry C, 3rd Bn Btry D, 3rd Bn	Albuquerque Albuquerque Belen Gallup	Air Defense Air Defense Air Defense Air Defense Air Defense
HHB, 4th Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Btry A (-) 4th Bn Det 1, Btry A, 4th Bn Btry B (-) 4th Bn		Air Defense Air Defense Air Defense Air Defense Air Defense

UNIT	LOCATION	TYPE
HHD, 515th Maint Bn 642nd Maint Co 3631st Maint Co Det 1, 3631st Maint Co 720th Trans Co (Hvy Trk) 110th Maint Co (Comm/Elec) 390th Maint Co (Comm/Elec) 136th PA Det 200th ADA Det (Air Tgt) 209th ADA Det (Air Tgt) 717th Med Det (Hel/Amb) 744th Med Det (Gen Disp) Band	Santa Fe Las Cruces Santa Fe Espanola Las Vegas Santa Fe Santa Fe Santa Fe Las Cruces Ft Sumner Santa Fe Albuquerque Santa Fe	Maintenance Maintenance Maintenance Maintenance Transportation Maintenance Maintenance Maintenance Public Affairs Air Defense Air Defense Medical Medical Band
	. Juniou I C	Dana

# PART III. PLANS, OPERATIONS AND MILITARY SUPPORT DIVISION

- 1. GENERAL. The division is responsible for the preparation and maintenance of contingency plans pertaining to alert and mobilization, natural disasters, civil disturbances, land defense, military support to civil defense and continuation of vital public services. This division is also responsible for management of State security programs, operational employment of military resources, operation of the E. O. C. (emergency operations center) and emergency communications.
- 2. LIAISON PERSONNEL. This division has attached to it for planning and training liaison personnel from other services. These individuals are a Naval Captain, Air Force Colonel, and Army Reserve Lieutenant Colonel. These individuals assist the division in coordinating with their respective services and local installations.
- 3. This is the division responsible for the management of State emergencies. During the period covered by this report we had the following emergencies:

#### a. Search and Rescue Missions

DATE	COUNTY	EMERGENCY
1078		
July	Taos	Aircraft dispatched to search for two lost persons on rafting trip down the Rio Grande.
September	Eddy/Chavez	Wheeled vehicles and men dispatched to search for lost bow hunters

DATE	COUNTY	EMERGENCY
1978		
October	Colfax	Helicopter dispatched to search for lost hunter in mountains.
November	San Miguel	Helicopter searched and found elk hunter. Evacuated to Hospital in Santa Fe.
December	Lincoln/Grant	Search by helocopter for persons stranded by flash flooding. RECON of flooded area.
1979		
January	McKinley	Helicopter sent to Navajo Reservation to assist Indians. RECON area for damage.
January	Rio Arriba	Helicopter delivered food and medical supplies to stranded families.
February	McKinley/Valencia	Dispatched wheeled vehicles and helicopters to assist persons stranded due to deep snow on Navajo Reservation.
May	Bernalillo	Helicopter searched for a 14- year old boy believed drowned in the Rio Grande.
November	Taos	Helicopter dispatched to search for lost deer hunter in Taos mountains.
December	Santa Fe	Helicopter assisted State and city police officers in searching for escaped prisoners.
1980		
January	Socorro	Assisted county sheriff in search for a kidnap victim.
February	Taos	Searched for a downed aircraft and assisted the rescue party.

DATE	COUNTY	EMERGENCY
1980		
February	Rio Arriba	Helicopter sent to search for lost retarded person. Dis-patched two times.
b. Snow	<b>√</b> .	
1978	Gallup/McKinley	Persons stranded in homes and required delivery of food, fuel and medical supplies (also SAR)
1979		
January	McKinley	Heavy snow causing impassable roads. RECON area with State Senators (also SAR).
February	Rio Arriba	Heavy snow in northern New Mexico. Vehicles delivered fuel, food, and hay.
	McKinley/Valencia	Entire Navajo Reservation stranded due to snow and mud. Wheeled vehicles assisted.
c. Floo	ođ	
1978		
December	Lincoln/Grant	Provided sand bags, wheeled vehicles and RECON of flooded areas.
1979		
May	Taos	Provided vehicles, trucks, sand bags and manpower. Cleared clogged areas for proper drainage.
1980		
April	Valencia	Community of Grants and Milam flooding. Provided trucks, sand bags and manpower. Patrolled flooded area to prevent looting.

DATE	COUNTY	EMERGENCY
1980		
June	Valencia	Belen Flooded due to busted drainage canal. Provided trucks and sand bags. Evacuated persons from homes.
d.	Forest Fires.	
1979		
July	McKinley	Forest fire on the Zuni Indian Reservation. Provided men and equipment to support the fire fighters.
1980		
June	Rio Arriba	Forest fire near Coyote. Pro- vided trucks, fuel tanker and water trailer to support the fire fighters.
e.	Water.	
DATE	COMMUNITY	EMERGENCY
1978		
April	Chama	Chama's water supply dried up. Provided water until another source was located.
June	Chama	Chama's water supply dried up. Provided water until another source was located.
July	Rio en Medio	Water pipes to community busted. Had to be replaced. Provided water during this period.
June	Madrid	Water well went dry. Had to drill a new well. Filled their tank with 50,000 gallons of water.
August	Cebolla	Community water system dried up. Provided water from the State fish hatchery.

DATE	COMMUNITY	EMERGENCY
1979		
February	Des Moines	School water supply contaminated. Had to flush the system and provide water to the school children.
February	Tesuque	Water system froze, had to provide water until the system could be thawed.
March	San Ysidro	Water table too low and could not furnish the community water. Provided water directly into the system under pressure.
May	Anapra	Provide emergency drinking water for three days until the system could be repaired.
June	San Mateo	Water system was contaminated by the mining companies. Pro- vided water until the system was corrected.
July	Madrid	Water system failed. Provided 50,000 gallons of water to the community.
July	Ojo Feliz	Water pipes busted. Had to replace several sections. Provided emergency drinking water.
August	Gallina	Provided 1200 gallon pod to community. They hauled their own water.
August	Berino	Community water well caved in. Provided water until it could be corrected.
September	Domingo	Community water system mal- functioned. Provided 400 gallon water trailers until it could be repaired.
September	La Cienega	Sent 1200 gallon pod and pumps to the community. Filled their water tank.

DATE	COMMUNITY	EMERGENCY
1979		
September	Highland Meadows Trailer Park	Water system contaminated. Provided water until their system could be flushed.
1980		
January	Maxwell	Water pipes froze and busted. Provided a 5 ton wrecker and water trailer to the community.
January	Roy	Provided water to the community by filling their water system and storage tank.
June	Ojo Caliente	Water system dried up. Provided drinking water for 24 days.



Troop Briefing Prior to Penitentiary Take Over

## f. Civil Disturbances.

DATE COUNTY . EMERGENCY

1980

February Santa Fe New Mexico State Penitentiary

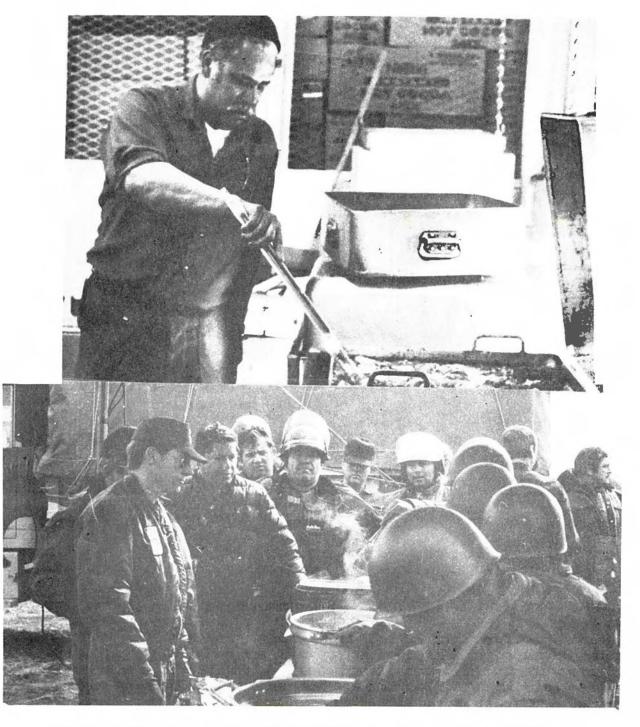
Riot



Moving Inmates into Dormitories - State Penitentiary

## g. Summary of Emergencies.

(1) The emergencies handled by this office increased considerably during the report period; this of course, can be attributed to extreme weather conditions during this period. We had a total of 53 emergencies during the reporting period. The most significant was the civil disturbance at the penitentiary.



Feeding of Guardsmen, State Police, Correction Officers State Penitentiary - 3 February 1980

(2) The National Guard's operations at the penitentiary started with your call to General Miles early the 2nd day of February 1980 and terminated with a meeting between felix Rodriguez and Major Gilbert Baca on 24 September 1980. Cost, dates, number of personnel utilized were furnished your office under a separate report entitled "New Mexico Pen Riot - Not a Shot Fired."



Guardsmen Assemble in Preparation for Move to State Penitentiary February - 1980

4. This division has written, administered and evaluated several Statewide exercises, most noteworthy in the Statewide civil disturbance conducted in Albuquerque in February 1979 for all major New Mexico units. The result of the exercise and subsequent actions and training conducted by our units we feel contributed to our successful penitentiary operations.

## PART IV. TRAINING IN THE NEW MEXICO NATIONAL GUARD

- 1. General. The Training Division is responsible for training of the Army National Guard units. The division determines specific training objectives, reviews directives from higher headquarters, develops immediate and long term training plans and evaluates all implemented plans and programs.
- 2. Training Objectives. The training mission is to attain and maintain a state of operational readiness required to perform federal and state missions. These objectives are accomplished through a minimum of 38 days of actual training available annually. Prime trainers in each of the key organizations are the battalion commanders for battalion elements, and company/detachment commanders for separate company/detachment elements. The philosphy of providing a full training day for each of our soldiers our prime source. Tools available to assist the trainer in training objectives are as follows:
- a. Battalion Training Management System (BTMS). The Battalion Training Management System (BTMS) consists of four self-paced workshops and an executive seminar, designed by the U. S. Army Training and Doctrine Command (TRADOC). Its intent is to teach leaders at all echelons the principles of training and training management. As of this writing, over 800 New Mexico National Guard trainers have participated in these workshops.
- b. Skill Qualification Test (SQT). The Skill Qualification Test (SQT) is a diagonistic training and evaluation program designed to improve individual soldier and unit readiness. The purpose of the test is to evaluate all enlisted personnel in Grades E-2 through E-7 in their respective Military Occupational Speciality (MOS) plus one skill level higher. Retention of current grade is accomplished by being tested at current skill level held. Eligibility for promotion to next higher grade is accomplished by being tested at the next higher level from current level held. The SQT test consists of three components:
  - (1) Written Component A written test.
- (2) Hand On Component Determination of ability by actually working in equipment and showing ability.
- (3) Performance Certification Component Superior's appraisal of individual's ability.

The NMARNG began implementation of the SQT in July 1978 with partial implementation accomplished at the time of this writing. Reason for delay in full implementation is due to shortage of test materials for various military occupational specialties (MOSs).

- c. Army Training and Evaluation Program (ARTEP). ARTEP is a program that permits guidance for training and evaluating all elements of a unit from the lowest cohesive echelon (e.g., Squad, Section) to battalion. ARTEP is a complete program, a program that enables the commander to evaluate his unit, develop his training program to overcome weaknesses discovered in the evaluation and conduct re-evaluation. ARTEP provides the small leader the means to determine training deficiencies and to tailor training programs to correct those deficiencies.
- d. Training Extension Course (TEC). The United States Army Training Support Center, Fort Eustis, Virginia, has developed a training extension course program which is used by the individual at the armory. TEC material is presented to the soldier by anyone, or a combination of, three ways: Audiovisually (like a movie); audio only; or, printed. The individual can use TEC individually (at own desired speed) or in group study. TEC compliments ARTEP training. TEC is used to overcome individual weaknesses uncovered as a result of evaluation made by the trainer completed under ARTEP. Each battery/company sized element within the NMARNG has the capability of utilizing TEC at home armory. Learning centers using TEC have been established and one currently being used at each armory location.
- e. Soldier's Manual. The Soldier's Manual is a document distributed to each soldier by military occupational speciality (MOS). It is designed to tell the soldier what tasks he/she must be proficient in to be MOS qualified. Each Soldier's Manual is like a road map which the soldier follows to progress readily to positions of responsibility commenserate with his aptitude and motivation. Soldier's Manuals "tie-in" with SQT in that they are used by the soldier in preparation for the Skill Qualification Tests.
- f. All units of the New Mexico Army National Guard train at various training levels specified by Headquarters, United States Forces Command (FORSCOM), Fort McPherson, Georgia, and the National Guard Bureau, Washington, D. C. Training objectives for our units for 1979 and 1980 respective are as follows:

# TRAINING LEVEL OBJECTIVES, TY 79

UNIT	TRAINING	LEVEL	REACHED
lllth ADA Bde		C-1	
1st Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA		C-2	
2nd Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA		C-2	
3rd Bn (AW) (SP) 200th ADA		C-2	
4th Bn (AW) (SP) 200th ADA		C-2	
HHD, 515th Maint Bn (DS/GS)		C-1	
642nd Maint Co (Hv Equip) (GS)		C-1	
3631st Maint Co (Hv Equip) (GS)		C-1	
720th Trans Co (Hv Trk)		C-2	
200th ADA Det (Air Tgt)		C-2	
209th ADA Det (Air Tgt)		C-2	
717th Med Det (Hel/Amb)		C-1	
744th Med Det (Gen Disp)		C-1	
110th Maint Det		C-1	
390th Maint Det		C-1	
136th PA Det		C-2	

## TRAINING LEVEL OBJECTIVES, TY 80

UNIT	TRAINING	LEVE	L REACHED
HHB, 111th ADA Bde		T-1	
lst Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA		T-2	
2nd Bn (AW) (SP) 200th ADA		T-2	
3rd Bn (AW) (SP) 200th ADA		T-2	
4th Bn (AW) (SP) 200th ADA		T-2	
HHD, 515th Maint Bn (DS/GS)		T-1	
642nd Maint Co (Hv Equip) (GS)		T-1	
3631st Maint Co (Hv Equip) (GS)		T-1	
720th Trans Co (Hvy Trk)		T-1	
200th ADA Det (Air Tgt)		T-2	
209th ADA Det (Air Tgt)		T-2	
717th Med Det (Hel/Amb)		T-1	
744th Med Det (Gen Disp)		T-1	
110th Maint Det		T-1	
390th Maint Det		T-1	
		T-1	
136th PA Det		1-1	
NOTE: C-1/T-1 = Unit capable of per	rforming :	its π	ission
C-2/T-2 = Unit capable of per	rforming :	its m	nission
with minor shortcom			
C-3/T-3 = Unit capable of per		its n	nission
with major shortcom			
C-4/T-4 = Unit incapable of p		a its	mission

- 3. Inactive Duty Training (IDT). The Army National Guard is authorized 48 paid drill assemblies each fiscal year (1 October 30 September). Paid drill assemblies are made up of four 4-hour drill assemblies (16 hours) one weekend per month. During IDT, units conduct small unit operations to include small arms firing, field training exercises, rifle matches, overnight bivouacs, and on-the-job training. Of significance in IDT training, are two programs which have assisted units in attaining and maintaining crew/section proficiency; these are:
- a. Informal Mutual Support Program. Informal Mutual Support has been established at active Army installations (Fort Bliss, Texas; Fort Carson, Colorado; and Fort Sill, Oklahoma) whereby NMARNG members have provided maintenance support to active Army elements/installations during IDT. The approach assists NMARNG elements by allowing us to work on items of equipment not found in New Mexico Army National Guard inventory and assists the active Army installations in the backlog of equipment to work on.
- b. Inactive Duty Firing. Automatic Weapons (AW) units attend IDT firing at Fort Bliss, Texas during weekends in the fall and spring of each training year. This type of training provides a training vehicle in that crews maintain proficiency on the M42 (40mm Duster) literally on a year round basis rather than once a year as in previous years.



Guardsmen at Annual Training, Ft Bliss, Texas

- Annual Training. Annual Training (or Summer Camp) is normally conducted during the summer months; however, we have some units which have begun Annual Training as early as February of the Training Year. In some training years we may have 3-4 units attend Annual Training during the spring. Normally the units are involved in a joint readiness exercise or JRX, conducted at different active Army installations and monitored by US Readiness Command located at McDill Air Force Base, Florida. Purpose of these JRSs is to have joint exercises with participants from the Air Force, Navy, Marines, and the Army. These exercises provide our elements with a tremendous training vehicle, one that can only be duplicated in a real war. Another program of significance is our participation of Cold Weather Training conducted at Camp Ripley, Minnesota for our units, Cold Weather Training for individual Guardsmen is conducted at Fort Creely, Alaska. In addition, we were given an opportunity to have two enlisted persons participate in the Norwegian-US Troop Reciprocal exchange program conducted at Skolen Torpo, Norway during the period 20 February - 8 March 1980.
- a. CAPSTONE. Coupled with our Annual Training requirements, we are currently moving into a new realm of training called the Army CAPSTONE Program. This program defines the organizational relationship for mobilization and deployment of all US based units in the total Army. Under this program, every unit, active component and reserve component, is assigned a wartime mission. This program improves mobilization planning and has a powerful influence on unit training during peacetime. In this program, commanders are able to focus their training on their wartime mission rather than striving for peacetime proficiency in all possible assignments which a unit might be given.
- b. Average training period for all units is 15 days with a minimum of four days spend in a field environment. In 1979 and 1980 Annual training was conducted at various locations throughout the United States as shown below:

Annual Training 1979		
UNIT	HOME TOWN LOCATION	ANNUAL TRAINING SITE LOCATION
111th ADA Brigade	Albuquerque	USAREUR (Germany)
HHB, 1st Bn (AW)(SP) 200th	Roswell	Ft Bliss, TX
Btry A, 1st Bn	Roswell	Ft Bliss, TX
Btry B, 1st Bn	Carlsbad	Ft Hood, TX



642d Maintenance Company (Las Cruces) Arrive in Europe for . Annual Training - 1980

TI	N	т	ጥ	
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Btry C (-), 1st Bn Det 1, Btry C, 1st Bn Btry D, 1st Bn HHB, 2nd Bn (AW) (SP) 200th Btry A (-), 2nd Bn Det 1, Btry A, 2nd Bn Btry B (-), 2nd Bn Det 1, Btry B, 2nd Bn Btry C, 2nd Bn Btry C, 2nd Bn Btry D, 2nd Bn HHB, 3rd Bn (AW) (SP) 200th Btry A, 3rd Bn Btry B (-) 3rd Bn Det 1, Btry B, 3rd Bn Btry B, 3rd Bn Btry C (-), 3rd Bn Det 1, Btry C, 3rd Bn

# HOME TOWN

Lovington Artesia Hobbs Las Cruces Silver City Lordsburg Deming T or C Artesia Socorro Alamogordo Albuquerque Albuquerque Belen Socorro Belen Gallup

Farmington

# ANNUAL TRAINING SITE LOCATION

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\*

Ft Hood, TX

Ft Bliss, TX

Cp Blanding, FL

Cp Blanding, FL

Cp Ripley, MN

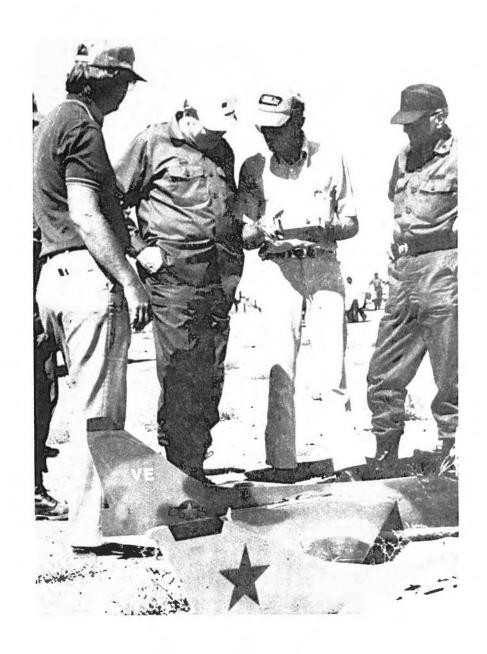
Cp Ripley, MN

Ft Bliss, TX

\*

Ft Bliss, TX

UNIT  Btry D, 3rd Bn HHB, 4th Bn (AW) (SP) 200th Btry A (-), 4th Bn Det 1, Btry A, 4th Bn Det 1, Btry B, 4th Bn Btry C, 4th Bn  Btry D, 4th Bn Btry C, 4th Bn  Btry D, 4th Bn  Clovis Cl			
HHB, 4th Bn (AW) (SP) 200th Btry A (-), 4th Bn Det 1, Btry A, 4th Bn Btry B (-), Btry A, 4th Bn Det 1, Btry B, 4th Bn Btry C, 4th Bn Btry C, 4th Bn Btry D, 4th Bn Btry Coth ADA Det Coth ADA	<u>UNIT</u>		
Det 1, Btry A, 4th Bn Btry B (-), Btry A, 4th Bn Det 1, Btry B, 4th Bn Btry C, 4th Bn Btry D, 4th Bn Clovis Clovis Clovis Clovis Clovis Clovis Clovis Clovis Clovis Ft Bliss, TX Ft Sumner Clovis Clovis Clovis Ft Bliss, TX Ft Carson, CO Ft Bliss, TX Ft Carson, CO Ft Bliss, TX Ft Carson, CO Ft Bliss, TX Ft Carson, CO Ft Carson, CO Ft Carson, CO Ft Bliss, TX Ft Carson, CO Ft Carson, CO Ft Bliss, TX Ft Carson, CO Ft Carson, CO Ft Bliss, TX Ft Bliss, TX Ft Carson, CO Ft Carson, CO Ft Bliss, TX Ft Carson, CO F	HHB, 4th Bn (AW) (SP) 200th	Tucumcari	Ft Bliss, TX
Btry B (-), Btry A, 4th Bn Det 1, Btry B, 4th Bn Btry C, 4th Bn  Btry C, 4th Bn  Btry D, 4th Bn  Clovis  Cop Perry, OH  Cop Perry  OH  Cop Perry, OH  Cop Perry  (Paticipated in  Brave Shield 19)  Ft Bliss, TX  Ft Bliss, TX  Ft Carson, CO  Espanola  Ft Carson, CO  Ft Carson, CO  Ft Carson, CO  Ft Carson, CO  Santa Fe  Ft Bliss, TX  OCS/NCAO  Statewide  Statewide  Cop Perry,  Cop Perry			
Det 1, Btry B, 4th Bn Btry C, 4th Bn Portales  Cp Perry, OH Ft Hood, TX (Participated in Brave Shield 19) Btry D, 4th Bn Clovis Ft Bliss, TX 200th ADA Det Las Cruces 209th ADA Det Ft Sumner Santa Fe Ft Bliss, TX Ft Bliss, TX Ft Bliss, TX Las Cruces Ft Bliss, TX Ft Carson, CO Ft Bliss, TX Ft Carson, CO Ft Bliss, TX Sacramento, CA Solt Maint Det Santa Fe Sacramento, CA Solt Maint Co Solt Maint M			
Btry C, 4th Bn  Portales  Reference of the content			
Btry D, 4th Bn  Clovis  Ft Bliss, TX  200th ADA Det  209th ADA Det  Las Cruces  Ft Sumner  Las Cruces  *  109th ADA Det  Las Cruces  Ft Bliss, TX  Endemoder  Las Cruces  Las Cruces  *  Las Cruces  *  Las Cruces  *  Las Cruces  Ft Bliss, TX  Endemoder  Ft Carson, CO  Endemoder  Ft Carson, CO  Endemoder  Ft Carson, CO  Espanola  Es			
Brave Shield 19)  Btry D, 4th Bn  200th ADA Det  200th ADA Det  209th ADA Det  209th ADA Det  HHD, 515th Maint Bn  642nd Maint Co  Training  720th Trans Co  717th Med Det  110th Maint Det  390th Maint Det  3631st Maint Co  Det 1, 3631st Maint Co  CIOVIS  Brave Shield 19)  Ft Bliss, TX  Ft Carson, CO  Ft Bliss, TX  Santa Fe  Sacramento, CA  Santa Fe  Sacramento, CA  Santa Fe  Ft Carson, CO  Santa Fe  Sacramento, CA  Santa Fe  Ft Carson, CO  Santa Fe  Sacramento, CA  Santa Fe  Ft Carson, CO  Santa Fe  Ft Carson, CO  Santa Fe  Ft Bliss, TX  COS/NCAO  Statewide  Roswell, NM	BCIY C, 4CH BH	POLCATES	
Btry D, 4th Bn  200th ADA Det  200th ADA Det  200th ADA Det  209th ADA Det  4			
200th ADA Det 200th ADA Det 200th ADA Det 209th ADA Det 309th ADA Det 4	Btry D, 4th Bn	Clovis	
200th ADA Det 209th ADA Det Ft Sumner Ft Bliss, TX HHD, 515th Maint Bn 642nd Maint Co  Las Cruces Year Round Training 720th Trans Co 717th Med Det Santa Fe Ft Carson, CO 744th Med Det Santa Fe Sacramento, CA 390th Maint Det Santa Fe Sacramento, CA 3631st Maint Co Det 1, 3631st Maint Co Santa Fe Santa Fe Sacramento, CA Santa Fe Sacramento, C			
HHD, 515th Maint Bn 642nd Maint Co Las Cruces Year Round Training 720th Trans Co 717th Med Det 744th Med Det 110th Maint Det 390th Maint Det 3631st Maint Co Det 1, 3631st Maint Co 136th PA Det CCS/NCAO Santa Fe Santa Fe Santa Fe Sacramento, CA Santa Fe Ft Carson, CO Espanola Ft Carson, CO Santa Fe Sacramento, CA Santa Fe Ft Carson, CO Ft Carson, CO Santa Fe Sacramento, CA Santa Fe Sacram			and the second s
642nd Maint Co  Las Cruces  Year Round Training  720th Trans Co  Las Vegas  Ft Bliss, TX  717th Med Det  Santa Fe  Albuquerque  Ft Bliss, TX  Santa Fe  Sacramento, CA  390th Maint Det  Santa Fe  Santa Fe  Sacramento, CA  3631st Maint Co  Det 1, 3631st Maint Co  Santa Fe  Santa Fe  Ft Carson, CO  Espanola  Ft Carson, CO  Santa Fe  Santa Fe  Ft Carson, CO  Santa Fe  Sataramento, CA  Santa Fe  Sacramento, CA  Santa Fe  Ft Carson, CO  Santa Fe  Santa Fe  Sacramento, CA  Santa Fe  Sacramento, CO  Santa Fe  Santa Fe  Santa Fe  Santa Fe  Sacramento, CO  Santa Fe  Santa	209th ADA Det	Ft Sumner	Ft Bliss, TX
720th Trans Co 717th Med Det 717th Med Det 718th Med Det 719th Med Det 7		Santa Fe	Ft Bliss, TX
720th Trans Co  717th Med Det  717th Med Det  744th Med Det  110th Maint Det  390th Maint Det  3631st Maint Co  Det 1, 3631st Maint Co  136th PA Det  CCS/NCAO  Las Vegas  Ft Bliss, TX  Ft Carson, CO  Santa Fe  Sacramento, CA  Santa Fe  Ft Carson, CO  Espanola  Ft Carson, CO  Espanola  Ft Carson, CO  Santa Fe  Sacramento, CA  Ft Carson, CO  Espanola  Ft Carson, CO  Santa Fe  Santa Fe  Ft Bliss, TX  Ft Bliss, TX  Roswell, NM	642nd Maint Co	Las Cruces	
717th Med Det  744th Med Det  110th Maint Det  390th Maint Det  3631st Maint Co  Det 1, 3631st Maint Co  136th PA Det  OCS/NCAO  Santa Fe  Santa Fe  Sacramento, CA  Santa Fe  Ft Carson, CO  Santa Fe  Ft Carson, CO  Espanola  Santa Fe  Ft Carson, CO  Espanola  Santa Fe  Statewide  Ft Bliss, TX  Roswell, NM			
744th Med Det  110th Maint Det  390th Maint Det  3631st Maint Co  Det 1, 3631st Maint Co  136th PA Det  OCS/NCAO  Albuquerque  Santa Fe  Sacramento, CA  Santa Fe  Ft Carson, CO  Espanola  Santa Fe  Ft Bliss, TX  Sacramento, CA  Ft Carson, CO  Espanola  Santa Fe  Statewide  Ft Bliss, TX  Roswell, NM			. T. 10 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)
110th Maint Det Santa Fe Sacramento, CA 390th Maint Det Santa Fe Sacramento, CA 3631st Maint Co Santa Fe Ft Carson, CO Det 1, 3631st Maint Co Espanola Ft Carson, CO 136th PA Det Santa Fe Ft Bliss, TX OCS/NCAO Statewide Roswell, NM			
390th Maint Det Santa Fe Sacramento, CA 3631st Maint Co Santa Fe Ft Carson, CO Det 1, 3631st Maint Co Espanola Ft Carson, CO 136th PA Det Santa Fe Ft Bliss, TX OCS/NCAO Statewide Roswell, NM			
3631st Maint Co Det 1, 3631st Maint Co 136th PA Det OCS/NCAO  Santa Fe Espanola Santa Fe Ft Carson, CO Ft Carson, CO Santa Fe Statewide Ft Carson, CO Ft Bliss, TX Statewide Roswell, NM			
Det 1, 3631st Maint Co Espanola Ft Carson, CO 136th PA Det Santa Fe Ft Bliss, TX OCS/NCAO Statewide Roswell, NM			
136th PA Det Santa Fe Ft Bliss, TX OCS/NCAO Statewide Roswell, NM			
OCS/NCAO Statewide Roswell, NM			
HOME TOWN ANNUAL TRAINING			
UNIT LOCATION SITE LOCATION	ONIT	LOCATION	SITE LOCATION
111th ADA Bde Albuquerque Ft Bliss, TX	111th ADA Bde	Albuquerque	Ft Bliss. TX
HHB, 1st Bn (AW)(SP) 200th Roswell Ft Bliss, TX			
Btry A, 1st Bn Roswell Ft Bliss, TX		Roswell	
Btry B, 1st Bn Carlsbad Ft Bliss, TX		Carlsbad	Ft Bliss, TX
Btry C (-) 1st Bn Lovington Ft Hood, TX			
Det 1, Btry C, 1st Bn Artesia Ft Hood, TX			
Btry D, 1st Bn Hobbs Ft Bliss, TX			
HHB, 2nd Bn (AW)(SP) 200th Las Cruces Ft Bliss, TX			•
Btry A (-), 2nd Bn Silver City Cp Ripley, MN		_	
Det 1, Btry A, 2nd Bn Lordsburg Cp Ripley, MN Btry B (-), 2nd Bn Deming Ft Bliss, TX			
Det 1, Btry B, 2nd Bn T or C Ft Bliss, TX Btry C, 2nd Bn Artesia *			
Btry C, 2nd Bn Socorro Ft Bliss, TX			
Btry D, 2nd Bn Alamogordo Cp Ripley, MN			



Commander-in-Chief, Honorable Bruce King, visits units at Annual Training, Ft Bliss, Texas. Governor King receives instructions on how to fly small radio control targets.

UNIT	HOME TOWN	ANNUAL TRAINING SITE LOCATION
HHB, 3rd Bn (AW)(SP) 200th Btry A, 3rd Bn	Albuquerque	
Btry B (-), 3rd Bn	Albuquerque Belen	Cp Ripley, MN
Det 1, Btry B, 3rd Bn	Socorro	*
Btry B, 3rd Bn	Belen	Ft Drum, NY
Btry C (-), 3rd Bn	Gallup	Ft Bliss, TX
Det 1, Btry C, 3rd Bn	Farmington	Ft Bliss, TX
Btry D, 3rd Bn	Albuquerque	Ft Bliss, TX
HHB, 4th Bn (AW) (SP) 200th	Tucumcari	
Btry A (-), 4th Bn	Raton	Ft Bliss, TX
Det 1, Btry A, 4th Bn	Clayton	Ft Bliss, TX
Btry B (-), 4th Bn	Springer	Ft Bliss, TX
Det 1, Btry B, 4th Bn	Taos	Ft Bliss, TX
Btry C, 4th Bn Btry D, 4th Bn	Portales	Ft Irwin, CA
200th ADA Det	Clovis Ft Sumner	Ft Bliss, TX
200th ADA Det	Las Cruces	
209th ADA Det	Ft Sumner	Ft Bliss, TX
HHD, 515th Maint Bn	Santa Fe	USAREUR (Germany)
642nd Maint Co	Las Cruces	USAREUR (Germany)
720th Trans Co	Las Vegas	Ft Irwin, CA (JRX
	-	Gallant Eagle 80)
717th Med Det	Santa Fe	Ft Sam Houston, TX
744th Med Det	Albuquerque	Ft Bliss, TX
110th Maint Det	Santa Fe	Sacramento, CA
390th Maint Det	Santa Fe	Sacramento, CA
3631st Maint Co	Santa Fe	Ft Hood, TX
Det 1, 3631st Maint Co	Espanola	Ft Hood, TX
136th PA Det OCS/NCOA	Santa Fe	Year Round Training
OCS/ NCOA	Statewide	Roswell, NM

<sup>\*</sup>Units reorganized 1 May 1980

## PART V. NATIONAL GUARD MARKSMANSHIP PROGRAM

- 1. General. All National Guard personnel, except chaplains, are required to be qualified in firing with their assigned individual weapons. This proficiency is achieved and maintained through a unit Marksmanship Training Program which requires, as a minimum, an individual to fire a qualification course of fire biennaully, and familiarization during the training year in which qualification is not accomplished. Once annual qualification is conducted, units are encouraged to enter their marksmen in State competion to determine who will represent the State of New Mexico in marksmanship matches at National level.
- 2. Results of both State and National Matches are as follows:

Rifle: The Composite Rifle Team tryouts were held at the Zia Rifle Range in Albuquerque, NM on 29-29 April 1979. Twelve separate units in the State were represented. The results were as follows:

#### Individual Winners:

Match Winner: SP Curtis D. Boyd, Btry D, 4th Bn

Score - 462-8x

Second Place: LTC Wade R. Hedgecoke, HHB, 1st Bn

Score - 461-10x

Third Place: SSG Gilbert O. Juarez, Btry B, 2nd Bn

Score - 458-5x

First New

Shooter: PVT Antonio D. Juarez, Btry B, 2nd Bn

Score - 375-1x

Team Awards:

### 1st Place

UNIT	TEAM MEMBERS	SCORE
2nd Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA	SSG Gilbert O. Juarez SP5 John L. Genta SP5 Arthur R. Montellano SP4 Thomas A. Jackson	1824-12x
2nd Place		
Det 1, Btry C, 3rd Bn	PSG Theordore T. Tindall SSG Ralph L. Mangum SGT Charles Lyttle	1604-8x

New Mexico participated in five State matches during the year 1979. In 1980 NMARNG participated in 5 State matches and 2 out of state matches. The New Mexico National Guard Composite Rifle Team was selected by the NGMTU to represent the National Guard at the US Army FORSCOM Regional Rifle matches on 7-14 April 1979 at Ft Ord, CA. The results are as follows:

Second Place - CPT Obed A. Morley, HHD, NMARNG Score - 725-16

Three members were selected to the twenty-man Sixth United States Army Team to participate in the All-Army Matches at Ft Benning, GA for 1979:

SSG Gilbert O. Juarez, Btry B, 2nd Bn (Deming, NM) SP5 John L. Genta, Btry D, 2nd Bn (Alamogordo, NM) SP4 Curtis D. Boyd, Btry D, 4th Bn (Clovis, NM)

National Guard Winston P. Wilson Individual Composite Rifle Championships, 10-14 September 1979. Course of fire - 200 shots, 600 yards SF Prone - possible score 200:

1st Expert: SP Curtie D. Boyd, Btry D, 4th Bn

Score - 191-2

1st Marksman: SP5 Arthur R. Montellano, Btry B, 2nd Bn

Score - 182-4

Two members were selected to the twenty-two man Sixth United States Army Team to participate in the All-Army Matches at Ft Benning, GA, for 1980. The individuals selected were:

LTC Wade R. Hedgecoke, HHD, NMARNG (Santa Fe, NM) SSG Gilbert O. Juarez, Btry B, 2nd Bn (Deming, NM)

National Guard Winston P. Wilson Individual Composite Rifle Championships, 1-5 September 1980. Course of Fire - 20 shots, 200 yards SF Standing, possible score 200:

Master: LTC Wade R. Hedgecoke, HHD, NMARNG

Score - 190-06

Sharpshooter: PSG Theordore T. Tindall, Det 1, Btry C, 3rd Bn

Score - 184-05

Course of Fire - 20 shots, 200 yards RF Standing to Sitting, possible score 200:

Master: LTC Wade R. Hedgecoke, HHD, NMARNG

Score - 198-06

Course of Fire - 20 shots, 300 yards RF Standing to Prone, possible score 200:

Sharpshooter: SFC Ralph L. Mangum, Det 1, Btry C, 3rd Bn Score - 190-02

Pistol. New Mexico National Guard Pistol Team participated in eight State matches in 1979 and in the National Guard Winston P. Wilson matches in Little Rock, AR in September 1979. In 1980 Pistol Team participated in ten State matches and also at Wilson Matches in September 1980.

Chief, National Guard Bureau Annual Pistol Tournment (State Level).

CPT David E. Guinn, HHD, NMARNG, Score - 289

3. Special Training Sniper School. The New Mexico National Guard conducted a Sniper School at New Mexico National Guard Academy, Roswell, New Mexico on 28-29 June 1980. Members of the New Mexico State Police, State Penitentiary Corrections Department, and NMARNG Marksmanship Team were in attendance. The latest Sniper techniques in the area of marksmanship and weaponry as well as a fire power demonstration and observer/team firing took place at the school. A followup session is planned for 1-2 November 1980.

#### PART VI. ANALYST

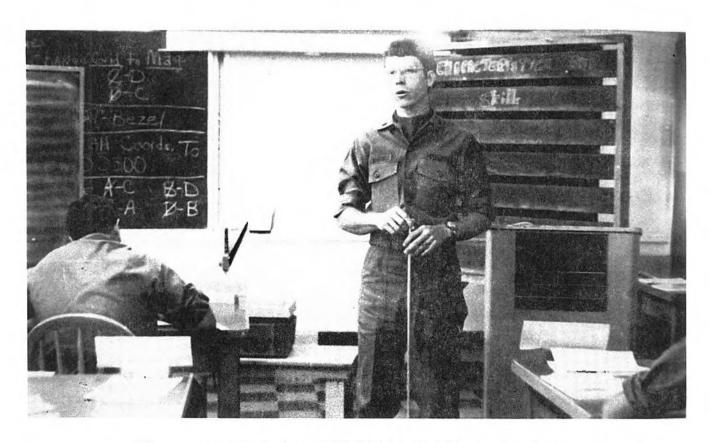
Overall Readiness Condition of NMARNG Units. The New Mexico Army National Guard is comprised of sixteen readiness reporting entities. The items reported are personnel, equipment on hand, equipment status, and training. The general readiness of the State is outlined as follows:

PERSONNEL	EQUIPMENT ON HAND	EQUIPMENT STATUS	TRAINING
P-2	S-3	R-2	T-2

The above is calcuated and rated on a scale of 1 to 4 (1 = high/4 - low).

## PART VII. SCHOOLS

- 1. General. Members of the National Guard must maintain the same military standards as active Army personnel of the same rank and position. To meet this requirement, National Guardsmen are provided the opportunity for school training over and above regular unit training.
- a. Service Schools. Resident courses at Active Army Service Schools are conducted by the Army at Military posts. The Guardsman is paid active duty pay while in attendance. During the period 1 July 1978 through 30 June 1980, 118 officers and 112 enlisted personnel attended courses ranging in length from 5 days to 52 weeks.
- b. Correspondence Courses. The Army Correspondence Course Program provides training in almost any skill through courses ranging in length from three credit hours, individual subcourses, to 420 hours qualification courses. Any Guardsman is eligible to enter the program. Study is at home as individual or in groups with all text and study material furnished at no cost. There have been 807 or 22% of the New Mexico Army National Guardsmen active in the correspondence course program during this report period.
- c. Army Reserve Schools. The US Army Reserve School conducts courses of instruction in units where a need exists to train personnel in a particular skill. Training is normally conducted during the normal unit drill with an instructor provided from the Reserve School. In addition, qualifying courses are provided for officers at the Branch Advanced and Command and General Staff College levels. These officer courses are conducted at times other than drill and with no compensation to the student other than retirement points and promotion qualification.
- d. Unit Schools. Short courses are conducted at and by units in the State to provide training in special areas affecting the readiness of the unit. These schools are normally 16 hour courses conducted on a weekend other than drill for the unit. Personnel attending this extra training receive regular pay and allowances for the time required. The NMARNG conducted 28 unit schools during this report period bringing \$163,673.00 in extra pay and allowances into New Mexico. This would have been lost to the State had the training been conducted in other schools. In addition, these schools can be tailored to the specific needs of the unit.

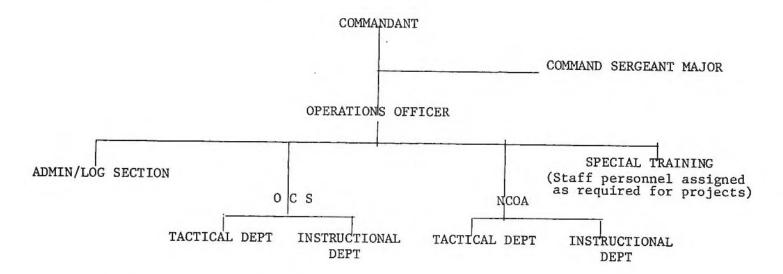


Classroom Training, NMARNG - Military Academy

- 2. New Mexico National Guard Military Academy. The mission of the New Mexico National Guard Military Academy is to provide leadership development and special training to the NMARNG. The leadership development is provided through the Officer Candidate School and the Non-Commissioned Officer Academy. Special training includes schools in Training Management and Supervision, Sniper Training, Training Assistance to other units required for new equipment or procedures.
- a. The New Mexico National Guard Military Academy is located at the National Guard Field Training Site, 13 miles east of Roswell. All OCS and NCO Academy training is conducted at this location. The Military Academy is a State School that is accredited by Department of the Army and National Guard Bureau to conduct the Officer Candidate School to provide

precommission level training required to receive Federal commission as Second Lieutenants. Also it is accredited to conduct the NCO Education System Program at three levels: Basic, Advanced, and Senior.

The Military Academy is under the direction of an Academic Board with the Adjutant General as President and each major unit commander as members. To perform its mission the Military Academy has a permanent staff of four officers and twelve enlisted personnel. Two of this are full time technicians. Tactical training officers and mess personnel are assigned on a temporary basis based on student load. The Military Academy is organized as:





Practical Training in River Crossing Techniques
OCS AT-1980

- 3. Officer Candidate School. The OCS Program and Military Academy is the source of 66% of the officers in the New Mexico Army National Guard. Being a school conducted in the State, for personnel in the State, it is the only precommission school totally responsive to the specific needs of the State. The average student in the State OCS is 25 years old, married, established in his job and community, and has four years service (reserve and active). He is unable, due to his job and family, to participate in other precommission training and the National Guard and State would lose the benefit of his experience in its Officer Corps. Since all training is conducted in-State, New Mexico realizes an income of approximately \$150,000 per year in pay and allowances.
- 4. Non-Commissioned Officer Academy. The NCO Academy is a vital link in the Non-Commissioned Officer Education System of the Army and National Guard. The three levels of programs conducted in New Mexico provide the leadership development necessary to NCOs at every skill level. The New Mexico National Guard has over 1550 NCOs requiring to start this education program.



OCS Candidates on the Rifle Range - Firing M60 Machine Guns AT - 1980

## US PROPERTY AND FISCAL OFFICER FOR NEW MEXICO

- I. THE US PROPERTY AND FISCAL OFFICER (USPFO)
- II. MISSION OF THE USPFO

#### III. ORGANIZATION

Administrative Division Communication Center IRT Data Processing Center

Comptroller Division
Budget Branch
Pay Branch
Fiscal Accounting Branch

Examination Division

Logistics Division
Stock Control Branch
Warehouse Branch
Transportation Branch

Purchasing and Contracting Division

## PART I. THE US PROPERTY AND FISCAL OFFICER

The US Property and Fiscal Officer is a commissioned officer of the New Mexico Army National Guard on extended Federal active duty assigned to the National Guard Bureau with duty in the State. This officer is accountable for all federal property used by the Army and Air National Guard and all federal funds expended to support the New Mexico Army and Air National Guard. 262 civilian technicians, 37 converted Full-Time Military, and 4 Additive Full-Time Military are employed in the Army National Guard. In the Air Guard 244 civilian technicians and 5 on Active Duty are employed, all paid from Federal funds.

# PART II. MISSION OF THE US PROPERTY AND FISCAL OFFICER

The mission of the USPFO for New Mexico is to equip, supply and maintain the authorized National Guard units of the State of New Mexico in behalf of the Federal Government. The USPFO receives and accounts for all funds and property for the United States in the possession of the National Guard of this State and ensures that Federal funds are obligated and expended in conformance with applicable statutes and regulations and that Federal property provided the National Guard is maintained and utilized in accordance with applicable Department of the Army or Air Force directives as implemented by the Chief, National Guard Bureau. He manages the Federal logistic support system for the State, and upon the mobilization of a supported unit provides that support necessary for the transition of the mobilized entity to active duty status.

To accomplish this mission, the Office of the USPFO is divided into several divisions and subordinate branches. Branch chiefs are responsible for functions of their branch and receive direct supervision from division heads who are in turn responsible to the USPFO for overall operation of their divisions. These divisions and subordinate branches are as follows:

## Administrative Division

## Data Processing Division

Autodin (Automatic Digital Network) (Interim Remote Terminal)

#### Comptroller Section

Budget Branch Civilian Pay Branch Fiscal Accounting Branch Military Pay Branch

## Examination Division

## Logistics Division

Stock Control Branch Warehouse Branch Transportation Branch

# Purchasing and Contracting Division

Annual General Inspections were conducted by the Inspector General Section, Sixth U. S. Army in FY 1978, FY 1979 and FY 1980. As a result of these inspections, it was determined that the mission of the USPFO was being performed in an efficient and effective manner.

## PART III. ORGANIZATION

## Administrative Division

This office coordinates activities of all divisions of USPFO, and has the responsibility for developing and publishing regulations, procedures and instructions applicable to all divisions and to all units of the New Mexico National Guard. The Administrative Division also maintains control of all reports required by higher headquarters to ensure accurate and timely submission.

Communication Center IRT (Interim Remote Terminal) AUTODIN (Automatic Digital Network)

The Communication Center is staffed with one technician. Equipment in use is the Mohawk Data Science 2400 series. It functions as a Communication Terminal interfaced with the Automatic Multimedia Exchange (AMME). AMME is a message processing system that provides worldwide communication by connection to the AUTODIN SWITCHING CENTERS.

- a. MISSION. Receipt, transmit and delivery of unclassified messages, narrative and data.
- b. OBJECTIVES. Transmission and delivery of high precedence messages will be accomplished immediately.
- c. ACCOMPLISHMENTS. The center transmits an average of 25 messages per month. 1% are immediate; 64% priority, and 35% routine. Messages received approximate 971. Of these, 1% are immediate; 16% are priority, and 83% are routine.

## Data Processing Center

The Data Processing Center is staffed with five technicians and performs all data processing for the Office of Military Affairs, using magentic tape system. A Burrough's Model 1955-1 mini-Computer is scheduled to be installed in April 1981. The "Mini" with its attached remote terminals will make direct data entry and data retrieval possible.

## Comptroller Division

The Comptroller Division is composed of the following branches under the supervision of the Financial Manager.

Comptroller Division
One Financial Manager

Budget Branch
One Budget Officer

Pay Branch
One Chief of Pay
Two Civilian Pay Clerks
Two Military Pay Clerks

Fiscal Accounting Branch
One Finance Specialist
Two Fiscal Clerks
One Clerk Typist

The financial Manager is responsible for the operation of the division. He supervises through subordinate supervisors the work of all technicians in the division: Budget, National Guard technician civilian and military pay, fiscal accounting and travel (military and civilian).

The Comptroller Division, through its Fiscal Accounting Branch, administered the following number of accounts:

	Fiscal Accounting Code (FAC)	Subsidiary Accounting Code (SAC)	Total
2102060,2102065	41	76	117
2102085	2	-0-	2
2192060,2192065	39	102	141
2192085	3	-0-	3
			263

Listed below are expenditures for Pay and Allowances and salaries by location in New Mexico during Fiscal Year 1979 and 1980

Fiscal Year 1979

	Annual	Armory	Civilian Technician	Total
Location	Training	Training	Salaries	Paid
Alamogordo	41,166	88,230	31,123	160,519
Albuquerque		556,623	450,677	1,231,571
Artesia	22,332	48,645	10,917	81,894
Belen	38,648	97,648	16,205	152,501
Carlsbad	43,342	87,486	25,555	156,383
Clayton	17,594	42,216	13,508	73,318
Clovis	29,764	74,011	12,550	116,325
Deming	30,916	66,960	162,677	260,553
Espanola	24,776	59,860	27,573	112-209
Farmington	23,423	53,842	29,267	106,532
Ft Sumner	10,621	25,641	32,855	69,117
Gallup	24,196	49,262	12,710	86,168
Hobbs	22,408	42,587	16,352	81,347
Las Cruces	112,606	308,209	730,601	1,151,416
Las Vegas	30,302	81,268	35,334	146,904
Lordsburg	24,612	70,569	15,613	110,794
Lovington	25,755	70,111	41,755	137,621
Portales	30,710	79,884	15,369	125,963
Raton	23,363	56,133	15,834	96,330
Roswell	110,151	267,675	307,011	684,837
Santa Fe	242,780	608,307	2,358,423	3,309,510
Silver City	20,414	57,236	16,205	93,855
Socorro	32,731	92,189	12,500	137,420
Springer	23,173	57,376	16,029	96,578
Taos	19,124	50,318	15,368	84,810
T or C	17,190	51,363	16,029	84,592
Tucumcari	54,070	138,405	286,376	478,851
Totals	\$1,320,438	\$3,283,064	\$4,724,416	\$9,327,918

Fiscal Year 1980

Location	Annual Training	Armory Training	Civilian Technician Salaries	Total Paid
Alamogordo	43,389	158,140	31,386	214,915
Albuquerque	223,205	491,180	436,327	1,150,712
Artesia	21,641	84,420	-0-	106,061
Belen	42,947	147,806	17,138	207,891
Carlsbad	40,418	120,950	16,274	177,642
Clayton	20,289	80,250	14,502	115,041
Clovis	32,884	114,942	13,726	161,552
Deming	35,667	98,802	155,797	290,266
Espanola	26,165	76,954	15,102	118,221
Farmington	24,454	60,200	32,374	117,028
Ft Sumner	8,942	22,126	35,837	66,905
Gallup	23,848	70,624	13,886	108,358
Hobbs	26,463	74,972	32,825	134,260
Las Cruces	133,490	393,866	760,543	1,287,899
Las Vegas	33,824	87,868	11,450	133,142
Lordsburg	29,429	98,876	16,714	145,019
Lovington	25,729	94,664	16,274	137,667
Portales	35,162	129,472	16,274	180,908
Raton	23,820	81,680	17,138	122,638
Roswell	126,296	494,026	274,574	793,896
Santa Fe	274,290	790,890	2,471,986	3,537,166
Silver City	25,787	79,194	17,138	122,119
Socorro	41,669	124,596	13,673	179,938
Springer	24,853	80,378	17,138	122,369
Taos	20,055	78,788	16,274	114,937
T or C	19,726	82,788	17,138	119,652
Tucumcari	53,974	181,736	303,452	539,162
Totals	\$1,439,416	\$4,299,008	\$4,766,940	\$10,505,364

The following appropriations were authorized for use by the New Mexico Army National Guard for which this division is administratively responsible:

	FY 1979	FY 1980
Army National Guard Personnel Operations & Maintenance,	2192060	2102060
Army National Guard Military Construction,	2192065	2102065
Army National Guard	2192085	2108500

The following amounts were allotted during the reported Fiscal Years:

## Fiscal Year 1979

Total

2192065	National Guard Personnel, Operations & Maintenance, Construction		2,706,700 7,210,000 737,435
Tota	1		10,654,135
Fisc	al Year 1980		
2102065	National Guard Personnel, Operations & Maintenance, Construction	Army Army Nat'l Guard	3,253,000 7,453,600 92,041

National Guard Personnel, Army increase in allotment was 2.01 percent from FY 79 to FY 80.

10,798,641

Operations and Maintenance, Army National Guard increase in allotment was 3.57 percent from FY 79 to FY 80.

## Federal Expenditures, Army National Guard, FY 1980:

Project	Expenditures	Percent of Budget
National Guard Personnel		
Annual Training Pay (P3111/12/18/19)	1,936,764	59.5
Clothing (P3116 & 3122)	324,565	9.9
Subsistence (3117)	200,206	6.1
Schools	313,958	9.6
Special Training (P3140)	328,373	10.9

Ex	penditures	Percent of Budget
Medical Pay (Injured Persons-P3150) Travel Pay for AFTM, CTFM and FTRF (Over	93,786	2.8
179 Days) (P3158/59)	51,790	1.5
Total Expended	3,249,442	
Operations & Maintenance, Army National	Guard	
Technician Salaries (P3711/31/43) Minor Construction, Maintenance,	5,417,974	66.6
	242,850	3.2
Utilities (P3717/39)	242,030	
Civil Service Schools (P3715)	1,010	.1
Technician TDY Travel (P3732/44)	92,843	. 9
Equipment (3733)	285,506	
Repair Parts (P3734)	536,881	7.2
Petroleum Products (P3735)	471,101	
Transportation of Things (P3736)	33,163	
Communications (P3737)	49,712	.6
Administrative Supplies/Services (P3738	103,369	
	103,307	4.5
Miscellaneous & Inactive Duty Training/	66 361	0
Active Training Costs (P3712/14)	66,364	. 8
Medical Costs (Physicals-P3750)	61,832	
DPC Expenses (P3742)	33,960	. 4
Misc. Recruiting expenses (P3747)	25,488	. 3
Military Support to Civil Authorities		
(P3744)	7,195	.09
Total Expended	7,429,248	
Federal Expenditures, Army National Guar	d, FY 1979	
Annual Training Pay (P3111/12/18/19)	1,413,712*	52 1
Clothing (P3116 P3122)	241,386	8.9
Subsistence (P3117)	178,125	6.5
Schools (P3130)	306,517	11.3
Special Training (P3140)	230,244	8.5
Medical Pay (Injured Persons) (P3150) Travel Pay for AFTM, CTFM and FTRF	40,855	1.5
(P3159)	30,459	1.1
Total Expended	2,441,298	

<sup>\*</sup>Pay/Allowances and Travel

Project	penditures	Percent of Budget
Operations & Maintenance, Army National	Guard	
Technician Salaries (P3711/31/43) Repair, Maintenance, Utilities	5,449,879	75.5
(P3717/39)	235,967	3.2
Civil Service Schools (P3715)	4,181	.5
Technician TDY Travel (P3732)	122,618	1.7
Equipment (P3733)	312,389	
Repair Parts (P3734)	464,189	6.4
Petroleum Products (P3735	244,988	3.3
Transportation of Things (P3736)	71,018	. 9
Communications (P3737)	37,300	. 8
Administrative Supplies/Services (P3738)	97,590	1.5
Miscellaneous & Inactive Duty Training/		
Active Training Costs (P3712/14	64,942	. 9
Medical Costs (Physicals-P3750)	24,991	. 3
DPC Expenses (P3742)	32,607	. 4
Misc. Recruiting Expenses (P3747)	25,060	.3
Military Support to Civil Authorities		
(P3744)	4,030	.05
Total Expended	7,191,749	

## Examination Division

The Examination Division is responsible for conducting examinations, inspections and inventories of Army National Guard property accounts on an annual basis or upon change of property book officers. These examinations are conducted at each unit and activity. Additionally, this division performs internal reviews of each division and branch of USPFO, including the activities of the Chief of Supply and Services, Air National Guard.

The organization of this division consists of a Supervisory Examiner and four Examiners.

The number of accounts examined, internal reviews performed and miles traveled during period indicated were as follows:

Fiscal Yr	Number of Accounts	Internal Reviews	Miles Traveled
1979	31	13	16,800
1980	32	5	18,900

### Logistics Division

The Logistics Division is staffed with 19 technicians as authorized by National Guard Bureau manning document. This division is responsible for management of all activities concerning supply, storage, issue, transportation and other related matters. Through this division the USPFO supports 40 units and 26 activities in the State. The Logistics Division consists of the following branches:

Stock Control Branch Warehouse Branch Transportation Branch

### Stock Control Branch

The Stock Control Branch is staffed with six technicians and maintains the necessary records for the control, receipt, issue and storage of supplies and equipment. Accounting functions include: Transaction processing, fringe issues, requisitioning, excessing and equipment status reporting. Stock records are maintained on 4100 separate line items.

## Warehouse Branch

The Warehouse Branch receives, stores, maintains and issues all property for New Mexico Army National Guard units and activities. Nine technicians are assigned and the branch is divided into the following sections:

Warehouse Section
Self-Service Supply Center (SSSC)
Service Stock Distribution
Direct Exchange (DX)
Summary Accounting for Low Dollar Turn-Over Items (SALTI)

### Transportation Branch

The Transportation Branch consists of a traffic manager who plans for and directs the movement of personnel, material, and supplies by commercial means.

#### Statistical Data for Logistics Division

	FY 1979	FY 1980
Average Daily Supply Actions (2 Yr Period)	705	725
Total Value of Warehouse Stock (29Jun80)	\$900,000	\$1,066,200
Govt Bills of Lading Issued	270	285

# Statistical Data for Logistics Division, Cont'd

	FY 1979	FY 1980
Cost of Govt Bills of Lading	\$101,840	\$114,790
Total Tonnage Shipped by GBL	2,100	2,180
Materiel Received on GBL's	(Tons) 560	(Tons) 590
Transportation Requests Issued	760	
Cost of Transportation Requests		820
	\$235,263	\$262,830
Meal Tickets Issued	205	215
Cost of Meal Tickets Issued	\$ 4,290	\$ 5,650
Total Number of GBL's Incoming	910	925
MAC Transportation Authorization Issued Cost of MAC Transportation Authorization	7	8
Cost	\$ 30,180	\$ 42,680
Total Number of Ducuments Processed:		
Warehouse Stock Items	36,200	37,050
Nonstock Items	14,000	14,800
SALTI	4,100	4,050
Service Stock	8,500	8,500
Property Disposal	2,300	2,450
The state of the s	2,300	4,300

# General Comments on Logistics Division Operations

During the past year, policies and programs instituted for improved logistics management have been continued. We continue to provide a high percentage of demand accommodation through intensive management of Authorized Stoackage List, Summary Accounting for Low Dollar Turn-Over Items, Self-Service Supply Center and Service Stock procedures.

Wheel vehicle authorizations approved by the Department of the Army Wheel Study Group (WSG) have been implemented. Redistribution of wheel vehicle assets, within the State, to conform with State Log Sequence Numbers have been accomplished.

All nonstock items and major end items are shipped directly from national supply depots to using organizations/activities. This provides for increased savings in transportation costs and eliminates double handling of materials.

As a result of the national energy crisis, a fuel conservation program has been in effect since December 1973. Fuel conservation policy based on National Guard Bureau allocations, calls for energy savings without degredation of unit readiness. Program objectives are being met; in most cases savings

by units and activities surpass expectations. The Chief, National Guard Bureau, has expressed appreciation for the "splended energy management practices" in New Mexico.

## Purchasing and Contracting Division

The Purchasing and Contracting Division is composed of:

One Procurement Officer
One Procurement Agent
One Purchasing Agent

The Purchasing and Contracting Division is responsible for the administration of all Federal Contracts. This division also administers the program for the procurement of supplies and services from commercial sources.

During Fiscal Years 1979 and 1980 the Purchasing and Contracting Division recorded the following transactions:

FY 1979 3,000 (\$485,862) FY 1980 2,982 (\$693,657)

During Fiscal Years 1979 and 1980 the following contracts (both Army National Guard and Air National Guard) were awarded:

FY 1979 17 FY 1980 17

Construction projects for these periods amounted to:

FY 1979 \$2,798,679 FY 1980 \$820,313

# Operations, Maintenance and Repair of New Mexico Army National Guard Facilities Contracts were:

	FY 1979	FY 1980
Federal Share (75%) State Share (25%)	\$131,800 43,000	\$ 96,000 32,000
Total	\$174,800	\$128,000

Operating and maintaining State Controlled Training Site Facilities:

Federal (100%) \$ 96,900 \$ 98,500

Federal-State Communications Contract

Federal (100%) \$ 46,800 \$ 48,000

# FACILITY MANAGEMENT OFFICE

- I. FUNCTIONS OF FACILITY MANAGEMENT SECTION
- II. MAJOR AND MINOR CONSTRUCTION
- III. MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR

## PART I. FUNCTIONS OF FACILITIES MANAGEMENT SECTION

The Section is responsible for plans, programs and execution of maintenance, repair, modification, and new construction of all State owned and Federally supported Army National Guard facilities, which in addition to headquarters complex, include:

- 28 Armories
  - 9 Motor Vehicle Storage Buildings
  - 2 Support Maintenance Shops
  - 1 Aviation Maintenance Facility
  - l Field Training Site w/18 buildings l Annual Training Site w/7 latrines

  - 5 Organizational Maintenance Shops
- Determines maintenance, repair, modification, and new construction requirements for all State owned or Federally supported Army National Guard Facilities. Establishes short and long range maintenance and construction programs.
- 2. Approves requests for immediate needs in maintenance and repair.
- 3. Drafts plans and writes specifications for projects not contracted for architectural services.
- 4. Prepares contracts, requisitions and invitations to bid for modifications, improvements, and new construction.
- 5. Prepares proposals to National Guard Bureau for approval and funding of modification, major repair and new construction for Federally supported and Federally participated facilities.
- 6. Prepares proposals for presentation to State Legislature for approval and funding.
- 7. Gives contracted architects preliminary guidance and regulatory criteria established by the National Guard Bureau for construction or modification of facilities. architect's plans for compliance with National Guard Bureau criteria.
- 8. Inspects construction and repairs for acceptance by the State and Government. Inspects major construction for compliance and acceptance for the Government.
- Assists in securing real estate for new construction, land and permits for field training sites and rifle ranges.

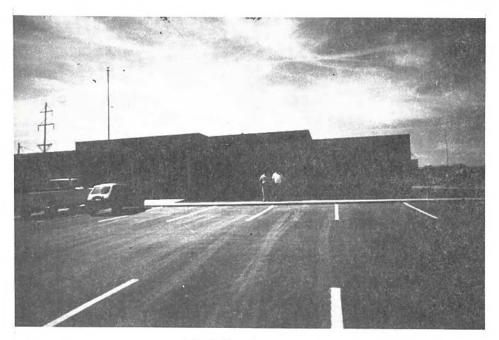
- 10. Prepares Environmental Impact Statements for construction and field training sites as required.
- 11. Prepares State-Federal service contract and Training Site contracts. Administers maintenance and construction portions of contracts.

#### PART II. MAJOR AND MINOR CONSTRUCTION

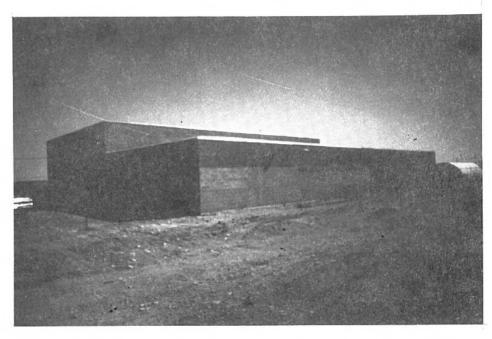
Following are listed major and minor construction projects accomplished by Fiscal Year at National Guard Facilities. The source of funds of the projects are indicated. Some projects are Federally participated with the Federal Government providing 75% of the funds and the State providing 25% of the funds. Other projects for facilities with a basic purpose of maintaining government equipment or used for field training sites are 100% Federally supported. Other projects for modification or construction for major repair at armories must be State funded.

### Major and Minor Construction Completed - FY 79

PROJECT	FUND SOURCE	COST
Constructed New Armory	State/Federal	\$504,177.
Training Site - Replace boiler in Bldg 1803, Re- roof and remodel Bldg 1806	Federal	6,500.
Modification to Rifle Range	Federal	1,000.
Modification to X-Ray Lab	Federal	3,300.
Modifications to Armory 700 Solano Drive	State	6,400.
Install Evaporative Cooler - 800 Bellamah Loop	State	1,000.
Addition to Armory	State	18,000.
Replace Armory Over- head Door	State	3,800.
	Constructed New Armory  Training Site - Replace boiler in Bldg 1803, Re- roof and remodel Bldg 1806  Modification to Rifle Range  Modification to X-Ray Lab  Modifications to Armory 700 Solano Drive  Install Evaporative Cooler - 800 Bellamah Loop  Addition to Armory  Replace Armory Over-	Constructed New Armory State/Federal  Training Site - Replace boiler in Bldg 1803, Reroof and remodel Bldg 1806  Modification to Rifle Federal  Modification to X-Ray Federal  Lab  Modifications to Armory State  700 Solano Drive  Install Evaporative Cooler - 800 Bellamah Loop  Addition to Armory State  Replace Armory Over- State



Carlsbad Armory



Springer Armory Under Construction

LOCATION	PROJECT	FUND SOURCE	COST
Gallup	Renovation and Modifica- tions to Heating System	State	38,000.
Espanola	Renovation of Armory and Add Security Fence	State	24,000.
Dona Ana	Add Electric Service to Welding Bay of Mobilization and Training Equipment Site	Federal g	3,200.
Various	Modify Intrusion Detection System at 16 Armories	Federal	20,000.
Raton	Renovate Armory	State	29,000.
Clovis	Renovate Armory	State	53,000.
Tucumcari	Renovate Armory	State	28,000.
Carlsbad	Replace OH Door and Patch Roof	State	3,300.
Springer	Renovate Armory	State	24,000.
Lordsburg	Renovate Armory	State	28,000.
Farmington	Renovate Armory	State	17,000.
Socorro	Renovate Armory	State	26,000.
Silver City	Renovate Armory	State	14,000.
Santa Fe	Addition to Armory	State	56,000.
	Repair Parking Lot	State	15,000.
	Combined Support Maintenance Shop - Add Door and Stairway, Add Electric Service	Federal/State	3,800.
	Army Aviation Support Facility - Add Culvert and Sign	Federal/State	6,000.

LOCATION	PROJECT	FUND SOURCE	COST
Santa Fe			12,500.
	Headquarters Building Total FY	79	\$920,977.
Major and Mi	nor Construction Completed	1 - FY 80	
LOCATION	PROJECT	FUND SOURCE	COST
Carlsbad	Construct New Armory	Federal/State	\$538,500.
	Reroof and Paint Old Armory	State	10,700.
Springer	New Armory Substantially Complete	Federal/State	427,200.
Dona Ana	Construct RCAT Storage and Maintenance Building at Mobilization and Training Equipment Site	Federal	80,500.
	Engine Test Stand	Federal	2,500.
	Security Fence	Federal	3,100.
Tucumcari	Replace Overhead Door and Personnel Door at OMS #4	Federal/State	2,400.
Deming	Repair Roof at OMS #2	Federal/State	3,400.
Roswell	Training Site - Replace and Modify Heating System in Mess Hall	Federal	2,600.
Belen	Replace Armory Overhead Door	State	2,200.
Santa Fe	Add Three Doors in Army Supply and Kitchen	State	5,000.
	Combined Support Maintenance Shop - Add Swinging Hoist and Ex- haust Hood in Armament Section	Federal _	4,700.
	Total FY	80	\$1,092,800.
	TOTAL FOR FY79-FY 80 PER	IOD	\$2,013,777.

# Major Construction to be Placed Under Contract

The following major construction projects were prepared in FY 80 and will be completed in FY 81:

LOCATION	PROJECT	FUND SOURCE	COST
Las Cruces	Renovation of Armory - 800 Bellamah Loop	State	\$ 69,000.
	Regrade Property 700 Solano Drive	State	10,000.
Portales	Replace Armory Roof	State	25,500.
Artesia	Replace Armory Roof and Gasoline Pump	State	26,000.
Clayton	Replace Armory Roof and Gasoline Pump	State	24,000.
T or C	Renovate Armory	State	42,000.
Taos	Modification to Armory and Installation of Kitchen	State	42,000.
		Total	\$238,900.

#### PART III. MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

Maintenance and repair and operation of certain National Guard facilities for maintenance and storage of Government equipment are maintained under a Federal/State Service Contract with the Federal Government providing 75% of the funds and the State providing 25%. Facilities utilized for field training and equipment are maintained under a Federal/State Training Site Contract with 100% Federal funds.

Mainteannce and repair of armories is a State responsibility with 100% State funds. Expenditures of these funds are shown under the Finance Section of this report.

# Operation, Maintenance, and Repair Expenditures under State/ Federal Contracts:

	FY 79	FY 80
Service Contract	\$175,700.	\$168,000.
Training Site Contrac	t 96,900.	100,500.
Totals	\$272,600.	\$268,500.

Total Contract Expenditures for period: \$541,100.

## STATE MAINTENANCE OFFICE

- I. STATE MAINTENANCE OFFICER
- II. MISSION OF THE STATE MAINTENANCE OFFICER
- III. ORGANIZATION

Combined Support Maintenance Shop Mobilization and Training Equipment Site Organizational Maintenance Shops

IV. INSPECTIONS AND VISITS

## PART I. STATE MAINTENANCE OFFICER

The State Maintenance Officer (SMO) serves as the Director of Maintenance with responsibility for formulation of policy, direction and administration of the maintenance program within the New Mexico Army National Guard. The State Maintenance Officer is a Staff Officer on the Staff of the State Adjutant General. Maintenance significant equipment is widely distributed throughout the State among Army National Guard units. Repair of equipment is accomplished through five Organizational Maintenance Shops, one Combined Support Maintenance Shop and one Mobilization and Training Equipment Site. On board technicians to accomplish these maintenance tasks are as follows:

State Maintenance Office - Santa Fe Organizational Maintenance Shops	4
#1 - Roswell	10
#2 - Deming #3 - Albuquerque	10
#4 - Tucumcari #5 - Santa Fe	10
Combined Support Maintenance Shop #1 - Santa Fe	29
Mobilization and Training Equipment Site #1 - Las Cruces	32
Total Technicians	112

#### PART II. MISSION OF THE STATE MAINTENANCE OFFICER

Under the general direction of the State Adjutant General, the State Maintenance Officer is technically responsible for the establishment and efficient operation of a state-wide maintenance program. The State Maintenance Facility and Support Plan, Adjutant General of New Mexico Regulation Number 750-1, is the established maintenance doctrine. Information and instructions of a technical nature not covered in the aforementioned plan are disseminated in the form of Adjutant General of New Mexico Maintenance Information Letters.

During the reporting period, the State Maintenance Officer accomplished or participated in various projects which evolved in mission accomplishment. Some of the projects are as follows:

Performed annual Command Maintenance Evaluation Team (COMET) visits to all units of the New Mexico Army National Guard; accomplished semi-annual inspections of the five Organizational Maintenance Shops; and performed several staff visits to the Combined Support Maintenance Shop and the Mobilization and Training Equipment Site. Worked with the Technicial Personnel Officer on authorization and distribution of maintenance technicians. Supported the United States Property and Fiscal Officer on the receipt of new equipment and redistribution and storage of assets, and recommended parts load lists for repair parts for New Mexico Army National Guard units. Process of equipment for shipment to Europe for POMCUS (Prepositioned Organizational Materiel Configured in Unit Sets). The State Maintenance Officer attended the State Maintenance Officers' Workshop in Little Rock, Arkansas, and the National Guard Bureau Management Conference in Albuquerque, New Mexico and Denver, Colorado.

The State Maintenance Officer served as President of the State Awards Board, President of the State Safety Council, and President of the State Survey Board.

Annual General Inspection resulted in "Satisfactory" ratings for all Maintenance Activities. (Only ratings of Satisfactory or Unsatisfactory are given). The Organizational Maintenance Shops were commended for outstanding performance. Maintenance overall in the State was commended.

#### PART III. ORGANIZATION

# Combined Support Maintenance Shop.

The Combined Support Maintenance Shop (CSMS) is located in Building Number 3, New Mexico Army National Guard Complex, Santa Fe, New Mexico. The State Maintenance Officer is responsible to the Adjutant General for the efficient organization and operation of the facility. The Combined Support Maintenance Shop Superintendent has direct responsibility for the Combined Support Maintenance Shop and exercises supervision through shop and section foremen over technicians working in a variety of trades and skills at the direct and general support maintenance levels such as Electronics and Physical Calibration, Electronics, Repairmen, Armament Repairmen, Tank Automotive Repairmen, Engineer Equipment Repairmen, Welders, Machinists and similar trades. Normally, all support maintenance of Army National Guard equipment issued to units in the State is accomplished by this facility. Maintenance Standards established by the Department of the Army are adhered to.

The Combined Support Maintenance Shop furnishes contact repair team support to Organizational Maintenance Shops and units, and provides maintenance assistance and inspection teams to units and activities as required and directed. The Combined Support Maintenance Shop also operates an Administrative Motor Transport Subpool and a Controlled Cannibalization Point.

To accomplish the Support Maintenance Mission, the Combined Support Maintenance Shop is composed of 29 technicians broken down into sections as follows: Shop Office - 4; Inspection and Quality Control Section - 4; Automotive Section - 7; Armament Section - 4; Electronic Communication Section - 4; Services Section - 4; Calibration Section - 2. Personnel are trained by virtue of United States Army Services Schools, on-the-job training and civilian experience.

Equipment supported by the Combined Support Maintenance Shop includes: 1156 wheeled vehicles and trailers, 100 combat vehicles, 14 construction and material handling equipment, 411 electric power generating equipment, 4331 small arms, 199 artillery pieces, 830 instruments, 1552 radios and telephones, 10 radar and rawin sets, 3161 chemical items, 1035 small electronic equipment and 1120 items requiring calibration.

During the reporting period, the following items with parts and labor costs as indicated, were processed by the Combined Support Maintenance Shop.

CATEGORY	ITEMS	PARTS	LABOR COST
Automotive & Powered Equipment Armament Communications & Electronic Equip Services Section Rebuild Miscellaneous Projects	738 1881 649 1354 801 268	55,566 15,002 18,945 4,772 38,334 420	408,983 608,143 189,775 289,347 323,927 90,040
TOTAL	5691	\$133,039	\$1,910,215

Miscellaneous projects include Contact Team Travel, Technical Assistance, Travel, COMET and COMET Team Travel.

To further the technical knowledge of technicians, personnel from the Combined Support Maintenance Shop were in attendance at the United States Army Service Schools for a total of 7 weeks during the reporting period.

In addition to attending Army Service Schools, personnel participated in the following Civil Service Commission Schools: Role of Supervisors and Managers in Equal Employment Opportunity, Developing Equal Employment Affirmative Action Plans, Upward Mobility Workshop for Supervisors and Managers, Performance Rating for Managers and Supervisors and several training seminars for the Federal Women's Program. Delivery of over 790,000 gallons of fresh water to the Villages of Canjillon, Cebolla, Madrid, Rio En Medio, Penasco, Des Moines, San Ysidro, Gallinas, Ojo Feliz, Domingo, Ojo Caliente, Maxwell and Roy.

Provided personnel and equipment to move the "Visiting Nursing Service," transported equipment for the County of Santa Fe, transported bulldozers and weasels for snow emergency to Gallinas, transported emergency sanitation equipment to Rio En Medio. Conducted tours of the Combined Support Maintenance Shop facility to 199 boys and girls from various area schools.

Combined Support Maintenance Shop personnel provided maintenance assistance and instruction to units as follows: 26 units; 772 manhours at the units and 144 manhours traveling to and from the units. This included attaining M42Al "Duster" repair parts from Red River Depot.

During this report period, the Combined Support Maintenance Shop personnel donated over 50 quarts of blood to the Albuquerque Blood Bank.

#### Mobilization and Training Equipment Site.

The Mobilization and Training Equipment Site (MATES) is located at Dona Ana Range Camp, Fort Bliss, Texas. The range camp is geographically located in the southern portion of Dona Ana County, New Mexico. The installation is under the supervision of the MATES Superintendent. The State Maintenance Officer is responsible for the efficient organization and operation of the MATES. The mission of this installation is as follows:

- 1. In storage, organizational direct and limited general support maintenance.
- 2. Requisition, stock and issue repair parts to support the MATES.
  - 3. Maintain contributing unit's equipment.

- 4. Maintain the Basic Issue Items, i.e., tools, small arms and sighting devices.
  - 5. Prepare Materiel Readiness Reports.
- 6. Insure all direct support and general support maintenance is recorded.
  - 7. Insure all Army Maintenance forms are prepared.

The MATES is staffed with 32 employees. Five state employees are provided for the maintenance and security of the installation. The employees are broken down into the following sections:

Shop Control Office	1
State Maintenance and Security Augmentation	5*
Administrative Section	3
Armament Repair Section	4
Mechanical Equipment Repair Section	4
Service Section	3
Inspection and Quality Control Section	2
Electronics Repair Section	2
Organizational Maintenance Section	13**

<sup>\*</sup>State Funded

\*\*One employee on Inter-Service Support Agreement to provide Organizational and Support Maintenance for 5 each US Army Gun AA, SP, Twin 40MM, M42Al.

Equipment supported by the MATES includes 118 combat vehicles, 236 Artillery Pieces, 118 machine guns and mounts, 708 fire control instruments, 4 tactical vehicles, 8 commercial vehicles, 478 communication items, 23 miscellaneous items, and approximately 26,000 basic issue items, i.e., tools and allied equipment for the 118 combat vehicles.

During the reporting period, the following items were processed by the Mobilization and Training Equipment Site:

CATEGORY	ITEMS	PARTS COST	LABOR COST
Automotive & Powered			
Equipment	822	\$291,868.98	\$490,139.00
Armament	2358	89,967.35	167,683.00
Communications & Electronic			
Equipment	670	3,291.42	80,811.00
Miscellaneous & Issues	1399	1,488.71	36,283.00
TOTALS	5249	\$386,616.46	\$774,916.00

All of the individuals employed at the installation have been qualified at Army Service Schools or Civil Service Schools. Due to the isolation of this installation, the technician force is not as involved in civic action programs as in the past when the facility was located in Las Cruces. However, some employees are deeply involved in civic organizations.

### Organizational Maintenance Shops.

The mission of the Organizational Maintenance Shops is as follows:

The performance of all organizational maintenance beyond the capabilities of using units; to maintain minimum stock of fast-moving parts and supplies; to furnish a base for the operation of support maintenance contact repair and inspection teams; to furnish contact teams for the performance of organizational maintenance and inspections, when this procedure would be more economical than scheduling equipment to the Combined Support Maintenance Shop.

The five Organizational Shops in operation are:

OMS #1 - Roswell, NM OMS #2 - Deming, NM OMS #3 - Albuquerque, NM OMS #4 - Tucumcari, NM

OMS #5 - Santa Fe, NM

Maintenance technician assignments at Organizational Maintenance Facilities are governed by the density of equipment supported by each facility. Data used by the National Guard Bureau to determine manhour (personnel) requirements is based on national averages into which New Mexico participates. There are currently 47 Organizational Maintenance Technicians on board in the State.

OMS #1, Roswell - 10 OMS #2, Deming - 9 OMS #3, Albuquerque - 10 OMS #4, Tucumcari - 10 OMS #5, Santa Fe - 8

Standing Operating Procedures for these installations are outlined in the State Maintenance Facility and Support Plan, Adjutant General of New Mexico Regulation 750-1, as approved by the Chief, National Guard Bureau.

During the reporting period, the five Organizational Maintenance Shops provided maintenance support for equipment density and parts cost as shown below:

	ITEMS SUPPORTED						
CATEGORY	OMS #1	OMS #2	OMS #3	OMS #4	OMS #5	PARTS	COST
Automotive, Powered Equipment, Trailers	222	250	296	228	194	\$325,	604.
Small Arms, Artillery	1275	1320	1564	1210	822		070.
Communications and Electronics	452	564	610	396	406		574
Engineer, Chemical, Instruments and Optical Equipment	362	432	503	395	127		946.
SUB TOTALS:	2311	2566	2973	2229	1549		340.
TOTAL:		11,	628			\$394,	194.

## PART IV. INSPECTIONS AND VISITS

# Semiannual Inspections of Organizational Maintenance Shops.

The semiannual inspections of Organizational Maintenance shops performed by the State Maintenance Office found the shops operating properly and accomplishing their missions in a professional manner.

#### Command Maintenance Evaluation Team (COMET)

In CY 1977, the State Maintenance Office initiated a numeric grading system to reflect inspection and evaluation of materiel and maintenance management during the Command Maintenance Evaluation Team visit to each unit on an annual basis. An AWARDS system was further developed in the form of AGONM Regulation Number 750-3 to provide for recognition of individual and unit achievement in maintenance efficiency and readiness. Units so recognized in CY 1978 and CY 1979 are as follows:

## CY-78 National Guard Bureau Award for Efficiency in Maintenance

HHB, 111th ADA Bde, Albuquerque, New Mexico

# NMARNG Unit Award for Maintenance Efficiency - GOLD CY-78

UNIT	SCORE
HHB, 111th ADA Bde, Albuquerque, NM	98.96
HHB, 1st Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA, Roswell, NM	98.76
390th Maint Det, Santa Fe, NM	98.41

NMARNG Unit Award for Maintenance Efficienc	y - Silver CY-78
UNIT	SCORE
Btry A, 1st Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Roswell, NM	96.13
Btry C, 1st Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Lovington, NM	97.24
HHB, 3rd Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Albuquerque, NM 87123	96.53
Btry A, 3rd Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Albuquerque, NM	95.74
Btry B, 3rd Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Belen, NM	97.41
Det 1, Btry C, 3rd Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Farmington, NM	95.23
Btry D, 3rd Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Albuquerque, NM	96.40
HHB, 4th Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Tucumcari, NM	97.88
Btry A, 4th Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Raton, NM	97.57
Det 1, Btry B, 4th Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Taos, NM	97.26
Btry C, 4th Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Portales, NM	95.12
HHD, 515th Maint Bn (DS)(GS) Santa Fe, NM	97.12
136th PI Det (Fld Svc) (Team FA) Santa Fe, NM	96.85

# National Guard Bureau Award for Efficiency in Maintenance CY-79

HHB, 1st Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA, Roswell, New Mexico

NMARNG Unit Award for Maintenance Ef	ficiency - GOLD CY-79
UNIT	SCORE
HHB, 1st Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Roswell, NM	99.37
HHD, NMARNG Santa Fe, NM	98.73
HHB, 111th ADA Bde Albuquerque, NM	98.58
NMARNG Unit Award for Maintenance Ef	ficiency - SILVER CY-79
UNIT	SCORE
642nd Maint Co (FWD DIR SPT) Las Cruces, NM	98.46
HHD, 515th Maint Bn (DS)(GS) Santa Fe, NM	98.40
Btry A, 3rd Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Albuquerque, NM	98.15
HHB, 3rd Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Albuquerque, NM	98.09
390th Maint Det (Comm Elect) Santa Fe, NM	98.09
136th PI Det (Fld Svc) (Team FA) Santa Fe, NM	97.66
Btry B, 3rd Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Belen, NM	97.53
HHB, 4th Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Tucumcari, NM	97.47
Btry C, 1st Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Lovington, NM	97.37
HHB, 2nd Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Las Cruces, NM	97.26
744th Med Det (Gen Disp) Albuquerque, NM	97.24

NMARNG Unit Award for Maintenance Efficiency - SILVER CY-79

UNIT	SCORE
3631st Maint Co (Hvy Equip)(GS) Santa Fe, NM	96.81
209th ADA Det (AT)	96.68
200th ADA Det (AT) Ft Sumner, NM	96.53
Det 1, Btry A, 2nd Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Lordsburg, NM	96.45
Btry D, 2nd Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Alamogordo, NM	96.27
Btry B, 4th Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Springer, NM	96.20
Btry B, 2nd Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Deming, NM	96.17
Btry D, 4th Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Clovis, NM	96.13
Det 1, Btry B, 3rd Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Socorro, NM	95.96
Det 1, Btry A, 4th Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Clayton, NM	95.73
Btry C, 2nd Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Artesia, NM	95.69
Btry A, 2nd Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA Silver City, NM	95.43
Btry C, 4th Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA	95.23

This program has proven to be a valuable management tool and continues to increase NMARNG maintenance standards.

# STATE SAFETY OFFICE

- I. MISSION
- II. ORGANIZATION
- III. OBJECTIVES
  - IV. ACCOMPLISHMENTS

#### I. MISSION

The mission of the State Safety Office is to assist, advise and support the Adjutant General in areas of Safety to include the maintenance of the Safety Program for the New Mexico Army National Guard in both Army Ground and Army Air.

#### II. ORGANIZATION

### State Safety Office.

The Safety Office is located in Building Number 3 of the New Mexico Army National Guard Complex in Santa Fe, New Mexico. It is staffed at the present time by one National Guard technician with the title of Safety Specialist in the grade of GS-09. This Safety Specialist also serves as the State Safety Officer.

The Safety Officer serves as direct advisor to the Adjutant General in the maintenance of the Safety Program for the New Mexico Army National Guard and functions as the Safety and Occupational Safety and Health Act Specialist for all elements of the units within the State. He serves as the liaison between the Adjutant General and the ARNG Safety Office at the National Guard Bureau and as liaison with the Risk Management Division of the State of New Mexico. He works under the day-to-day administration supervision of the Command Administrative Officer.

# Aviation Safety Officer.

The State Aviation Safety Officer advises and coordinates with the State Safety Officer on all matters pertaining to the State Aviation Safety Program. His responsibilities are to establish basic policies and procedures for the establishment, supervision and direction of a functional State Aviation Safety Program and for the reporting of accidents, accident experience, and progress of Safety Activities as required. He coordinates the State Aviation Safety Program with all elements of the State Staff. He arranges for procurement and selective use of aviation posters, films, and other safety educational and promotional publications and materials. He supervises and directs State Aviation Safety Training as required. Serves as a member of the State Safety Council and conducts airfield surveys and aviation safety inspections.

### Unit Safety Officers.

Unit Safety Officers are appointed at each unit in the State in accordance with NGR 385-10. These Safety Officers are responsible for establishing plans and procedures for the conduct of the unit Safety Program; supervise and direct special Safety Training as required; conducts Safety Inspections, review operating and training instructions, and initiate action necessary to eliminate inherent or accident-producing hazards. He coordinates with the other Unit Safety Officers and other staff officers to insure maximum cooperation in connection with safety matters of mutual concern.

# Armory and Facility Safety Officers.

These officers establish and coordinate programs that provide accident controls for all operations and activities in the armory or facility and for all New Mexico Army National Guard personnel engaged in training and other activities at the armory or facility. They arrance for procurement and selective use of safety posters, films, and other educational and promotional publications and materials. They coordinate with State and Unit Safety Officers to insure maximum cooperation in matters of mutual concern, and prescribe safety procedures for New Mexico Army National Guard units utilizing the armory or facility.

# State Safety Council.

The State Safety Council is composed of representatives of the various sections and units of the New Mexico Army National Guard. The Safety Council consists of the Council President appointed by the Adjutant General and a member representing the following sections.

Personnel and Administrative Section
Operating and Training Section
The State Safety Officer as member and recorder
The USPFO and Logistic Section
Maintenance Section
Aviation Section
111th ADA Brigade and all attached units
CAC and all attached units
National Federation of Federal Employees

The Safety Council meets once each quarter to discuss various safety problems and progress and review the following:

- 1. The accident experience and allied safety problems of the command or activity.
  - 2. Reports fatal or other serious accidents.
- 3. Employee safety suggestions to improve conditions and increase efficiency.
- 4. Establish staffing recommendations to or through appropriate commanders for action concerning physical or structural alterations required to eliminate or control hazards; changes in policies or Standing Operating Procedures to minimize unsafe acts and make recommendations for educational or promotional efforts designed to create and maintain interest in safety and to promote generally increased accident prevention efforts.

### Safety Goals.

Safety goals of the New Mexico Army National Guard are to:

- 1. Reduce and keep to a minimum, accidential manpower and monetary losses, thus providing more efficient use of resources and advancing the training effectiveness of the New Mexico Army National Guard.
- 2. Provide a safe and healthful environment at all times for all New Mexico Army National Guard personnel and others exposed to National Guard operations.

#### III. OBJECTIVES

The above safety goals are achieved through the following Safety Program objectives:

- 1. Prevention of injury and occupational illness resulting from NMARNG operations. It thus improves employee morale and efficiency and minimizes the cost associated with loss production, compensation payments, sick leave usage, and other related expenses.
- 2. Damage control aims at detecting and eliminating the causes of preventable, inadvertent damage to National Guard property as a result of National Guard operations.
- 3. Accident prevention involves the use of special techniques to detect unsafe behavior and conditions and prevent accidents.

- 4. Compliance with statutory and regulatory requirements uses the special experience of the Safety Staff to ensure consistent, economical compliance with applicable safety requirements of Federal statutes, Army Regulations, National Guard Regulations and New Mexico Army National Guard Regulations.
- 5. Liability limitations involves prompt and precedent action to reduce the likelihood of liability against the New Mexico Army National Guard
- 6. Occupational health involves implementing Army Regulation 40-5 to ensure the physical and mental health of all personnel in cooperation with safety personnel.

# Bi-Annual Mishap Exposure.

The Safety Office was reorganized and re-established on 1 September 1978; therefore, the only accurate records available are those established after that date.

The following statistics are divided into two segments, technician and M/Day personnel. The time period of the listed mishaps was the 1980 Training - Fiscal Year of 1 October 1979 to 30 September 1980.

#### TECHNICIAN MISHAPS AND ESTIMATED COSTS

FACILITY	NO. OF MISHAPS	ESTIMATED COST	NO. PERSONNEL EMPLOYED
CSMS	10	\$1,136.33	29
MATES	5	1,850.00	33
AASF	3	345.00	23
OMS #1	1	75.00	10
OMS #4	3	975.00	10
OMS #5	3	662.00	8
TOTALS	25	\$5,063.33	113

M-DAY PERSONNEL MISHAPS AND ESTIMATED COSTS

UNIT	NO. OF MISHAPS	ESTIMATED COST	
HHD, NMARNG	2	\$ 655.00	
NMARNG Military Academy	6 .	4,297.00	
lllth ADA Bde	2	58,050.00*	
1st Bn (AW)(SP) 200th ADA	9	3.055.00	
2d Bn (AW) (SP) 200th ADA	1	-0-	
3d Bn (AW) (SP) 200th ADA	5	6,141.00	
4th Bn (AW) (SP) 200th ADA	1 5 7	3,100.00	
3631st Maint Co	1	-0-	
720th Trans Co	5	1,552.00	
717th Med Det	6	4,855.00	
State Duty (Per)		382.50	
TOTALS	45	\$82,067.50	
*\$57,000.00 for helicopter	mishap - no	injuries	
GRAND TOTAL: Technician M	ishap	\$ 5,063.33	
M-Day Mishap	s	82,067.50	

There were no catastrophic or fatalities reported during this period. There were no serious Annual Training mishaps, all were minor injuries.

\$87,130.83

#### IV. ACCOMPLISHMENTS

TOTAL

The following items in the safety area has been accomplished during the past year - 1 September 1979 thru 1 October 1980:

Publications Program. A complete publications program was initiated by the new Safety Officer when he came aboard on 1 September 1979. The following has been accomplished in this area:

- 1. An update of all Safety Regulations to co-align them with current Army and National Guard Bureau Regulations.
- 2. Publish a monthly Accident Report to General Miles and other key staff members of reported and recorded accidents during the month.

- 3. Publish a monthly Safety Bulletin distributed to all units and activities. This bulletin contains safety news from both the state and national level plus various safety items on the local level.
- 4. Various letters of instruction were published to supplement both State and National Guard Bureau Regulations. These LOI's consisted of a safety briefing and orientation prior to and during AT-80, Annual Training Safety Briefing Manuscripts, Pre-AT Safety Briefing, Safety during Annual Training 1980 and Antenna Safety.
- 5. Safety memorandums have been published on a broad aspect of safety which is specific in nature and not contained in other publications.

Poster Program. A Safety Poster Program was initiated. These posters are obtained from the Multi-Media Group of NGB, the Army Safety Center, the National Safety Council and some produced locally here at the Safety Office. These posters are distributed to all units and activities and at least one new poster is distributed each month.

Facility Inspections (OSHA). In accordance with Executive Order 11807 and Code of Federal Regulations Number 29, parts 1960.26 and 1960.2, all facility work places are inspected on an annual basis. This includes all armories, maintenance shops, warehouses, administrative buildings and air facilities belinging to the New Mexico Army National Guard. An Annual Report of these inspections are made to the National Guard Bureau on 5 January each year.

AT-80 "15 Days to Success." The Safety Division of the National Guard Bureau initiated a special emphasis Safety Program for Annual Training 1980. This program was an attempt to make AT-80 the safest year the Guard has had. The program was entitled "AT-80, 15 Days to Success." The program involved brochures, decals, posters, film and video tapes on the safety subjects of: Handling of Duds, Vehicle Safety, Weapons Safety, Hearing Conservation and Personal Safety. This program was considered a success in New Mexico with only 32 minor mishaps reported out of a total of approximately 2800 men attending Annual Training in May, June, July and August.

Awards. The Safety Awards Program has been revived this Fiscal Year. The Safety Office has five different awards available to be presented. These are:

United States Army Certificate of Merit for Safety United States Army Safety Award New Mexico Army National Guard Safety Award New Mexico Army National Guard No Accident Award New Mexico Army National Guard Safety Council Award

To this date, 76 awards have been given. 74 No Accident Awards representing 832 years of No Accidents and two Safety Council Awards. The Awards Program is being well received by all concerned.

Summary. We feel the Safety Office has had a very successful year in the prevention of accidents. New Mexico National Guard is very high on the Nation's list of low accidents reported. We hope to maintain this record and have even less mishaps in the future and become the Nation's Number One No-Accident State.

# ARMY AVIATION

- I. ORGANIZATION
- II. MISSION
- III. OBJECTIVES
- IV. ACCOMPLISHMENTS

### PART I. ORGANIZATION

The Army Aviation program for the New Mexico Army National Guard is directed by the State Aviation Officer for the Adjutant General. The program is composed of the pilots, aviation support personnel and aircraft assigned to Headquarters and Headquarters Detachment, New Mexico Army National Guard; Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 111th Air Defense Artillery Brigade; and the 717th Medical Detachment (Helicopter Ambulance).

All aircraft assigned to the three units are located at the Army Aviation Support Facility at the Santa Fe Municipal Airport. The Army Aviation Support Facility (AASF) provides the support necessary to accomplish individual aviator training and to maintain and control the pool of aircraft. It is manned by twenty-two full-time technicians.

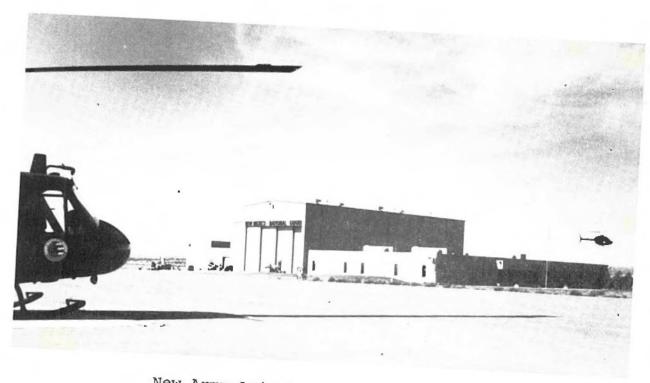
There are twenty-five aviators assigned, of whom seven are dual-qualified in both rotary and fixed wing aircraft. Eighteen aviators are rotary wing qualified only. Aircraft assigned during the reporting period are as follows:

Aircraft	Unit	Speed	Range	Passengers	Litter Patients
6 UH-1H 2 OH-58	717th Med HHB, 111th	90 knots 90 knots	200 250	9	6
2 UH-1H 1 T-42	HHB, 111th HHD, NMARNG	90 knots 180 knots	200 450	9	6

# PART II. MISSION

The mission of the Army Aviation Support Facility in the New Mexico Army National Guard is:

- 1. To maintain centralized control, proper utilization and operation of aviation assets assigned to the New Mexico Army National Guard.
- 2. To schedule, coordinate and supervise individual aviator flight training for aviators assigned to the New Mexico Army National Guard.
- 3. To provide necessary aviation support to augment the capabilities of the New Mexico Army National Guard units to conduct effective tactical training.



New Army Aviation Support Facility Dedicated September - 1978



An NMARNG "Medivac" Huey taking patients from Penitentiary February - 1980

4. To provide administrative and logistical support in disaster and emergency relief operations.

The mission of the three individual units encompass three primary areas:

- 1. To maintain a high level of readiness in the event of mobilization for a national emergency.
- 2. To provide the training and mission support as required by the supported tactical units.
- 3. To provide aviation support to the State of New Mexico in the event of emergency or disaster relief.

### PART III. OBJECTIVES

During this reporting period, emphasis in training objectives for the NMARNG Aviation Program was broadened to include unit mission proficiency, while keeping earlier objectives concerning individual crewmember readiness. The shift to collective training included certain tactical aspects of flying, to include tactical flight under conditions of poor weather and darkness. Most aviators and many enlisted crewmembers received a practical introduction to the use of the Night Vision Goggle (NVG) device. Additionally, the Aviation Program continued to pursue the objective of quicker and more versatile emergency rescue service to the citizens of the State of New Mexico.

#### PART IV. ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Approximately 3300 aircraft hours were flown during this reporting period in support of the program objectives described above. All federal training requirements were accomplished with no major aircraft accidents. More State Active Duty missions were flown than ever before, totalling 260 aircraft hours. This was largely due to the two separate State Penitentiary emergencies and "Operation Mudhole II," a mud/snow emergency in the western portion of the state (similar to the one reported in the 77-78 Biennial Report). Over six dozen emergency patients were transported in the NMARNG's ambulance helicopters during the 43 separate search-and-rescue missions flown.

The Aviation Program enjoyed some long-awaited facility and equipment improvements, when in September 1978, the new

aviation facility was dedicated with approximately 12,000 citizens attending the airshow which was sponsored by the NMARNG as a dedication event. The new facility was completed with \$1.56 million of federal and state funds. The 27,000 square foot building, which is located on the west side of the Santa Fe Airport on 16 acres of leased city property, is considered to be one of the very finest Guard aviation facilities in the country.

# PART I. HUMAN RELATIONS/SOCIAL ACTIONS AND EQUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR ARMY & AIR NATIONAL GUARD

The National Guard has four different and/or specific programs in the Army and Air National Guard. These programs are as follows:

- 1. Social Actions & Equal Opportunity in the Air National Guard.
- 2. Human Relations and Equal Opportunity in the Army National Guard.
- 3. Equal Employment Opportunity in the Federal Government. (Applies to Federal technicians, Army and Air.)
  - 4. State Equal Opportunity Program. (State Employees.)

### PART II. SOCIAL ACTIONS/EQUAL OPPORTUNITY (AIR NATIONAL GUARD)

The Social Actions and Equal Opportunity program is administered under Air National Guard Regulations (ANGR) 30-02 and ANGR 30-12 respectively. These regulations provide that all affairs shall be conducted in a manner that provides equal opportunity and treatment for all members, irrespective of their color, race, religion, national origin, or sex, consistent with requirements for physical capabilities. Detailed instructions are addressed in ANGR 30-2 and ANGR 30-12 to include processing complaints of discrimination.

#### Reports, Inspections, Reviews (Air National Guard).

Reports. Regulations provide for reporting to the Chief, National Guard Bureau, Washington, D. C. through the Adjutant General to assure compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 252; 42 USC 2000d).

Inspections. Annual inspections by the Inspector General or other officers detailed by the Secretary of the Air Force are conducted. Compliance reviews are conducted by the Chief, National Guard Bureau and/or the Office of Human Resources, National Gurad Bureau.

Review. The Adjutant General or an officer detailed by the  $\overline{\mathrm{Adjutant}}$  General reviews subordinate military units to assure that uniform implementation of directives for Equal Opportunity and Social Actions are implemented. The Chief, National Guard Bureau periodically reviews policy, procedure, and implementation.

# PART III. HUMAN RELATIONS/EQUAL OPPORTUNITY (HR/EO) (ARMY NATIONAL GUARD

The HR/EO programs are administered under the provisions of National Guard Regulations (NGR) 600-21 and NGR 600-23. This program, like that of the Air National Guard, assures that the Army National Guard will conduct its affairs free from discrimination and provide equal opportunity and treatment for all members irrespective of color, race, religion, national origin, or sex. The principle of equal opportunity and treatment of military personnel must permeate every organization, function, and activity. Each individual in the chain of command is charged with conducting National Guard affairs in strict compliance with policy. Provisions for processing complaints of discrimination are covered in NGR 600-21 and NGR 600-23.

## Reports, Inspections, Reviews (Army National Guard).

Reports. Each state is required to keep records and submit to the Chief, National Guard Bureau, complete and accurate compliance reports as requested.

Inspections. Annual inspections by the Inspector General or other officers detailed by the Secretary of the Army are conducted. Compliance reviews are conducted by the National Guard Bureau, Washington, D. C.

Reviews. The Adjutant General or an officer designated by the Adjutant General reviews policy, procedure, and implementation of HR/EO programs.

# PART IV. EQUAL OPPORTUNITY IN THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT (TECHNICIANS).

Technicians are employees of the Department of the Army or the Department of the Air Force. These employees (Army and Air) are Federal Technicians under Public Law 90-486 "National Guard Technician Act of 1968." The Office of Personnel Management, National Guard Bureau, and the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission issue directives to implement policy and procedure. The Adjutant General may supplement their directives at State level. Equal oppurtunity directives, to include the complaint process, have been issued.

### PART V. STATE EQUAL OPPORTUNITY PROGRAMS.

This is not the function of the Federal SEEO Officer.

#### PART VI. RESPONSIBILITY

The Chief, National Guard Bureau is designated "Responsible Department Official" by the Secretary of the Army to implement DoD Directive 5500.11 "Nondiscrimination in Federally Assisted Programs" and DoD Instruction 7730.38 "Quarterly Status Report on Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964" (Public Law 88-352). To meet this responsibility, the Chief, National Guard Bureau issued National Guard Regulation (NGR) 600-21 and NGR 600-23 for Army, and Air National Guard Regulations (ANGR) 30-02 and ANGR 30-12. EEO in the Federal Government (technicians) is governed in accordance with directives issued by the Office of Personnel Management, the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, and the National Guard Bureau.

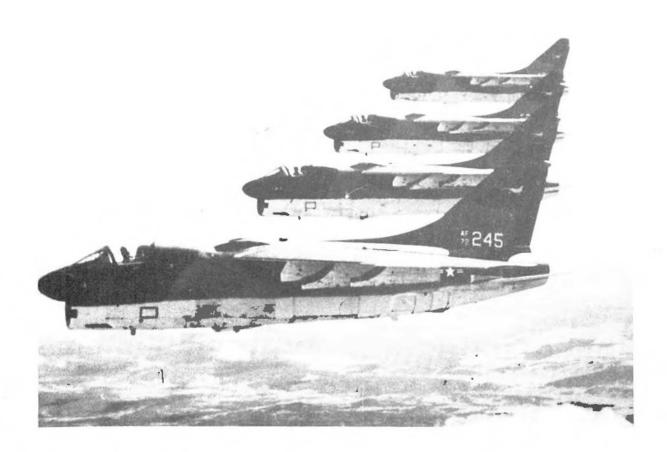
#### NEW MEXICO AIR NATIONAL GUARD

- I. OBJECTIVES AND ORGANIZATION
- II. INSPECTIONS
- III. COMMUNITY RELATIONS
- IV. RECRUITING
- V. CONSOLIDATED BASE PERSONNEL OFFICE
- VI. USPFO, CHIEF OF SUPPLY
- VII. CONSOLIDATED AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE
- VIII. OPERATIONS

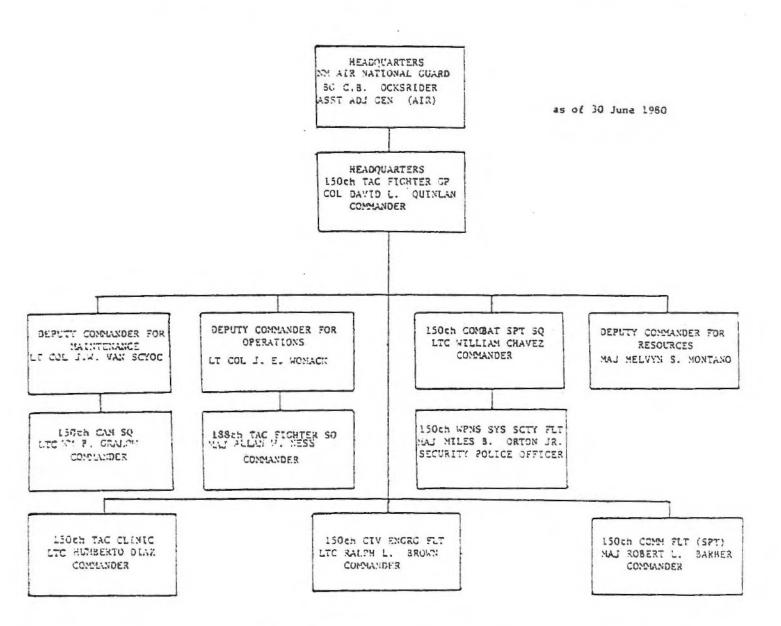
#### PART I. OBJECTIVES AND ORGANIZATION

The objective of the New Mexico Air National Guard is to recruit, equip, and train personnel and units in order to be available for active duty in the United States Air Force in the time of national emergency or at other times when national security may require it.

The New Mexico Air National Guard has been flying the A7D Corsair II under the Tactical Air Command since October 1973. This aircraft with its capacity for carrying many different weapons and with its inflight refueling capability gives the New Mexico Air National Guard a highly desirable weapons system that can be rapidly deployed anywhere in the world on very short notice.



As of 30 June 1980, the New Mexico Air National Guard was authorized 900 officers and airmen. They were divided into the following organizations:



As of 30 June 1980, the New Mexico Air National Guard State Staff consisted of nine officers and eight airmen. The State Staff is commanded by the Assistant Adjutant General for Air, Brigadier General Charles 3. Ocksrider.

# PART II. INSPECTIONS

- 1. GENERAL: Under the authority of AFR 123-1, the Chief of the Inspection Division, Office of the Inspector General, Headquarters Twelfth Air Force, conducted an MEI of the 150th Tactical Fighter Group (ANG), PO Box 551, Albuquerque, NM 87103, during the period 14-18 September 1979. This group is equipped with A-7D aircraft.
- 1. PURPOSE: The purpose of the inspection was to evaluate the management, organization and mission capability of the 150TFG. The inspection also fulfilled the USPFO inspection required by AFR 123-1, paragraph 104(1).
- 3. ORI RESULTS: Excellent, as reported in Headquarters Twelfth Air Force unclassified message 072105Z Nov 1978.

## 4. SUMMARY:

- a. The overall evaluation of the MEI was satisfactory. The unit demonstrated the capability to perform their mission. The commander provided strong leadership to the unit; however, immediate attention was required in supply to immediately correct long-standing deficiencies in management of the munitions account.
  - b. A formal critique was conducted on 18 September 1979.
  - c. Special Inspection Items.
    - (1) TIG Special Interest Items.
      - (a) SII 027, Supply System Security. Satisfactory
- (b) SII 029, Industrial Plant Equipment Shipment deficiencies. Not rated. Industrial plant equipment has not been shipped to this unit.
- (c) SII 030, Control of Excess Air Force Property. Satisfactory.
  - (2) TAC Special Interest Items.
- (a) SII 78-3, Security Awareness (USAF Restricted Area Badge). Satisfactory. Unit personnel properly wore the restricted area badge.
  - (3) Command Interrst Items.

- (a) Military Appearance. Marginal. Overall military appearance required improvement. At least 14 percent of unit personnel did not comply with Air Force dress and appearance standards. Common violations were haircuts out of tolerance, no headgear while out-of-doors, and jackets unfastened.
  - (b) Military Courtesy. Satisfactory.
- (c) Site Appearance. Satisfactory. House-keeping practices needed improvement in several functional areas.
- (d) Weight Control. Unsatisfactory. A lack of centralized control in the weight control program resulted in non-standard and ineffective procedures for identifying overweight persons and documenting progress in weight reduction. Records were incomplete, persons identified as overweight were not notified in writing, and numerous persons were overdue weight checks.

#### d. Elements of Command.

- (1) Social Actions. Satisfactory. A cramped and unsightly office did not permit normal office functions and detracted from the program.
  - (2) Recruiting. Satisfactory.
- (3) Immunization/Physical/Clinical Examination Program. Satisfactory.
- (4) Unit Training Assembly (UTA Participation. Satisfactory.
- (5) FORSTAT/Unit Capability Measurement System (UCMS). Satisfactory.
  - (6) Unit Welfare Fund. Satisfactory.
  - (7) Commander's Information Flow System. Satisfactory
- (8) <u>Safety</u>. Excellent. The chief of safety administered a superior safety program, maximizing use of host base staff resources and expertise. Strong command support, aircrew professionalism and quality maintenance resulted in an excellent flight safety program. Weapons and ground safety were satisfactory.
  - e. Deputy Commander for Operations (DCO), Excellent.

- (1) Leadership and Management. Excellent. Excellent programs were in effect in scheduling, intelligence, and operations plans. Continuing efforts to expand an already large flying operating area resulted in outstanding airspace management.
  - (2) 188th Tactical Fighter Squadron. Satisfactory.
- (a) Leadership and Management. Excellent. Mission evaluations, flying training, and weapons and tactics were superior. However, discrepancies resulting from a manpower shortage and non-compliance with technical data in life support required resolution.
  - f. Deputy Commander for Maintenance (DCM). Satisfactory.
- (1) Leadership and Management. Satisfactory. The DCM provided effective guidance and support to the maintenance complex. However, management of job control, AGE, and munitions storage required attention. Prescribed procedures for the aircraft equipment accountability system were not followed. Periodic munitions inspections required guidance from the DCM.
- (a) Maintenance Control. Marginal. Management of the job control function required attention to ensure maintenance production was effectively utilized. Numerous procedural errors were committed in job control. The lack of following prescribed directives hampered the production effort and resulted in waste of production manhours. Job control did not always assign correct maintenance repair priorities. Job completions were not always monitored. Incorrect aircraft status was reported, and visual display boards were not maintained in a professional manner. Conversely, strong leadership and well managed programs resulted in an excellent rating in materiel control.
- (b) Qaulity Control (QC). Satisfactory. This section provided the DCM with an accurate assessment of the quality of maintenance. Activity inspections were thorough. Deficiency analysis was highly effective in identifying adverse trends. Monthly deficiency analysis reports were in-depth and effective. Maintenance analysis referrals were used to investigate adverse trends. The excellent TODOs training program resulted in virtually no errors in technical order filing or records maintenance.

- (c) Organizational Maintenance Branch (OMB). Satisfactory. Unit mission requirements were professionally supported. Training programs were comprehensive, and personnel in upgrade training were progressing on schedule. Deficiencies were found in aircraft equipment accountability and documentation of aircraft maintenance records.
- (d) Field Maintenance Branch (FMB). Satisfactory. Leadership and management were rated satisfactory; other sections were excellent, except for AGE which was marginal because the tonedown program was not effectively implemented and equipment was not receiving periodic inspections as scheduled. Housekeeping throughout the branch was the best observed to date, and guardsmen were fully utilized in the maintenance effort. With one isolated exception, the composite tool kit program was fully implemented. Recurring training items were not identified for scheduling.
- (e) Avionics Maintenance Branch (AMB). Satisfactory. Strong supervision and a good self-inspection program resulted in a well managed branch. An excellent ground safety program was established. OJT records were virtually error-free. However, aircraft equipment inventory records and accountability procedures were difficient.
- (f) Munitions Maintenance Branch (MMB). Satisfactory. The munitions maintenance branch was providing adequate support to the group. Effective management techniques were evident within the munitions services section. Conversely, serious management deficiencies existed in the munitions maintenance and storage section which resulted in a second repeat deficiency concerning AFTO Forms 15, Airmunitions Serviceability and Location Records.
- g. <u>Deputy Commander for Resources Management (DCR)</u>.
  Satisfactory.
- Although the DCR was only recently assigned, he had implemented programs that resulted in improved facilities, good housekeeping standards, and highly motivated personnel. All functional areas provided adequate support to the unit. However, a serious deficiency existed in supply in the management and control of munitions transactions. As a result, physical losses of munitions could have occurred without discovery. Training deficiencies existed in the comptroller and traffic management offices, which degraded the effectiveness of these functions.

- (2) Resource Plans. Satisfactory. Support agreements were properly maintained and provided sufficient support to accomplish the unit mission. An excellent mobility training program ensured continued proficiency of personnel manning the workcenters. Conversely, the materiel listing was not updated to reflect changes as they occurred, and some mobility weapons were not properly cleaned after use.
- (3) Traffic Management. Marginal. The superintendent did not effectively train and utilize UTA personnel. Unnecessary funds were expended when shipping freight. Directives were not current. Also, pallets were improperly stored and maintained.
- (4) <u>Comptroller</u>. Satisfactory. Procedures were required to ensure travel vouchers for technicians traveling in a military status were checked against time and attendance (T&A) cards. The comptroller did not develop a procedure to monitor the training program. Discrepancies in mobilization processing and roll call roster documentation were noted in accounting and finance. Financial management board meetings were not properly documented, and a resource management training (RMT) program was not implemented.
- (5) <u>Supply</u>. Marginal. The USPFO (Property) was unsatisfactory because he failed to provide the leadership needed to manage the munitions account. All branches of supply were satisfactory except management and procedures (M&P) and materiel management, which were marginal and unsatisfactory respectively. M&P's surveillance visits were not sufficiently indepth to identify serious deficiencies in the accountability, management, and control of munitions supply transactions. The materiel management supervisor's failure to recognize and to correct munitions procedural deficiencies resulted in the unsatisfactory rating. Most branch managers provided good leadership and guidance to their personnel, and supply support to customers was effective and well coordinated.

# h. Combat Support Squadron (CSS). Satisfactory.

(1) Leadership and Management. Satisfactory. Most combat support functions were well managed and reflected command interest and support. Significant improvement was noted in personnel since the previous inspection. However, immediate attention was required to correct problems in disaster preparedness training, ancillary training, security police manning, and weapons system security flight ammunition and equipment.

- (2) Administration. Satisfactory. The chief of administration provided adequate support to offices throughout the unit, except in documentation management. Most functional area documentation managers were not properly trained, and many discrepancies existed in most offices of record.
- (3) Food Service. Satisfactory. The host base provided excellent training for unit food service personnel. However, discrepancies were noted in training documentation.
- (4) <u>Disaster Preparedness</u>. Marginal. Deficiencies in chemical defense training seriously degraded unit capability to operate in a chemical environment. A chemical defense training plan was not developed, and gas mask training was ineffective. However, the disaster preparedness mobility equipment sets were maintained in excellent condition, and the mobility team was knowledgeable and proficient.
  - (5) Base Audio-Visual Services. Satisfactory.
- (6) <u>Base Training</u>. Marginal. Lack of centralized control resulted in significant deficiencies in the management of ancillary training programs. The small arms marksmanship and training unit was satisfactory. However, weapons were not properly maintained.
- (7) <u>Personnel</u>. Satisfactory. Improvements were noted in all areas of the CBPO. Documentation file deficiencies, errors in the processing of personnel actions, and the vacancy of the administrative position resulted in a marginal rating for the administration section. Strong management procedures resulted in an excellent rating for the quality force section. All other functions within the CBPO were satisfactory.
- (8) Security Police. Satisfactory. The weapons system security flight was manned at 54 percent of authorized strength. Problems were identified in the security police armory regarding procedures, ammunition accountability, and equipment. All other functions were satisfactory, and improvements were noted in training. Host base security police support in training and resources protection was noteworthy.

- (9) Civil Engineering. Satisfactory. The civil engineering function was satisfactorily managed. Facility deficiencies were identified, and projects were properly controlled to ensure corrective action was taken. Conversely, building custodian and key control procedures were not developed. Some work control requirements were not accomplished, and status of work requests could not always be determined. The civil engineering flight commander did not always assign appropriate individuals to Prime BEEF positions. Prim BEEF tools and equipment were well maintained and shortages were on order. Immediate action was required to correct safety deficiencies in the carpenter shop.
- (10) <u>Transportation</u>. Satisfactory. Within transportation, leadership and management were marginal because of training deficiencies. The vehicle control program and maintenance ship area were rated excellent. The vehicle fleet was in good condition.

#### i. Major Exercises.

- (1) Aircrew Extraction. Not applicable. Host base responsibility.
- (2) Barrier Reset. Not applicable. Host base responsibility.
- (3) Crash Recovery. Not inspected. Host base responsibility.
- (4) <u>Disaster Preparedness Chemical Exercise</u>. Satisfactory.
- (5) <u>Airborne Emergency and Recovery Exercise</u>. Satisfactory. Both SOF and flight lead provided appropriate and timely guidance to the simulated emergency aircraft.
- j. <u>Host Base Support</u>. Satisfactory. The host base provided all required support except in the area of explosives facility licensing.

#### PART III. COMMUNITY RELATIONS

Appropriate participation by Air National Guard personnel and units in community relations projects is essential to continued acceptance and success of the Air National Guard in the communities throughout New Mexico.

Community relations programs have included such activities as liaison and cooperation with many organizations and associations; participation in public events and official ceremonies; open houses, cooperation with government leaders and community leaders; providing static displays of aircraft and equipment; providing exhibits at the State Fair; shopping centers; support to parades; and support to fund raising events.

More specifically, the Air National Guard supports the following:

Jerry Lewis Muscular Dystrophy Telethon Special Olympics for Muscular Dystrophy New Mexico Blood Services Program Sickle Cell Anemia Association March of Dimes Association New Mexico Junior Miss Contest United Community Fund American Red Cross Janet Vargas Memorial Fund High School ROTC Programs

Provided Aerial Reviews for:

Armed Forces Day Memorial Day Independence Day Veteran's Day Other special occasions

#### PART IV. RECRUITING

The NMANG underwent several manning changes as evidenced by the changing authorized strength levels and with it came the challenge of redirecting recruiting efforts to meet that challenge. A total of 386 individuals were enlisted and 36 were appointed in the NMANG during this period. The minority breakdown of the unit as of 30 June 1980 continues to be very reflective of our area, with 110 females and 435 (377 hispanic, 32 black, 20 native Americans and 6 others) assigned.

During the reporting period, FY 78 through FY 79, the recruiting program for the New Mexico Air National Guard is continuing to recruit qualified, motivated individuals as well as to retain presently qualified airmen and officers. In addition,

with the implementation of a bonus program, stripes for college and for critical career field incentives, the recruiting office is striving to fill all authorized positions. Onl July 1978, the NMANG was 92.8% manned. The unit had an authorized manning 930, with 762 enlisted and 84 officers assigned. As of 30 June 1980, the NMANG was 99.2% manned with an authorized strength of 791 enlisted and 109 officers. This unit finished this reporting period with 771 enlisted and 94 officers on board.

PART V. CONSOLIDATED BASE PERSONNEL OFFICE

ACCESSIONS	1 JUL 79 - 30 JUN 80
Officers Airmen	36 386 422
LOSSES	1 JUL 78 - 30 JUN 80
Officers Airmen	12 <u>384</u> 396

#### AUTH/ASSIGNED PERSONNEL STRENGTH AS OF 38 JUNE 80

	AUTH	ASGD
Officers	109	94
Airmen	791	762
	900	856

OVERALL: 95% ASGD STRENGTH

#### Coronet Cove Exercise

A-7D equipped ANG Wing/Groups have been tasked to deploy four aircraft, pilots, support personnel and equipment to Howard AFB, CZ, to provide Support USAFSO commitments on a rotational basis commencing 3 September 1978. The first execution was from 22 December 1978 through 21 January 1979. Personnel were rotated on Saturday and Sunday of the middle weekend (two weeks). Support personnel were airlifted to and from Howard AFB via ANG C-130 aircraft. The first increment TDY to the Canal Zone consisted of 9 officers and 41 airmen; the second increment was 10 officers and 41 airmen. All mission requirements were met and exceeded. Operation "Coronet Cove" was considered a complete success by the New Mexico Air National Guard, and we look forward to future tasking is support of USAFSO.

Overall assigned strength has remained over 90%, thereby Combat Readiness of the 188th Fighter Squadron remains at C-1.

#### Awards.

The 150th Tactical Fighter Group was awarded the Air Force Outstanding Unit award for exceptionally meritorious achievement from 1 Jan 77 to 27 Sep 77 during its deployment of 150 officers and airmen to Gilze-Rijen AB, the Netherlands. The excellent working relationships with NATO allies is a tribute to all who participated in Exercise Coronet Ante. Authority: S.O. GB-053, DAF, 28 Jan 80.

The award of the Republic of Vietnam Gallantry Cross with Palm for exceptionally meritorious service in support of military operations for the period 6 Jun 68 to 7 Jun 68 was confirmed for the 150th Combat Support Squadron. Authority: S.O. BG-263, DFA, 17 May 79.

The 150th Tactical Fighter Group won the Winston P. Wilson Trophy for 1979. This award is given annually to the most outstanding ANG unit equipped with jet fighter/recce aircraft. Donor: American Fighter Pilots Association.

#### PART VI. USPFO, CHIEF OF SUPPLY

General: This report is for the period of 1 July 1978 through 30 June 1980.

Facilities: The Assistant U. S. Property and Fiscal Officer (Property) operates from building 1056, Kirtland Air Force Base (West). The facilities managed by the Assistant USPFO are: the warehouse area, refueling building, hazardous material storage area, and bulk item open storage area.

Manning: The following is the manning of the Assistant USPFO for Air (Property):

Air Technicians: Authorized - 44
Assigned - 40

Military: Authorized - 10 Officers, 82 Airmen Assigned - 9 Officers, 96 Airmen

Narrative: Since the last Biennial report, support rendered to the A-7D weapons system has continued at a very demanding rate. The supply stockage effectiveness has remained at 85%.

Mission readiness equipment on hand is 99%. The NMCS average rate (Non-Mission Capable Supply) was 3.65 at the end of June 1979 and 6.44 at the end of June 1980. The overall increased supply effectiveness is attributed primarily to the diligent and unselfish individual efforts provided by all Supply Personnel. Comparatively speaking, there are few if any other A-7D organizations who maintain the high degree of supply effectiveness as provided by this organization. This Supply organization has in all instances exceeded the established Air Force standards.

The following data covers the Supply activities from 1 July 1978 through 30 June 1980. In view of the fiscal year change in 1977, the data provided is through the third quarter of FY 80.

SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT	JUN 79	JUN 80
Total Active Item Records as of 30 June (Supplies)	5,534	5,631
Total Active Item Records as of 30 June (Equipment)	1,637	1,624
Dollar Value of Supplies as of 30 June	\$ 5,602,274	\$ 6,938,775
Dollar Value of Equipment as of 30 June	\$ 9,000,175	\$ 10,031,297
Number of Supply Transactions Number of Equipment Transactions Number of Vehicles as of 30 June Average Bench Stock Fill Rate	140,019 12,243 55 97%	56
PURCHASING	JUN 79	JUN 80
Dollar Value of Purchase Orders (local)	95,503	66,204
Dollar Value of Purchase Orders (out of state)	70,410	66,204
Dollar Value of Cash Purchases	4,938	6,428
TRANSPORTATION	JUN 79	JUN 80
Number of Government Bills of Lad (Inbound)	Hing 636	473

TRANSPORTATION, Cont'd	JUN 79	JUN 80
Total Weight, Inbound (This Excludes inbound shipments by Logair, Federal Express, United Parcel Service, and Parcel Post.)	1,394,345	148,026
Number of Government Bills of Lading (Outbound)	159	118
Total Weight (outbound) (These figure do not include shipments by Logair, Federal Express, United Parcel Service, and Parcel Post.)	s 148,026	81,632
Total Government Transportation Requests	248	175

# PART VII. CONSOLIDATED AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE

The 150th Consolidated Aircraft Maintenance Squadron continues to experience extraordinary personnel stability. Lt Colonel William Gralow remains at the helm of the squadron as military Squadron Commander. From the Operation side, the squadron has gained a new air technician Chief of Maintenance in Lt Colonel Jim Van Scyoc. Lt Col Van Scyoc serves as Director of Maintenance in the military structure. Major Jerry Key remains as Function Check Flight Pilot and Quality Control Officer. Major Jack Birosak remains as the Field Maintenance Officer, Captain Ed Whitworth as the Avionics Officer and Captain Bert Gonzales still serves as the Munitions Maintenance Officer. Lt Adrian Baca is our OIC of Organization Maintenance. Major Ralph Fowble, our former Chief of Maintenance, now serves the National Guard Bureau Maintenance Section in the Pentagon in Washington, D. C.

The CAMRON supported 7100 hours of A-7 flying time in FY 80, plus 320 hours of C-131 time. Most of the year the unit possessed 22 aircraft, with one and two aircraft undergoing depot level modification at Tinker AFB in Oklahoma City. Exercises and deployments received a lot of emphasis this past FY. The Panama deployment utilized four A-7's for four weeks. Approximately 100 people supported this exercise. Just prior to Panama, the 150th TFG sent eight aircraft to Wendover, Utah, to participate in the "RDF" Red Flag, held in and near Nellis AFB, NV. This bare-base operation used 90 people every two weeks for two periods. England AFB, LA, also had eight A-7's at Wendover. The Wendover operation

was the first military flying at this base since 1961 -twenty years make a big difference. All the New Mexicans
apparently enjoyed this exercise, and the deviation from
"normal" was quite a challenge. The RDF Red Flag was
classified a rousing success, and also received national
publicity through local and national TV, plus national
newspaper and national news magazine coverage.

The Group also furnished aircraft and people for the Tactical Air Command in support of an F-16 test program at Nellis AFB, NV. All deployments were in addition to our normal flying here at Kirtland AFB and in addition to the Defense Systems Evaluation mission at Ft. Bliss and the White Sands Missile Range.

All branches of the CAMRON have functioned in an excellent manner during the past two years. The Group had an excellent opportunity to demonstrate to the regular Air Force a fine example of teamwork and how to generate aircraft sorties in minimum time under adverse conditions. member of the CAMRON is to be commended for the fine show of spirit, ability to work together and help each other, and generally for exhibiting a very positive "can do" attitude. Every deployment, action, inspection, MEI, ORI or you-name-it depends on people to do the job. The CAMRON's personnel have met this challenge in an outstanding The Avionics people and Weapons sections have fashion. given us highly reliable and accurate aircraft. Organizational Maintenance has produced and maintained sufficient aircraft numbers for us to fly a record year in the A-7. All personnel have contributed immensely to a very successful year.

During the past two years, the CAMRON has lost many good men to the retired ranks. Among those retired are: CMSgt John Sampson, CMSgt M. E. (Jim) Troy, SMSgt Roy Roberson, MSgt Gil Sandoval, MSgt Lee Sandoval, MSgt Donnell Montoya, MSgt Francis Claybough and MSgt Warren Wilson.

#### PART VIII. OPERATIONS

The New Mexico Air National Guard has taken aboard a number of pilots during the past two years. As in the past, the goal of operations has been recruiting highly experienced pilots as evidenced by the fact that the average flying experience of the new pilots, excluding our UPT arrivals, is in excess of 1500 hours. In addition to the experienced



NMANG Maintenance Personnel boarding C-141 for RED FLAG 80-4 Exercise in Wendover, Utah



RED FLAG Rapid Deployment Exercise

pilots, the squadron also welcomed aboard three second lieutenants direct from pilot training and A-7 upgrade. Joining the unit were 2LT Dave Robertson (UPT), Mar 79; Cpt Mike Whitmore (F-105), Apr 79; Capt Dave Bartell (F-105), Apr 79, Capt Rich Reitan (F-4), Jul 79; Capt Rich Baldwin (F-4), Sep 79; Capt Bill Robinson (F-15), Sep 79; Capt Ray Mahalick (F-15), Dec 79, Capt Dennis Collmar (A-7), Mar 80; Capt Mike Chase (A-7), Apr 80; 2Lts Jay Bledsoe and Mark McCausland (UPT), Jun 79; and Capt Dale Mochko (F-104), Jun 80. We also had a change of Air Force Advisor, and welcomed Lt Col R. Medley Gatewood to the unit.

During the past two years, the unit had a significant increase in the number of deployments and exercises supported. Overall, the 150th TFG is one of the most active Guard units in the country. The highlights of our participation in these endeavors follow.

In December 1978, we deployed four A-7s to Howard AFB, Panama, for one month in support of Coronet Cove. This exercise permitted evaluation of deployment capabilities and operation in conjunction with the US Army on Close Air Support missions.

In March 1979, the 150th deployed twelve A-7s to Nellis AFB for Red Flag 79-5. In this month-long deployment, valuable training in complex combat scenarios in simulated high-threat environments was gained.

In August 1979, the 150th participated in Brave Shield 20. We deployed eight A-7s to Fairchild AFB, Washington, and for almost three weeks flew numerous sorties to evaluate the interface of Army and Air Force in a concerted effort in the JCS exercise.

In September 1979, a Management Effectiveness Inspection was conducted, and the unit received an overall rating of "Satisfactory."

During FY 80, the unit participated in two Sea Strike exercises, one on Oct 79, and one in Mar 80, flying numerous sorties with advanced combat scenarios to southern Arizona.

The 150th participated in two Command Post exercises during the past nine months. Five people were sent to Wittering AB, England, in support of Reforger 80 (Feb 80), and in Apr 80, two officers were sent to Ft. Bragg for Exercise Positive Leap.

The unit actively participated in Pave Penny OT&E and MOT&E. Aircraft and pilots were deployed to both Nellis and Peterson Field to evaluate the use of high-energy LASERs for target identification in a high-threat environment.

In June 1980, the unit participated in Red Flag 80-4 at Wendover, Utah. This was the most realistic exercise of the 150th's rapid deployment capability, as well as its ability to turn a bare base into a functioning airfield. Realistic high-threat tactical scenarios highlighted this 4-week deployment of eight A-7s, and saw over half of the squadron pilots benefit from this training.

In July 1980, the unit again participated in Coronet Cove, deploying four aircraft to Howard AFB, Panama, for one month.

The Group and Squadron upper-level supervisory personnel have undergone changes. Taking over as the new Group DO was Lt Col Allan Ness, as Squadron Commander, Major John McCormick, and as Squadron Operations Officer, Major Dee Brecheisen.

During the past year, the Squadron has developed an advanced DACT program in conjunction with the F-15s at Holloman. This program has provided this unit with excellent realistic training, and has added greatly to our overall combat capability and our ability to counter sophisticated air to air threats.



Holloman AFB F-15s on the NMANG Parking Ramp getting ready for Dissimilar Air Combat Tactics against A-7s, New Mexico Air National Guard.

### FINANCE SECTION

- I. REGULAR FUND
- II. STATE ARMORY BOARD

#### PART I. REGULAR FUND

During the reporting period, the Office of Military Affairs processed State Purchase Vouchers to cover the following operating and maintenance costs for the period:

Employee Benefits
Travel
Maintenance and Repairs
Supplies
Contractual Services
Other Operating Costs
Capital Outlay

#### Expenditures:

This section was responsible for the following expenditures for all State Budget and fiscal matters covering appropriate National Guard requirements:

	APPROPRIATIONS	EXPENDITURES	BALANCE
PERSONAL SERVICES:	1,111,516.00	1,103,448.31	8,067.69
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS:	220,308.00	204,812.98	15,495.02
TRAVEL:	131,536.00	123,491.28	8,044.72
MAINTENANCE & REPAIRS:	93,850.00	70,301.35	23,548.65
SUPPLIES:	25,085.00	20,054.58	5,030.42
PROF/CONTRACTUAL SERVICE	ES: 600,231.00	542,922.68	57,308.32
OTHER OPERATING COSTS:	5,590.00	4,775.00	815.00
CAPITAL OUTLAY:	36,933.00	35,391.12	1,541.88
OUT OF STATE TRAVEL:	19,261.00	12,708.97	6,552.03
TOTALS	\$2,244,310.00	2,117,906.27	126,403.73
Prior Year Encumbrances Prior Year Encumbrances			61,010.86 54,119.88
BALANCE			\$11,272.99

#### EMERGENCIES:

During the period, this office had sixty-seven (67) emergencies proclaimed by the Governor. Purpose and appropriations made from the Governor's Emergency Fund to cover the costs are as follows:

PURPOSE AND COUNTIES	GUARDSMEN USED AND TOTAL COST
Medical Evacuation	2 Guardsmen called out
Santa Fe & San Miguel Counties	Total Cost - \$207.68
Search & Rescue	5 Guardsmen called out
Taos County	Total Cost - \$296.56
Water Shortage	8 Guardsmen called out
Santa Fe County	Total Cost - \$963.65
Water Shortage	25 Guardsmen called out
Rio Arriba County	Total Cost - \$6,216.74
Search & Rescue	4 Guardsmen Called out
Taos County	Total Cost - \$190.08
Search & Rescue	4 Guardsmen called out
Eddy, Otero & Chavez Counties	Total Cost - \$420.63
Search & Rescue	7 Guardsmen called out
Taos & Colfax Counties	Total Cost - \$1,349.28
Search & Rescue Santa Fe, San Miguel & Mora Counties	9 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$1,297.26
Water Shortage	l Guardsman called out
Otero County	Total Cost - \$76.77
Flood Catron, Grant & Lincoln Counties	8 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$989.72
Flood	No Guardsmen called out
Sierra County	Total Cost - \$13.00
Flood Valencia & McKinley Counties	14 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$3,904.84
Snow Rio Arriba & Taos Counties	40 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$10,953.02

PURPOSE AND COUNTIES	GUARDSMEN USED AND TOTAL COST
Water Shortage Union County	5 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$1,741.06
Search & Rescue Grant & Catron Counties	No Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$551.02
Snow McKinley, San Juan & Valencia Counties	18 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$5,584.83
Water Shortage Rio Arriba County	3 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$354.79
Water Shortage Rio Arriba County	2 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$155.70
Water Shortage Santa Fe County	5 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$794.05
Water Shortage Santa Fe County	24 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$2,700.64
Water Shortage Sandoval County	24 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$5,857.23
Search & Rescue Sandoval & Santa Fe Counties	4 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$119.08
Search & Rescue San Juan County	3 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$708.38
Water Shortage Dona Ana County	2 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$168.02
Search & Rescue Bernalillo & Valencia Counties	6 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$1,104.00
Flood Taos County	39 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$10,683.21
Water Shortage Sandoval County	6 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$727.33
Water Shortage Mora County	6 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$1,819.48

8 Guardsmen called out

Total Cost - \$765.19

Search & Rescue

Mora & San Miguel Counties

PURPOSE AND COUNTIES	GUARDSMEN USED AND TOTAL COST
Search & Rescue	No Guardsmen called out
Santa Fe County	Total Cost - \$271.01
Water Shortage	13 Guardsmen called out
McKinley County	Total Cost - \$5,167.31
Fire	25 Guardsmen called out
McKinley County	Total Cost - \$3,631.00
Water Shortage	13 Guardsmen called out
Santa Fe County	Total Cost - \$2,336.46
Water Shortage	9 Guardsmen called out
Mora County	Total Cost - \$4,271.33
Search & Rescue	2 Guardsmen called out
Mora & San Miguel Counties	Total Cost - \$189.23
Search & Rescue	3 Guardsmen called out
Santa Fe & Sandoval Counties	Total Cost - \$233.19
Water Shortage	3 Guardsmen called out
Rio Arriba County	Total Cost - \$196.93
Water Shortage	4 Guardsmen called out
Union County	Total Cost - \$384.47
Search & Rescue	4 Guardsmen called out
Mora & San Miguel Counties	Total Cost - \$325.38
Water Shortage	2 Guardsmen called out
Dona Ana County	Total Cost - \$141.35
1274	

Water Shortage Sandoval County

Water Shortage Santa Fe County

Water Shortage Valencia County

Search & Rescue Rio Arriba County

Search & Rescue Rio Arriba County 12 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$1,841.41

9 Guardsmen called out

Total Cost - \$2,181.03

10 Guardsmen called out

Total Cost - \$624.23

3 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$270.76

4 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$217.02

PURPOSE	AND	COUNTIES	

Search & Rescue Rio Arriba County

Search & Rescue Rio Arriba County

Flood Taos County

Water Shortage Sandoval County

Water Shortage Mora County

Water Shortage Rio Arriba, Santa Fe & Taos Counties

Prison Escape Santa Fe County

Search & Rescue Santa Fe County

Search & Rescue Taos County

Search & Rescue Socorro County

Water Shortage Colfax County

Water Shortage Otero County

Water Shortage Harding County

Prison Riot Santa Fe County

#### GUARDSMEN USED AND TOTAL COST

8 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$568.77

4 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$291.47

14 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$4,029.85

47 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$29,868.67

2 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$1,144.32

15 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$2,151.76

34 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$13,810.34

4 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$794.86

4 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$548.58

3 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$1,036.57

4 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$481.20

4 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$805.88

5 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$624.14

1,627 Guardsmen called out Total Cost - \$24,320.00\* (\$1,033,624.84)

<sup>\*</sup>Governor's Emergency Fund, the rest was by special Legislative Appropriation.

#### PURPOSE AND COUNTIES GUARDSMEN USED AND TOTAL COST Search & Rescue 9 Guardsmen called out San Miguel County Total Cost - \$1,273.26 Search & Rescue 16 Guardsmen called out Taos County Total Cost - \$4,512.50 Wind Damage 4 Guardsmen called out Otero County Total Cost - \$385.08 Flood 36 Guardsmen called out McKinley & Valencia Counties Total Cost - \$6,503.91 Water Shortage 3 Guardsmen called out Dona Ana County Total Cost - \$1,444.48 Flood 19 Guardsmen called out Valencia County Total Cost - \$1,541.94 Fire 18 Guardsmen called out

Los Alamos & Rio Arriba Counties Total Cost - \$3,188.92

PART II. STATE ARMORY BOARD

#### Expenditures:

Expenditures for the period covered in this report is as follows:

<u>A</u>	PPROPRIATIONS	EXPENDITURES	BALANCE
PERSONAL SERVICES:	218,923.00	217,033.52	1,889.48
EMPLOYEES BENEFITS:	45,128.00	39,925.44	5,202.56
TRAVEL:	3,425.00	1,423.26	2,001.74
MAINTENANCE:	215,480.00	170,682.45	44,797.55
SUPPLIES:	1,200.00	1,154.56	45.54
PROF/CONTRACTUAL SERVICES:	494,244.00	449,806.85	44,437.15
OUT OF STATE TRAVEL:	1,500.00	458.00	1,042.00
TOTALS	\$979,900.00	880,483.98	99,416.02
	67th FY Encum		39,027.88 34,947.34
	BALANCE		\$25,550.80

#### Revenue:

The revenue for the State ARmory Board to cover the operating period:

CITY	REIMBURSEMENTS	RENTALS	<u>OTHER</u>	SALES	TOTAL
State Armory	У				
Board	375,635.71	615.00	2,958.91		379,209.62
Carlsbad			21,527.05		21,527.05
Clayton		225.00			225.00
Clovis		100.00			100.00
Gallup		270.00			270.00
Las Cruces			3.00		3.00
Lovington		300.00			300.00
Portales		962.80			962.80
Raton		800.00			800.00
Roswell		355.00			355.00
Socorro				6,882.75	6,882.75
Springer		100.00			100.00
Taos		20.00			20.00
TOTALS	\$375,635.71	,747.80	24,448.96	6,882.75	410,755.22

#### Armory Board Members:

Members of the the State Armory Board, as appointed by the Governor are as follows:

Major General Franklin E. Miles, President Captain Gilbert R. Valdez, Secretary-Treasurer Mr. John D. Hillyer, Jr., Member

Members of the various Local Armory Boards are as follows:

#### ALAMOGORDO ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL

CPT Dana E. Carden, Alamogordo, NM, President LT Gilbert C. Aguilar, Alamogordo, NM, Secretary-Treasurer Mr. Aubrey L. Dunn, Alamogordo, NM, Civilian Member SGT Juan Espinoza, Alamogordo, NM, Member Ex-Officio

# ALBUQUERQUE ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL

BG Herbert T. Taylor, Jr, Albuquerque, NM, President COL James G. Culbertso, Albuquerque, NM, Treasurer CPT Tommy V. Hooton, Albuquerque, NM, Member Mr. Edward Valdez, Albuquerque, NM, Civilian Member CW4 William F. Wood, Albuquerque, NM, Member CW4 Elias Gonzales, Albuquerque, NM, Secretary & Recorder

#### ARTESIA ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL

LT Terry Hill, Artesia, NM, President
SSG Charles M. Smith, Artesia, NM, Secretary-Treasurer
Mr. Melvin L. Wise, Artesia, NM, Civilian Member

#### BELEN ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL

CPT Bernardo G. Iorio, Belen, NM, President 2LT Dennis J. Cavalier, Belen, NM, Secretary-Treasurer Mr. Gregorio Sanchez, Belen, NM, Civilian Member

#### CARLSBAD ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL

CPT David B. Brown, Carlsbad, NM, President LLT David M. Herrel, Carlsbad, NM, Secretary-Treasurer PSG Ricky P. Galindo, Carlsbad, NM, Member Ex-Officio Mr. Salvador A. Najar, Carlsbad, NM, Civilian Member

#### CLOVIS ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL

CPT Bill L. Burkett, Clovis, NM, President SFC John R. Montano, Clovis, NM, Secretary-Treasurer Mr. John Hays, Clovis, NM, Civilian Member SFC James C. Tatum, Clovis, NM, Member Ex-Officio

#### DEMING ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL

CPT Joseph L. Torres, Deming, NM, President 2LT John Jacobs, Deming, NM, Secretary-Treasurer Mr. James Harris, Deming, NM, Civilian Member

#### ESPANOLA ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL

2LT Bonifacio I. Vasquez, Espanola, NM, President CW4 John J. Ulibarri, Espanola, NM, Secretary-Treasurer Mr. Roy Homstein, Espanola, NM, Civilian Member

#### FARMINGTON ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL

1LT Richard N. Arnold, Farmington, NM, President SSG Alisteo Montoya, Farmington, NM, Secretary-Treasurer Mr. Charles McYnt, Farmington, NM, Civilian Member

#### FORT SUMNER ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL

2LT Victoria M. Chavez, Ft Sumner, NM, President 2LT Rosa J. Dixon, Ft Sumner, NM, Secretary-Treasurer Mr. Ewell J. Pruitt, Ft Sumner, NM, Civilian Member

#### GALLUP ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL

CPT Thomas W. McGrane, Gallup, NM, President LT Arthur L. Diaz, Gallup, NM, Secretary-Treasurer Mr. Phillip Chavez, Gallup, NM, Civilian Member

#### HOBBS ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL

lLT Peter M. Turner, Hobbs, NM, President
lLT Jack L. Davis, Hobbs, NM, Secretary-Treasurer
Mr. J. W. Neal, Hobbs, NM, Civilian Member

#### LAS CRUCES ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL #1

LTC Miguel Frietze, Jr, Las Cruces, NM, President CPT Francisco J. Estrada, Las Cruces, NM, Secretary-Treasurer Mr. Dorman C. Brookey, Las Cruces, NM, Civilian Member

#### LAS CRUCES ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL #2

CPT Raymer W. Shaw, Las Cruces, NM, President lLT Mary E. Johnston, Las Cruces, NM, Secretary-Treasurer Mr. Dorman C. Brookey, Las Cruces, NM, Civilian Member

#### LAS VEGAS ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL

CPT Jose E. Aragon, Las Vegas, NM, President WOl Gilbert Perea, Las Vegas, NM, Secretary-Treasurer Mr. Raymundo Angel, Jr, Las Vegas, NM, Civilian Member

#### LORDSBURG ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL

LT Victor M. Maestas, Lordsburg, NM, President
2LT George S. Rodriguez, Lordsburg, NM, Secretary-Treasurer
Mr. Jesus J. Estrada, Lordsburg, NM, Civilian Member

#### LOVINGTON ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL

CPT Larry J. Cihacek, Lovington, NM, President 1SG Lewis R. Shoemake, Lovington, NM, Secretary-Treasurer Mr. Erwin M. Meyers, Sr, Lovington, NM, Civilian Member

#### PORTALES ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL

CPT Mark T. Coleman, Portales, NM, President 1LT Patricio Sena, Portales, NM, Secretary-Treasurer Mr. Dewey F. Langston, Portales, NM, Civilian Member SSG J. L. Alexander, Portales, NM, Member Ex-officio

#### RATON ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL

CPT Marvin R. Fleming, Raton, NM, President LT Arthur R. Cruz, Raton, NM, Secretary-Treasurer Mr. Robert E. Stoller, Raton, NM, Civilian Member

#### ROSWELL ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL

LTC Randle S. Easley, Roswell, NM, President CW2 Salvador C. Soto, Roswell, NM, Secretary-Treasurer MAJ Kyle York, Jr, Roswell, NM, Member CPT Daniel V. Gibson, Roswell, NM, Member Mr. Charles H. Coll, Roswell, NM, Civilian Member

#### SANTA FE ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL

COL William E. Fields, Santa Fe, NM, President LTC Crawford O. Green, Santa Fe, NM, Secretary-Treasurer CPT James R. Morgan, Santa Fe, NM, Member Mr. Jake Martinez, Sr, Santa Fe, NM, Civilian Member

#### SILVER CITY ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL

CPT Karl C. Thompson, Silver City, NM, President 2LT Joachim T. Mills, Silver City, NM, Secretary Treasurer Mr. Robert R. Gillespie, Silver City, NM, Civilian Member

#### SOCORRO ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL

CPT Ronald J. Sinclair, Socorro, NM, President 2LT Marvin Huffstuter, Socorro, NM, Secretary-Treasurer Mr. R. L. Hefner, Socorro, NM, Civilian Member

#### SPRINGER ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL

CPT David Gallegos, Springer, NM, Presidwnt 2LT Douglas E. Johnson, Springer, NM, Secretary Treasurer Mr. Daniel W. Caldwell, Springer, NM, Civilian Member Mr. Carl J. Garritson, Springer, NM, Member Ex-Officio

#### TAOS ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL

LT Jose A. Cordova, Taos, NM, President
2LT Santiago G. Tafoya, Taos, NM, Secretary-Treasurer
Dr. Reo J. Benson, Taos, NM, Civilian Member

# TRUTH OR CONSEQUENCES ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL

2LT Stanley A. Bush, T or C, NM, President 2LT Mike S. Laabs, T or C, NM, Secretary-Treasurer Mr. John S. Downs, T or C, NM, Civilian Member

#### TUCUMCARI ARMORY BOARD OF CONTROL

CPT Carlos A. Archibeque, Tucumcari, NM, President CW4 Alvin N. Cawthon, Tucumcari, NM, Secretary-Treasurer Mr. Stanley E. Jennings, Tucumcari, NM, Civilian Member

# Expenditures:

CITY	SALARIES	MAINTENANCE	SUPPLIES	TOTAL
State Armory Board	256,958.96			256,958,96
Alamogordo		1,956,50	329.24	2.285.74
Albuquerque		5,950.13	1.405.97	7,356.10
Artesia		1,155,87	556.77	1.712.64
Belen		2.627.63	212.18	2.839.81
Carlsbad			498.27	498.27
Clayton		460.57	418,80	
Clovis		284.64	254.47	
Deming		1,873.54	960.77	2.834.31
Espanola		2,902.91	170.30	3.073.21
Farmington		876.73	345.51	1,222,24
Ft Sumner		95.74	46.73	142,47
Gallup		321,23	340.46	661,69
Hobbs		258.41	54.00	312,41
Las Cruces		5,830.65	1,074.76	10,222.15
Las Vegas		1,415.79	657.52	2,073,31
Lordsburg		146.22		146,22
Lovington	*)	266.27	165,88	432.15
Portales		1,074.18	932.26	2,006.44
Raton		3,176.28	220.98	3,397.26
Roswell		19,150.07	*	23,048.54
Santa Fe		111,006.44	•	113,703.74
Silver City		744.09	58.05	802.14
Socorro		470.93	234.33	705.26
Springer		166.00	207,24	373.24
Taos		2,841.95	317.41	3,159.36
Truth or Consequences		446.62	509.33	955,95
Tucumcari		2,988.71	505,76	3,494.47
TOTALS	136,283.42	168,488.10	20,389.50	445,836.56

# CIVIL EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS DIVISION

- I. MISSION
- II. ACCOMPLISHMENTS

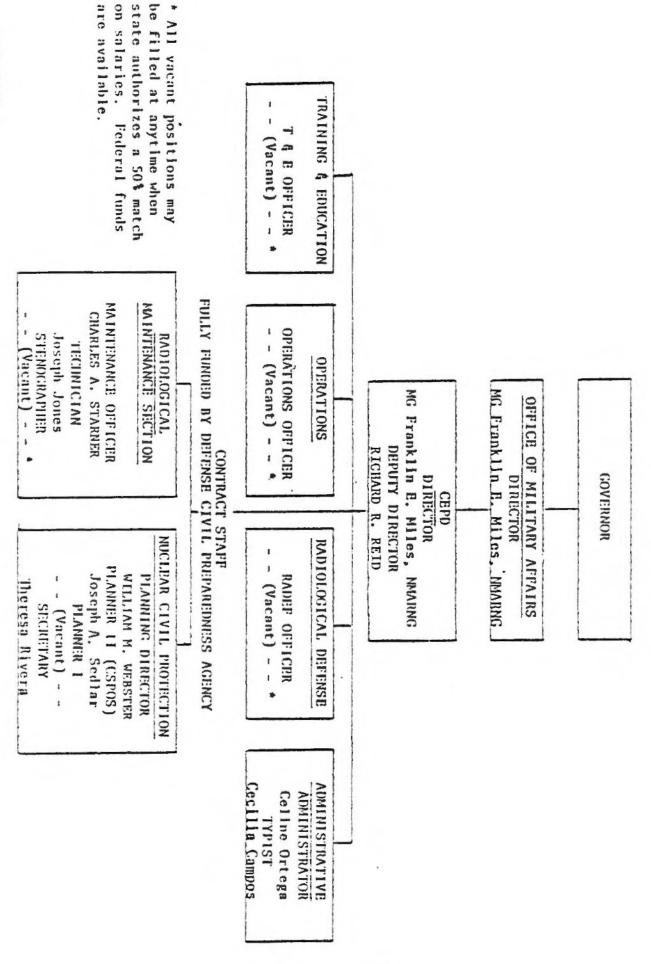
#### PART I. MISSION

The mission and purpose of the Office of Civil Emergency Preparedness is setforth in Chapter 12, Article 10 of the New Mexico State Statutes and the Federal Civil Defense Act of 1950. Presently this office is responsible for two programs, the first being the Nuclear Civil Protection Program (NCP) and second the Radiological Systems Maintenance Program (RSM). The NCP Program has two divisions consisting of Crisis Relocation Planning (CRP) and the Community Shelter Program (CSP). All of the foregoing are 100% Federally funded and employ a total of five persons. By executive direction State responsibility for natural disasters and natural disaster planning and flood mitigation has been assigned to the State Planning Office and the State Engineers Office respectively. Man-made disasters have been assigned to the State Environmental Improvement Agency. Attachment A, attached, depicts the current organization and manning of this office.

# ORGANIZATION CHART

NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF CIVIL EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS

As of 1 July 1980



#### PART II. ACCOMPLISHMENTS

# Nuclear Civil Protection (NCP) Planning Contract.

This program is fully funded under a 100% cost reimbursable contract between the Civil Emergency Preparedness Division and the Defense Civil Preparedness Agency, Region V, Denton, Texas. As of January 1, 1980 this Federal Agency was reorganized and renamed the Federal Emergency Management Agency, Region VI, Denton, Texas.

Until June 1, 1976, the main objective of the contract program was to develop or update the Community Shelter Plans (CSP) in all New Mexico counties for inplace protection in a nuclear war fallout environment. The Corp of Engineers Support Group provided the survey of buildings within the communities as required. As of July 1976, the CSP's had been completed for all New Mexico counties. Since then some updating has been made to the original plans but a complete re-survey in its entirety has only been made in isolated instances. The data is maintained on a computer in Maryland and we obtain a county printout on a semi-annual basis. The survey is now being accomplished by engineers from the Federal Emergency Management Agency, Region VI, Denton, Texas. See Attachment B for county summary.

In 1976, the contract name and concept of words was changed to Nuclear Civil Protection Planning (NCP). Under this broad title, two options or plans for protection of the people in time of nuclear was are being identified.

- 1. The ability to protect the people "in place," Community Shelter Plan (CSP).
- 2. The ability to selectively relocate the "Risk Population" to "Host Counties" during an international crisis and buildup prior to a possible nuclear war, Crisis Relocation Plan (CRP).

The first of these options, providing a plan for duck and cover or "in place" shelter if time is short is a continuation of the CSP Program and is still a part of the contract program. The second is a new concept. If time, in the order of several days is available and the President orders the evacuation of the potential "risk" areas of the United States, then relocation of people to areas for the period of possibly two weeks is now being planned. There are approximately 400 "risk areas" in the United States so designated by the

Department of Defense. Seven of these are in New Mexico. Roswell because of its counter-force potential; Albuquerque, Clovis and Gallup because of their high military value; Las Cruces, Alamogordo and Waterflow because of their urban and industrial potential. Planning in Crisis Relocation Planning (CRP) was initiated nationwide in 1974 and New Mexico started in 1975.

As of June 1980 the State Crisis Relocation Plan has been developed, reviewed and approved by FEMA. It is ready for final printing and distribution to the State agencies assigned responsibilities under the Crisis Relocation Option. The seven "risk areas" interim plans have been developed by contract staff, for all areas except McKinley and Waterflow, the latter will be completed during Fiscal Year 1981. This included a public information newspaper supplement that could be printed and distributed as required. host area" planning consists of twenty-nine counties within the State. Four counties (Luna, Lea, Hidalgo and Grant) will be utilized by the Texas planners as host areas for the evacuation of El Paso and plans should be completed during Fiscal Year 1981. Ten host area plans have been completed by the contract staff by June 1980. An additional eight will be scheduled for completion during Fiscal Year 1981. These host plans when completed and accepted by the local government are printed and distributed in order that local government can continue the necessary planning should relocation be ordered. A host area "Handbook" has been developed and is being printed and distributed to local government along with the host plan. In all this "risk" and "host" planning effort, under this second option of Crisis Relocation, the local government officials do provide considerable assistance in the development and review of data to assist the State Planners. See Attachment B for county summary.

ATTACHMENT B - NCP PLANNING

COUNTY	DATE OF LOCAL EMER OPERATIONAL PLAN	DESIGNATION OF RISK OR HOST COUNTY	DATE OF COMPLETED CSP	DATE OF COMPLETED CRP	SCHEDULED FOR
Bernalillo	1978	Risk	1972	1979	
Catron	1972		1970		Not Used
Chaves	1978	Risk	1968	1977	
Colfax	1970	Host	1976	1980	
Curry	1976	Risk	1969	1977	
De Baca	1973	Host	1970		1981
Dona Ana	1972	Risk	1972	1977	
Eddy	1973	Host	1968	1977	
Grant	1979	Host	1971		1981
Guadalupe	1971	Host	1971	1979	
Harding	1973		1970		Not Used
Hidalgo		Host	1971		1981
Lea	1975	Host	1972		1981
Lincoln	1971	Host	1970	1979	
Los Alamos	1972	Host	1964		1981
Luna	1978	Host	1973		1981
McKinley	1973	Risk	1978		1982
Mora	1971	Host	1970	1980	
Otero	1974	Risk	1973	1979	
Quay	1974	Host	1968		1981
Rio Arriba	1970	Host	1970		1981
Roosevelt	1970	Host	1969		1981
Sandoval	1972	Host	1969	1980	
San Juan	1975	Risk	1973		1981
San Miguel	1970	Host	1974	1979	
Santa Fe	1975	Host	1968		1981
Sierra	1972	Host	1970		1982
Socorro	1979	Host	1970	1979	
Taos	1970	Host	1970	1980	
Torrance	1973	Host	1970	1979	
Union	1972		1971		Not Used
Valencia	1971	Host	1974		1981

# Radiological Systems Maintenance Accomplishments.

The Radiological Systems Maintenance (RSM) Contract, a fully funded Federal contract, awarded on an annual basis, consists of three primary program areas; Radiological Defense (RADEF) Planning, RADEF Training, and RADEF Instrumentation. The contract employs one Radiological Maintenance Officer and one Radiological Electronics Technician.

Radiological Defense Plans Radiological Defense Planning. were developed and/or updated. Recruitment for Radiological Monitoring Courses, exchange of RADEF instruments/kits and battery issue for all instruments were accomplished in the following counties/municipalities:

Sierra County/T or C De Baca County/Ft Sumner Bernalillo County/Albuquerque San Miguel County/Las Vegas Dona Ana County/Las Cruces-Hatch Curry County/Clovis (Cannon AFB)

Eddy County/Carlsbad-Artesia Rio Arriba County/Espanola-Chama Hidalgo County Catron County

Radiological Defense Training. The following Radiological Monitoring Courses were conducted by Contract Personnel:

AREAS	NO. OF COURSES	NO. OF STUDENTS
Sierra County/T or C	2	17
Los Alamos	2	19
De Baca County/Ft Sumner	2	15
Bernalillo County/Albuquerque	2	18
Curry County/Clovis - Cannon AFB	3	42
Dona Ana County/Las Cruces	3	46
Eddy County/Carlsbad - Artesia	2	10

Two 32 hour Radiological Defense Officer Courses (10 students) and one 24 hour Radiological Defense Instructor's Workshop (6 students) were conducted by RSM contract personnel during this Fiscal Year.

Radiological Defense Instrumentation. Instruments/kits exchanged in the field along with bulk and float stock that were processed by the Maintenance and Calibration Facility resulted in the following instrumentation accomplishments:

No of kits exchanged in the field:	789
No of operational checks and minor	
repairs/adjustments:	5,011
No of major repairs:	147

No. of Retrofits of CD V-715
LF&C's:

No. of Dosimeters Leak Tested:

No. of Wipe Tests on Radioactive
Materials:

No. of Calibrations of High Level
Instruments

1,747

Effective 1 October 1980, a reduction in federal funds resulted in the loss of one contract position (Radiological Maintenance Officer). Contract programs were reduced to approximately one-half of FY80 program goals. Radiological Defense Planning and training progrems will only be assisted and supported. Support will also be given to Nuclear Civil Protection Planning. Performance of Radiological Instrumentation program will continue.

Radiological Defense Planning/Training/Nuclear Civil Protection/
Battery Issue. Assistance in the development and/or updating
of local Radiological Defense Plans, support of Radiological
Defense Training, support of Nuclear Civil Protection Planning,
exchange of Radiological Defense instruments/kits and Battery
issue will be accomplished as indicated, in the following
Counties/Municipalities:

\*\*\*Colfax County/Raton \*San Juan County

\*\*\*Torrance County/Estancia \*Socorro County

\*\*\*Lincoln County/Ruidoso-Carrizozo \*Taos County

\*\*Cunty County

\*\*Otero County/Alamogordo \*Guadalupe County

\*Mora County \*Quay County

\*Valencia County \*Curry County

\*Sandoval County \*Roosevelt County

NOTE: \*\*\*Planning assistance, training support, Nuclear Civil Protection Support, Instrument exchange, and battery issue.

\*\*Planning assistance, training support, instrument exchange, and battery issue.
\*Battery issue only.

Radiological Defense Training. There will be no Radiological Defense Training Courses conducted by RSM Contract personnel. Administrative and instrument support will be available for local and regional instructors.

Radiological Instrumentation. Instruments exchanged in the field along with bulk and float stock will be processed in the Maintenance and Calibration Facility and should result in the following accomplishments:

No.	of kits exchanged in the field:	250
No.	of operational checks & minor	
re	epairs/adjustments:	1,000
No.	of major repairs:	60
No.	of retrofits of CD V-715 LF&C's:	200
No.	of Dosimeters leak tested:	2,000
	of wipe tests on radioactive materials:	36
	of calibrations of high level instruments:	600

#### Personnel and Administration Program (P&A).

This matching program is funded on a 50/50 basis for eligible items and at State level allows the employment of three persons in this office to administer a statewide program. Three persons are not adequate for a cadre, let alone sufficient to properly administer a state-wide program. Additional personnel have been budgeted for in the past but turned down by the legislature. The FY-82 Budget request will again seek additional manning.

During the past two years, this office has coordinated and supported local and county coordinators by:

- Conducting numerous seminars on tornados, flooding, hazardous spills and training matters.
  - 2. Personnel and Administration Management.
  - 3. Mobilization Designee Management (MOBDES).
  - 4. Excess Property Management.
- 5. Coordinated all actions between Region VI, local coordinators and state agencies.

The State Crisis Relocation Plan was finalized, submitted to and approved by Region VI. It is ready for printing and distribution to the necessary state agencies.

Manpower and funds for the P&A program here at the state office are primarilly directed to administering the status quo programs designed to provide service to local governments and for the most part are expected to continue in this direction through FY 82.

#### PART I. VETERANS APPROVAL DIVISION

The Veterans Approval Division for Veterans Training was created by Executive Order, pursuant to instructions contained in the Cold War G.I. Bill. The agency is responsible for approving courses of education and training in the State of New Mexico under the provisions of Chapter 36, Title 38, United States Code, a section of the Public Law which concerns the duties of an approving agency.

A course offered by a school in this State, other than an agency or institution of the Federal Government, must be approved by this state's agency before an eligible veteran, serviceman, war orphan, child or wife of a totally permanent disabled veteran or widow of a veteran who properly enrolls in such a school is entitled to educational benefits under the provisions of the appropriate chapter of Title 38, United States Code.

The approval of a course signifies that the school and the course or courses have met the criteria of the law under which the approval has been granted.

#### PART II. OBJECTIVES

The objectives for the agency were the approval of the following:

- 46 Institutions of Higher Learning
- 51 Schools Not leading to standard college degree
- 13 Flight Schools
- 40 Establishments for Apprenticeship Training
- 108 Establishments for other On-The-Job-Training

#### PART III. ACCOMPLISHMENTS

The accomplishments of the Agency were the training of 5,450 veterans, war orphans and other eligible persons, bringing \$2,299,900 per month into the state.

